

Package ‘LDAvis’

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Title Interactive Visualization of Topic Models

Version 0.3.2

Description Tools to create an interactive web-based visualization of a topic model that has been fit to a corpus of text data using Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA). Given the estimated parameters of the topic model, it computes various summary statistics as input to an interactive visualization built with D3.js that is accessed via a browser. The goal is to help users interpret the topics in their LDA topic model.

Depends R (>= 2.10)

Imports proxy, RJSONIO, parallel

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Suggests mallet, lda, topicmodels, gistr (>= 0.0.8.99), servr, shiny, knitr, rmarkdown, digest, htmltools

LazyData true

VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <https://github.com/cpsievert/LDAvis>

BugReports <https://github.com/cpsievert/LDAvis/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

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createJSON	<i>Create the JSON object to read into the javascript visualization</i>
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Description

This function creates the JSON object that feeds the visualization template. For a more detailed overview, see `vignette("details", package = "LDAvis")`

Usage

```
createJSON(phi = matrix(), theta = matrix(), doc.length = integer(),
  vocab = character(), term.frequency = integer(), R = 30,
  lambda.step = 0.01, mds.method = jsPCA, cluster, plot.opts = list(xlab =
  "PC1", ylab = "PC2"), ...)
```

Arguments

phi	matrix, with each row containing the distribution over terms for a topic, with as many rows as there are topics in the model, and as many columns as there are terms in the vocabulary.
theta	matrix, with each row containing the probability distribution over topics for a document, with as many rows as there are documents in the corpus, and as many columns as there are topics in the model.
doc.length	integer vector containing the number of tokens in each document of the corpus.
vocab	character vector of the terms in the vocabulary (in the same order as the columns of phi). Each term must have at least one character.
term.frequency	integer vector containing the frequency of each term in the vocabulary.
R	integer, the number of terms to display in the barcharts of the interactive viz. Default is 30. Recommended to be roughly between 10 and 50.
lambda.step	a value between 0 and 1. Determines the interstep distance in the grid of lambda values over which to iterate when computing relevance. Default is 0.01. Recommended to be between 0.01 and 0.1.
mds.method	a function that takes phi as an input and outputs a K by 2 data.frame (or matrix). The output approximates the distance between topics. See jsPCA for details on the default method.
cluster	a cluster object created from the parallel package. If supplied, computations are performed using parLapply instead of lapply .

plot.opts	a named list used to customize various plot elements. By default, the x and y axes are labeled "PC1" and "PC2" (principal components 1 and 2), since jsPCA is the default scaling method.
...	not currently used.

Details

The function first computes the topic frequencies (across the whole corpus), and then it reorders the topics in decreasing order of frequency. The main computation is to loop through the topics and through the grid of lambda values (determined by `lambda.step`) to compute the R most *relevant* terms for each topic and value of lambda.

Value

A string containing JSON content which can be written to a file or feed into [serVis](#) for easy viewing/sharing. One element of this string is the new ordering of the topics.

References

Sievert, C. and Shirley, K. (2014) *LDavis: A Method for Visualizing and Interpreting Topics*, ACL Workshop on Interactive Language Learning, Visualization, and Interfaces. <http://nlp.stanford.edu/events/illvi2014/papers/sievert-illvi2014.pdf>

See Also

[serVis](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(TwentyNewsgroups, package="LDavis")
# create the json object, start a local file server, open in default browser
json <- with(TwentyNewsgroups,
             createJSON(phi, theta, doc.length, vocab, term.frequency))
serVis(json) # press ESC or Ctrl-C to kill

# createJSON() reorders topics in decreasing order of term frequency
RJSONIO::fromJSON(json)$topic.order

# You may want to just write the JSON and other dependency files
# to a folder named TwentyNewsgroups under the working directory
serVis(json, out.dir = 'TwentyNewsgroups', open.browser = FALSE)
# then you could use a server of your choice; for example,
# open your terminal, type `cd TwentyNewsgroups && python -m SimpleHTTPServer`
# then open http://localhost:8000 in your web browser

# A different data set: the Jeopardy Questions+Answers data:
# Install LDavisData (the associated data package) if not already installed:
# devtools::install_github("cpsievert/LDavisData")
library(LDavisData)
data(Jeopardy, package="LDavisData")
```

```

json <- with(Jeopardy,
             createJSON(phi, theta, doc.length, vocab, term.frequency))
serVis(json) # Check out Topic 22 (bodies of water!)

# If you have a GitHub account, you can even publish as a gist
# which allows you to easily share with others!
serVis(json, as.gist = TRUE)

# Run createJSON on a cluster of machines to speed it up
system.time(
  json <- with(TwentyNewsgroups,
              createJSON(phi, theta, doc.length, vocab, term.frequency))
)
# user system elapsed
# 14.415  0.800 15.066
library("parallel")
cl <- makeCluster(detectCores() - 1)
cl # socket cluster with 3 nodes on host 'localhost'
system.time(
  json <- with(TwentyNewsgroups,
              createJSON(phi, theta, doc.length, vocab, term.frequency,
                        cluster = cl))
)
# user system elapsed
# 2.006  0.361  8.822

# another scaling method (svd + tsne)
library("tsne")
svd_tsne <- function(x) tsne(svd(x)$u)
json <- with(TwentyNewsgroups,
            createJSON(phi, theta, doc.length, vocab, term.frequency,
                      mds.method = svd_tsne,
                      plot.opts = list(xlab="", ylab="")
            )
)
serVis(json) # Results in a different topic layout in the left panel

## End(Not run)

```

jsPCA

Dimension reduction via Jensen-Shannon Divergence & Principal Components

Description

Dimension reduction via Jensen-Shannon Divergence & Principal Components

Usage

```
jsPCA(phi)
```

Arguments

phi matrix, with each row containing the distribution over terms for a topic, with as many rows as there are topics in the model, and as many columns as there are terms in the vocabulary.

renderVis *Create an LDAvis output element*

Description

Shiny server output function customized for animint plots (similar to shiny::plotOutput and friends).

Usage

```
renderVis(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

Arguments

expr An expression that generates a plot.
env The environment in which to evaluate expr.
quoted Is expr a quoted expression (with quote())? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.

See Also

<http://shiny.rstudio.com/articles/building-outputs.html>

runShiny *Run shiny/D3 visualization*

Description

This function is deprecated as of version 0.2

Usage

```
runShiny(phi, term.frequency, vocab, topic.proportion)
```

Arguments

phi	a matrix with W rows, one for each term in the vocabulary, and K columns, one for each topic, where each column sums to one. Each column is the multinomial distribution over terms for a given topic in an LDA topic model.
term.frequency	an integer vector of length W containing the frequency of each term in the vocabulary.
vocab	a character vector of length W containing the unique terms in the corpus.
topic.proportion	a numeric vector of length K containing the proportion of each topic in the corpus.

serVis

View and/or share LDAvis in a browser

Description

View and/or share LDAvis in a browser.

Usage

```
serVis(json, out.dir = tempfile(), open.browser = interactive(),
       as.gist = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

json	character string output from createJSON .
out.dir	directory to store html/js/json files.
open.browser	Should R open a browser? If yes, this function will attempt to create a local file server via the <code>servr</code> package. This is necessary since the javascript needs to access local files and most browsers will not allow this.
as.gist	should the vis be uploaded as a gist? Will prompt for an interactive login if the <code>GITHUB_PAT</code> environment variable is not set. For more details, see https://github.com/ropensci/gistr#authentication .
...	arguments passed onto <code>gistr::gist_create</code>

Details

This function will place the necessary html/js/css files (located in `system.file("htmljs", package = "LDAvis")`) in a directory specified by `out.dir`, start a local file server in that directory (if necessary), and (optionally) open the default browser in this directory. If `as.gist=TRUE`, it will attempt to upload these files as a gist (in this case, please make sure you have the `gistr` package installed as well as your `'github.username'` and `'github.password'` set in [options](#).)

Value

An invisible object.

Author(s)

Carson Sievert

See Also

[createJSON](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
# Use of servis is documented here:  
help(createJSON, package = "LDAvis")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

TwentyNewsgroups

Twenty Newsgroups Data

Description

Twenty Newsgroups Data

Usage

TwentyNewsgroups

Format

A list elements extracted from a topic model fit to this data

phi phi, a matrix with the topic-term distributions

theta theta, a matrix with the document-topic distributions

doc.length doc.length, a numeric vector with token counts for each document

vocab vocab, a character vector containing the terms

term.frequency term.frequency, a numeric vector of observed term frequencies

Source

<http://qwone.com/~jason/20Newsgroups/>

visOutput	<i>Shiny ui output function</i>
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Description

Shiny ui output function

Usage

```
visOutput(outputId)
```

Arguments

outputId output variable to read the plot from

See Also

<http://shiny.rstudio.com/articles/building-outputs.html>

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