

Package ‘ClickHouseHTTP’

May 7, 2026

Type Package

Title A Simple HTTP Database Interface to 'ClickHouse'

Version 0.3.4

Description 'ClickHouse' (<<https://clickhouse.com/>> is an open-source, high performance columnar OLAP (online analytical processing of queries) database management system for real-time analytics using SQL. This 'DBI' backend relies on the 'ClickHouse' HTTP interface and support HTTPS protocol.

URL <https://github.com/patzaw/ClickHouseHTTP>

BugReports <https://github.com/patzaw/ClickHouseHTTP/issues>

Depends R (>= 3.6)

Imports methods, DBI (>= 0.3.0), httr, jsonlite, arrow, data.table

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, dplyr, stringi

License GPL-3

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NeedsCompilation no

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ClickHouseHTTP

Create a ClickHouseHTTP DBI driver

Description

Create a ClickHouseHTTP DBI driver

Usage

ClickHouseHTTP()

Value

A ClickHouseHTTPDriver

See Also

[ClickHouseHTTPDriver](#)

ClickHouseHTTPConnection-class

ClickHouseHTTPConnection class.

Description

ClickHouseHTTPConnection class.

Send SQL query to ClickHouse

Information about the ClickHouse database

List tables in ClickHouse

Does a table exist?

Read database tables as data frames

List field names of a table

Remove a table from the database

Create a table in ClickHouse

Insert rows into a table

Write a table in ClickHouse

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection,character'
dbSendQuery(
  conn,
  statement,
  format = c("Arrow", "TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes"),
  file = NA,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection'
dbGetInfo(dbObj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection'
dbListTables(conn, database = NA, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection,character'
dbExistsTable(conn, name, database = NA, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection,character'
dbReadTable(conn, name, database = NA, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection,character'
dbListFields(conn, name, database = NA, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection,ANY'
dbRemoveTable(conn, name, database = NA, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection'
dbCreateTable(
  conn,
  name,
  database = NA,
  fields,
  engine = "TinyLog",
  overwrite = FALSE,
  ...,
  row.names = NULL,
  temporary = FALSE
)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection'
dbAppendTable(conn, name, database = NA, value, ..., row.names = NULL)

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPConnection,ANY'
dbWriteTable(
  conn,
  name,
```

```

    database = NA,
    value,
    overwrite = FALSE,
    append = FALSE,
    engine = "TinyLog",
    ...
)

```

Arguments

conn	a ClickHouseHTTPConnection object created with <code>dbConnect()</code>
statement	the SQL query statement
format	the format used by ClickHouse to send the results. Two formats are supported: "Arrow" (default) and "TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes"
file	a path to a file to send along the query (default: NA)
...	Other parameters passed on to methods
dbObj	a ClickHouseHTTPConnection object
database	the database to consider. If NA (default), the default database or the one in use in the session (if a session is defined).
name	the name of the table to create
fields	a character vector with the name of the fields and their ClickHouse type (e.g. <code>c("text_col String", "num_col Nullable(Float64)", "nul_col Array(Int32)")</code>)
engine	the ClickHouse table engine as described in ClickHouse documentation . Examples: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "TinyLog" (default) "MergeTree() ORDER BY (expr)" (expr generally correspond to fields separated by ",")
overwrite	if TRUE and if a table with the same name exists, then it is deleted before creating the new one (default: FALSE)
row.names	unsupported parameter (add for compatibility reason)
temporary	unsupported parameter (add for compatibility reason)
value	a data.frame
append	if TRUE, the values are added to the database table if it exists (default: FALSE).

Details

Both format have their pros and cons:

- **Arrow** (default):
 - fast for long tables but slow for wide tables
 - fast with Array columns
 - Date and DateTime columns are returned as UInt16 and UInt32 respectively: by default, ClickHouseHTTP interpret them as Date and POSIXct columns but cannot make the difference with actual UInt16 and UInt32

Examples

```

## Not run:
## Connection ----

library(DBI)
### HTTP connection ----

con <- dbConnect(
  ClickHouseHTTP::ClickHouseHTTP(),
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8123
)

### HTTPS connection (without ssl peer verification) ----

con <- dbConnect(
  ClickHouseHTTP::ClickHouseHTTP(),
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8443,
  https = TRUE,
  ssl_verifypeer = FALSE
)

## Write a table in the database ----

library(dplyr)
data("mtcars")
mtcars <- as_tibble(mtcars, rownames = "car")
dbWriteTable(con, "mtcars", mtcars)

## Query the database ----

carsFromDB <- dbReadTable(con, "mtcars")
dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT car, mpg, cyl, hp FROM mtcars WHERE hp>=110")

## By default, ClickHouseHTTP relies on the
## Apache Arrow format provided by ClickHouse.
## The `format` argument of the `dbGetQuery()` function can be used to
## rely on the *TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes* format.
selCars <- dbGetQuery(
  con,
  "SELECT car, mpg, cyl, hp FROM mtcars WHERE hp>=110",
  format = "TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes"
)
## Identifying the original ClickHouse data types
attr(selCars, "type")

## Using alternative databases stored in ClickHouse ----

dbSendQuery(con, "CREATE DATABASE swiss")
dbSendQuery(con, "USE swiss")

```

```
## The chosen database is used until the session expires.
## It can also be chosen when connecting using the `dbname` argument of
## the `dbConnect()` function.

## The example below shows that spaces in column names are supported.
## It also shows the support of R `list` using the *Array* ClickHouse type.
data("swiss")
swiss <- as_tibble(swiss, rownames = "province")
swiss <- mutate(swiss, "pr letters" = strsplit(province, ""))
dbWriteTable(
  con,
  "swiss",
  swiss,
  engine = "MergeTree() ORDER BY (Fertility, province)"
)
swissFromDB <- dbReadTable(con, "swiss")

## A table from another database can also be accessed as following:
dbReadTable(con, SQL("default.mtcars"))

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
## Connection ----

library(DBI)
### HTTP connection ----

con <- dbConnect(
  ClickHouseHTTP::ClickHouseHTTP(),
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8123
)

### HTTPS connection (without ssl peer verification) ----

con <- dbConnect(
  ClickHouseHTTP::ClickHouseHTTP(),
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8443,
  https = TRUE,
  ssl_verifypeer = FALSE
)

## Write a table in the database ----

library(dplyr)
data("mtcars")
mtcars <- as_tibble(mtcars, rownames = "car")
dbWriteTable(con, "mtcars", mtcars)

## Query the database ----
```

```

carsFromDB <- dbReadTable(con, "mtcars")
dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT car, mpg, cyl, hp FROM mtcars WHERE hp>=110")

## By default, ClickHouseHTTP relies on the
## Apache Arrow format provided by ClickHouse.
## The `format` argument of the `dbGetQuery()` function can be used to
## rely on the *TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes* format.
selCars <- dbGetQuery(
  con,
  "SELECT car, mpg, cyl, hp FROM mtcars WHERE hp>=110",
  format = "TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes"
)
## Identifying the original ClickHouse data types
attr(selCars, "type")

## Using alternative databases stored in ClickHouse ----

dbSendQuery(con, "CREATE DATABASE swiss")
dbSendQuery(con, "USE swiss")

## The chosen database is used until the session expires.
## It can also be chosen when connecting using the `dbname` argument of
## the `dbConnect()` function.

## The example below shows that spaces in column names are supported.
## It also shows the support of R `list` using the *Array* ClickHouse type.
data("swiss")
swiss <- as_tibble(swiss, rownames = "province")
swiss <- mutate(swiss, "pr letters" = strsplit(province, ""))
dbWriteTable(
  con,
  "swiss",
  swiss,
  engine = "MergeTree() ORDER BY (Fertility, province)"
)
swissFromDB <- dbReadTable(con, "swiss")

## A table from another database can also be accessed as following:
dbReadTable(con, SQL("default.mtcars"))

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
## Connection ----

library(DBI)
### HTTP connection ----

con <- dbConnect(
  ClickHouseHTTP::ClickHouseHTTP(),
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8123
)

```

```
### HTTPS connection (without ssl peer verification) ----

con <- dbConnect(
  ClickHouseHTTP::ClickHouseHTTP(),
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8443,
  https = TRUE,
  ssl_verifypeer = FALSE
)

## Write a table in the database ----

library(dplyr)
data("mtcars")
mtcars <- as_tibble(mtcars, rownames = "car")
dbWriteTable(con, "mtcars", mtcars)

## Query the database ----

carsFromDB <- dbReadTable(con, "mtcars")
dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT car, mpg, cyl, hp FROM mtcars WHERE hp>=110")

## By default, ClickHouseHTTP relies on the
## Apache Arrow format provided by ClickHouse.
## The `format` argument of the `dbGetQuery()` function can be used to
## rely on the *TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes* format.
selCars <- dbGetQuery(
  con,
  "SELECT car, mpg, cyl, hp FROM mtcars WHERE hp>=110",
  format = "TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes"
)
## Identifying the original ClickHouse data types
attr(selCars, "type")

## Using alternative databases stored in ClickHouse ----

dbSendQuery(con, "CREATE DATABASE swiss")
dbSendQuery(con, "USE swiss")

## The chosen database is used until the session expires.
## It can also be chosen when connecting using the `dbname` argument of
## the `dbConnect()` function.

## The example below shows that spaces in column names are supported.
## It also shows the support of R `list` using the *Array* ClickHouse type.
data("swiss")
swiss <- as_tibble(swiss, rownames = "province")
swiss <- mutate(swiss, "pr letters" = strsplit(province, ""))
dbWriteTable(
  con,
  "swiss",
  swiss,
```

```

    engine = "MergeTree() ORDER BY (Fertility, province)"
  )
  swissFromDB <- dbReadTable(con, "swiss")

  ## A table from another database can also be accessed as following:
  dbReadTable(con, SQL("default.mtcars"))

  ## End(Not run)

```

ClickHouseHTTPDriver-class

Driver for the ClickHouse database using HTTP(S) interface

Description

Driver for the ClickHouse database using HTTP(S) interface
 Connect to a ClickHouse database using the ClickHouseHTTP DBI

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'ClickHouseHTTPDriver'
dbConnect(
  drv,
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8123L,
  dbname = "default",
  user = "default",
  password = "",
  https = FALSE,
  ssl_verifypeer = TRUE,
  host_path = NA,
  use_session = FALSE,
  session_timeout = 3600L,
  convert_uint = TRUE,
  extended_headers = list(),
  reset_handle = FALSE,
  settings = list(),
  ...
)

```

Arguments

drv	A driver object created by ClickHouseHTTP()
host	name of the database host (default: "localhost")
port	port on which the database is listening (default: 8123L)
dbname	name of the default database (default: "default")

user	user name (default: "default")
password	user password (default: "")
https	a logical to use the HTTPS protocol (default: FALSE)
ssl_verifypeer	a logical to verify SSL certificate when using HTTPS (default: TRUE)
host_path	a path to use on host (e.g. "ClickHouse/"): it allows to connect on a server behind a reverse proxy for example
use_session	a logical indicating if a session should be created and use in ClickHouse (default: FALSE)
session_timeout	timeout in seconds (default: 3600L seconds)
convert_uint	a logical: if TRUE (default), UInt ClickHouse data types are converted in the following R classes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UInt8 : logical • UInt16: Date (when using Arrow format in dbSendQuery, ClickHouseHTTPConnection, character-method) • UInt32: POSIXct (when using Arrow format in dbSendQuery, ClickHouseHTTPConnection, character-method)
extended_headers	a named list with other HTTP headers (for example: <code>extended_headers=list("X-Authorization"="B<token>")</code> can be used for OAuth access delegation)
reset_handle	a logical indicating how to manage Curl handles (see http::handle_pool). If TRUE, handle reset is used (default: FALSE).
settings	list of Clickhouse settings
...	Other parameters passed on to methods

Value

A ClickHouseHTTPConnection

See Also

[ClickHouseHTTPConnection](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Connection ----

library(DBI)
### HTTP connection ----

con <- dbConnect(
  ClickHouseHTTP::ClickHouseHTTP(),
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8123
)
```

```

### HTTPS connection (without ssl peer verification) ----

con <- dbConnect(
  ClickHouseHTTP::ClickHouseHTTP(),
  host = "localhost",
  port = 8443,
  https = TRUE,
  ssl_verifypeer = FALSE
)

## Write a table in the database ----

library(dplyr)
data("mtcars")
mtcars <- as_tibble(mtcars, rownames = "car")
dbWriteTable(con, "mtcars", mtcars)

## Query the database ----

carsFromDB <- dbReadTable(con, "mtcars")
dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT car, mpg, cyl, hp FROM mtcars WHERE hp>=110")

## By default, ClickHouseHTTP relies on the
## Apache Arrow format provided by ClickHouse.
## The `format` argument of the `dbGetQuery()` function can be used to
## rely on the *TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes* format.
selCars <- dbGetQuery(
  con,
  "SELECT car, mpg, cyl, hp FROM mtcars WHERE hp>=110",
  format = "TabSeparatedWithNamesAndTypes"
)
## Identifying the original ClickHouse data types
attr(selCars, "type")

## Using alternative databases stored in ClickHouse ----

dbSendQuery(con, "CREATE DATABASE swiss")
dbSendQuery(con, "USE swiss")

## The chosen database is used until the session expires.
## It can also be chosen when connecting using the `dbname` argument of
## the `dbConnect()` function.

## The example below shows that spaces in column names are supported.
## It also shows the support of R `list` using the *Array* ClickHouse type.
data("swiss")
swiss <- as_tibble(swiss, rownames = "province")
swiss <- mutate(swiss, "pr letters" = strsplit(province, ""))
dbWriteTable(
  con,
  "swiss",
  swiss,

```

```
    engine = "MergeTree() ORDER BY (Fertility, province)"
  )
  swissFromDB <- dbReadTable(con, "swiss")

## A table from another database can also be accessed as following:
dbReadTable(con, SQL("default.mtcars"))

## End(Not run)
```

ClickHouseHTTPResult-class

ClickHouseHTTPResult class.

Description

ClickHouseHTTPResult class.

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