Package 'FinCovRegularization'

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Type Package

Title Covariance Matrix Estimation and Regularization for Finance

Version 1.1.0

Description Estimation and regularization for covariance matrix of asset returns. For covariance matrix estimation, three major types of factor models are included: macroeconomic factor model, fundamental factor model and statistical factor model. For covariance matrix regularization, four regularized estimators are included: banding, tapering, hard-thresholding and soft-thresholding. The tuning parameters of these regularized estimators are selected via cross-validation.

URL http://github.com/yanyachen/FinCovRegularization

BugReports http://github.com/yanyachen/FinCovRegularization/issues

Depends R (>= 2.10)

Imports stats, graphics, quadprog

License GPL-2

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Contents

`banding` *Banding Opreator on Covariance Matrix*

Description

Apply banding operator on a covariance matrix with a banding parameter.

Usage

```
banding(sigma, k = 0)
```

Arguments

`sigma`	a p*p covariance matrix
`k`	banding parameter

Value

a regularized covariance matrix after banding operation

References

"High-Dimensional Covariance Estimation" by Mohsen Pourahmadi

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
cov.SAM <- cov(m.excess.c10sp9003)
banding(cov.SAM, 7)
```

banding.cv *Select Tuning Parameter for Banding Covariance Matrix by CV*

Description

Apply K-fold cross-validation for selecting tuning parameters for banding covariance matrix using grid search strategy

Usage

```
banding.cv(matrix, n.cv = 10, norm = "F", seed = 142857)
```

Arguments

matrix	a N*p matrix, N indicates sample size and p indicates the dimension
n.cv	times that cross-validation repeated, the default number is 10
norm	the norms used to measure the cross-validation errors, which can be the Frobenius norm "F" or the operator norm "O"
seed	random seed, the default value is 142857

Details

For cross-validation, this function split the sample randomly into two pieces of size n1 = n-n/log(n) and n2 = n/log(n), and repeat this k times

Value

An object of class "CovCv" containing the cross-validation's result for covariance matrix regularization, including:

regularization	regularization method, which is "Banding"
parameter.opt	selected optimal parameter by cross-validation
cv.error	the corresponding cross-validation errors
n.cv	times that cross-validation repeated
norm	the norm used to measure the cross-validation error
seed	random seed

References

"High-Dimensional Covariance Estimation" by Mohsen Pourahmadi

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
retcov.cv <- banding.cv(m.excess.c10sp9003, n.cv = 10,
                        norm = "F", seed = 142857)
summary(retcov.cv)
plot(retcov.cv)
# Low dimension
```

`F.norm2` *The Squared Frobenius Norm*

Description

Calculate the squared Frobenius norm of a matrix

Usage

```
F.norm2(matrix)
```

Arguments

`matrix`	a matrix

Value

a scalar of the squared Frobenius norm

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
cov.SAM <- cov(m.excess.c10sp9003)
F.norm2(cov.SAM)
```

`FinCovRegularization` *FinCovRegularization: Covariance Matrix Estimation and Regularization for Finance*

Description

Estimation and regularization for covariance matrix of asset returns. For covariance matrix estimation, three major types of factor models are included: macroeconomic factor model, fundamental factor model and statistical factor model. For covariance matrix regularization, four regularized estimators are included: banding, tapering, hard-thresholding and soft-thresholding. The tuning parameters of these regularized estimators are selected via cross-validation.

FundamentalFactor.Cov *Covariance Matrix Estimation by Fundamental Factor Model*

Description

Estimate covariance matrix by fitting a fundamental factor model using OLS or WLS regression

Usage

```
FundamentalFactor.Cov(assets, exposure, method = "WLS")
```

Arguments

assets	a N*p matrix of asset returns, N indicates sample size and p indicates the dimension of asset returns
exposure	a p*q matrix of exposure indicator for the fundamental factor model, p corresponds to the dimension of asset returns, q indicates the number of fundamental industries
method	a character, indicating regression method: "OLS" or "WLS"

Value

an estimated p*p covariance matrix

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
assets <- m.excess.c10sp9003[,1:10]
Indicator <- matrix(0,10,3)
dimnames(Indicator) <- list(colnames(assets),c("Drug","Auto","Oil"))
Indicator[c("ABT","LLY","MRK","PFE"),"Drug"] <- 1
Indicator[c("F","GM"),"Auto"] <- 1
Indicator[c("BP","CVX","RD","XOM"),"Oil"] <- 1
FundamentalFactor.Cov(assets,exposure=Indicator,method="WLS")
```

GMVP *Global Minimum Variance Portfolio*

Description

Computing a global minimum variance portfolio weights from the estimated covariance matrix of return series.

Usage

```
GMVP(cov.mat, short = TRUE)
```

Arguments

cov.mat	an estimated p*p covariance matrix
short	logical flag, indicating whether shortsales on the risky assets are allowed

Value

a numerical vector containing the estimated portfolio weights

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
assets <- m.excess.c10sp9003[,1:10]
GMVP(cov(assets), short=TRUE)
GMVP(cov(assets), short=FALSE)
```

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hard.thresholding *Hard-Thresholding Opreator on Covariance Matrix*

Description

Apply hard-thresholding operator on a covariance matrix with a hard-thresholding parameter.

Usage

```
hard.thresholding(sigma, threshold = 0.5)
```

Arguments

sigma	a p*p covariance matrix
threshold	hard-thresholding parameter

Value

a regularized covariance matrix after hard-thresholding operation

References

"High-Dimensional Covariance Estimation" by Mohsen Pourahmadi

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
cov.SAM <- cov(m.excess.c10sp9003)
hard.thresholding(cov.SAM, threshold = 0.001)
```

Ind.Cov *Independence opreator on Covariance Matrix*

Description

Apply independence model on a covariance matrix.

Usage

```
Ind.Cov(sigma)
```

Arguments

sigma	a covariance matrix

Value

a regularized covariance matrix after applying independence model

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
cov.SAM <- cov(m.excess.c10sp9003)
Ind.Cov(cov.SAM)
```

m.excess.c10sp9003 *10 stock and S&P 500 excess returns*

Description

A dataset containing monthly excess returns of 10 stocks and S$P 500 index return from January 1990 to December 2003

Usage

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
```

Format

A matrix with 168 rows and 11 variables

MacroFactor.Cov *Covariance Matrix Estimation by Macroeconomic Factor Model*

Description

Estimate covariance matrix by fitting a macroeconomic factor model using time series regression

Usage

```
MacroFactor.Cov(assets, factor)
```

Arguments

assets	a N*p matrix of asset returns, N indicates sample size and p indicates the dimension of asset returns
factor	a numerical vector of length N, or a N*q matrix of macroeconomic factor(s), q indicates the dimension of factors

Value

an estimated p*p covariance matrix

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
assets <- m.excess.c10sp9003[,1:10]
factor <- m.excess.c10sp9003[,11]
MacroFactor.Cov(assets, factor)
```

O.norm2 *The Squared Operator Norm*

Description

Calculate the squared Operator norm of a matrix

Usage

```
O.norm2(matrix)
```

Arguments

matrix	a matrix

Value

a scalar of the squared Operator norm

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
cov.SAM <- cov(m.excess.c10sp9003)
O.norm2(cov.SAM)
```

`RiskParity` *Risk Parity Portfolio*

Description

Computing a Risk Parity portfolio weights from the estimated covariance matrix of return series.

Usage

```
RiskParity(cov.mat)
```

Arguments

`cov.mat`	an estimated p*p covariance matrix

Value

a numerical vector containing the estimated portfolio weights

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
assets <- m.excess.c10sp9003[,1:10]
RiskParity(cov(assets))
```

`soft.thresholding` *Soft-Thresholding Opreator on Covariance Matrix*

Description

Apply soft-thresholding operator on a covariance matrix with a soft-thresholding parameter.

Usage

```
soft.thresholding(sigma, threshold = 0.5)
```

Arguments

`sigma`	a covariance matrix
`threshold`	soft-thresholding parameter

Value

a regularized covariance matrix after soft-thresholding operation

References

"High-Dimensional Covariance Estimation" by Mohsen Pourahmadi

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
cov.SAM <- cov(m.excess.c10sp9003)
soft.thresholding(cov.SAM, threshold = 0.001)
```

StatFactor.Cov *Covariance Matrix Estimation by Statistical Factor Model*

Description

Estimate covariance matrix by fitting a statistical factor model using principle components analysis

Usage

```
StatFactor.Cov(assets, k = 0)
```

Arguments

assets	a matrix of asset returns
k	numbers of factors, if k = 0, automatically estimating by Kaiser method

Value

an estimated p*p covariance matrix

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
assets <- m.excess.c10sp9003[,1:10]
StatFactor.Cov(assets, 3)
```

tapering *Tapering Opreator on Covariance Matrix*

Description

Apply tapering operator on a covariance matrix with tapering parameters.

Usage

```
tapering(sigma, l, h = 1/2)
```

Arguments

sigma	a p*p covariance matrix
l	tapering parameter
h	the ratio between taper l_h and parameter l

Value

a regularized covariance matrix after tapering operation

References

"High-Dimensional Covariance Estimation" by Mohsen Pourahmadi

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
cov.SAM <- cov(m.excess.c10sp9003)
tapering(cov.SAM, l=7, h = 1/2)
```

tapering.cv *Select Tuning Parameter for Tapering Covariance Matrix by CV*

Description

Apply K-fold cross-validation for selecting tuning parameters for tapering covariance matrix using grid search strategy

Usage

```
tapering.cv(matrix, h = 1/2, n.cv = 10, norm = "F", seed = 142857)
```

Arguments

matrix	a N*p matrix, N indicates sample size and p indicates the dimension
h	the ratio between taper l_h and parameter l
n.cv	times that cross-validation repeated, the default number is 10
norm	the norms used to measure the cross-validation errors, which can be the Frobenius norm "F" or the operator norm "O"
seed	random seed, the default value is 142857

Details

For cross-validation, this function split the sample randomly into two pieces of size n1 = n-n/log(n) and n2 = n/log(n), and repeat this k times

Value

An object of class "CovCv" containing the cross-validation's result for covariance matrix regularization, including:

regularization	regularization method, which is "Tapering"
parameter.opt	selected optimal parameter by cross-validation
cv.error	the corresponding cross-validation errors
n.cv	times that cross-validation repeated
norm	the norm used to measure the cross-validation error
seed	random seed

References

"High-Dimensional Covariance Estimation" by Mohsen Pourahmadi

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
retcov.cv <- tapering.cv(m.excess.c10sp9003, n.cv = 10,
                         norm = "F", seed = 142857)
summary(retcov.cv)
plot(retcov.cv)
# Low dimension
```

`threshold.cv` *Select Tuning Parameter for Thresholding Covariance Matrix by CV*

Description

Apply K-fold cross-validation for selecting tuning parameters for thresholding covariance matrix using grid search strategy

Usage

```
threshold.cv(matrix, method = "hard", thresh.len = 20, n.cv = 10,
  norm = "F", seed = 142857)
```

Arguments

`matrix`	a N*p matrix, N indicates sample size and p indicates the dimension
`method`	thresholding method, "hard" or "soft"
`thresh.len`	the number of thresholding values tested in cross-validation, the thresholding values will be a sequence of `thresh.len` equally spaced values from minimum threshold constant to largest covariance in sample covariance matrix
`n.cv`	times that cross-validation repeated, the default number is 10
`norm`	the norms used to measure the cross-validation errors, which can be the Frobenius norm "F" or the operator norm "O"
`seed`	random seed, the default value is 142857

Details

For cross-validation, this function split the sample randomly into two pieces of size n1 = n-n/log(n) and n2 = n/log(n), and repeat this k times

Value

An object of class "CovCv" containing the cross-validation's result for covariance matrix regularization, including:

`regularization`	regularization method, which is "Hard Thresholding" or "Soft Thresholding"
`parameter.opt`	selected optimal parameter by cross-validation
`cv.error`	the corresponding cross-validation errors
`n.cv`	times that cross-validation repeated
`norm`	the norm used to measure the cross-validation error
`seed`	random seed
`threshold.grid`	thresholding values tested in cross-validation

References

"High-Dimensional Covariance Estimation" by Mohsen Pourahmadi

Examples

```
data(m.excess.c10sp9003)
retcov.cv <- threshold.cv(m.excess.c10sp9003, method = "hard",
                          thresh.len = 20, n.cv = 10, norm = "F", seed = 142857)
summary(retcov.cv)
plot(retcov.cv)
# Low dimension
```

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