

# Package ‘MBAnalysis’

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coef.MBPLS	<i>Regression Coefficients of MBPLS</i>
------------	---

---

## Description

Computes regression coefficients from [MBPLS](#).

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MBPLS'
coef(object, ncomp = object$call$ncomp, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPLS</a> .
ncomp	The number of components to be considered in the model. By default, all components computed in <a href="#">MBPLS</a> or <a href="#">MBWCov</a> are considered.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

## Value

A matrix of regression coefficients where each row corresponds to a variable in X and each column corresponds to a variable in Y.

## See Also

[predict.MBPLS](#)

**Examples**

```

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))
coef(res.mbpls)

```

coef.MBWCov

*Regression Coefficients of MBWCov***Description**

Computes regression coefficients from [MBWCov](#).

**Usage**

```

## S3 method for class 'MBWCov'
coef(object, ncomp = object$call$ncomp, ...)

```

**Arguments**

object	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBWCov</a> .
ncomp	The number of components to be considered in the model. By default, all components computed in <a href="#">MBPLS</a> or <a href="#">MBWCov</a> are considered.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**Value**

A matrix of regression coefficients where each row corresponds to a variable in X and each column corresponds to a variable in Y.

**See Also**

[predict.MBWCov](#)

**Examples**

```

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbwcov <- MBWCov(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))
coef(res.mbwcov)

```

ComDim

*Common Dimensions Analysis***Description**

Performs ComDim analysis on a set of quantitative blocks of variables. ComDim can be viewed as a Multiblock Weighted Principal Components Analysis (MBWPCA)

**Usage**

```
ComDim(
  X,
  block,
  name.block = NULL,
  ncomp = NULL,
  scale = TRUE,
  scale.block = TRUE,
  threshold = 1e-08
)
```

**Arguments**

X	Dataset obtained by horizontally merging all the blocks of variables.
block	Vector indicating the number of variables in each block.
name.block	names of the blocks of variables (NULL by default).
ncomp	Number of dimensions to compute. By default (NULL), all the global components are extracted.
scale	Logical, if TRUE (by default) then variables are scaled to unit variance (all variables are centered anyway).
scale.block	Logical, if TRUE (by default) each block of variables is divided by the square root of its inertia (Frobenius norm).
threshold	Convergence threshold

**Value**

Returns a list of the following elements:

optimalcrit	Numeric vector of the optimal value of the criterion (sum of squared saliences) obtained for each dimension.
saliences	Matrix of the specific weights of each block of variables on the global components, for each dimension.
T.g	Matrix of normed global components.
Scor.g	Matrix of global components (scores of individuals).

W.g	Matrix of global weights (normed) associated with deflated X.
Load.g	Matrix of global loadings (normed).
Proj.g	Matrix of global projection (to compute scores from pretreated X).
explained.X	Matrix of percentages of inertia explained in each block of variables.
cumexplained	Matrix giving the percentages, and cumulative percentages, of total inertia of X blocks explained by the global components.
Block	A list containing block components (T.b) and block weights (W.b)

## References

E.M. Qannari, I. Wakeling, P. Courcoux, J.M. MacFie (2000). Defining the underlying sensory dimensions, *Food Quality and Preference*, 11: 151-154.

E. Tchanda Mangamana, V. Cariou, E. Vigneau, R. Glèlè Kakai, E.M. Qannari (2019). Unsupervised multiblock data analysis: A unified approach and extensions, *Chemometrics and Intelligent Laboratory Systems*, 194, 103856.

## See Also

[summary.ComDim](#) [plot.ComDim](#)

## Examples

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.comdim <- ComDim(X,block,name.block=names(block))
summary(res.comdim)
plot(res.comdim)
```

---

ham

*Ham Data*

---

## Description

Case study pertaining to the sensory evaluation of eight American dry-cured ham products, performed by a panel of trained assessors.

## Usage

```
data(ham)
```

**Format**

An object of class "list" with 8 products, 3 blocks of X variables (Flavor, Aroma, Texture) and 1 block of Y variables corresponding to hedonic measures:

**X** dataframe of 8 products and 25 variables structured into 3 blocks: Flavor (11 variables), Aroma (8 variables) and Texture (6 variables)

**Y** dataframe of 8 products and 6 vectors of hedonic values corresponding to consumers' segmentation

**block** vector indicating the number of variables per block

**References**

M.D. Guardia, A.P. Aguiar, A. Claret, J. Arnau & L. Guerrero (2010). Sensory characterization of dry-cured ham using free-choice profiling. *Food Quality and Preference*, 21(1), 148-155. [doi:10.1016/j.foodqual.2009.08.014](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodqual.2009.08.014)

**Examples**

```
data(ham)
ham$X
ham$Y
ham$block
```

---

MBPCA

*Multiblock Principal Components Analysis*

---

**Description**

Performs MB-PCA on a set of quantitative blocks of variables.

**Usage**

```
MBPCA(  
  X,  
  block,  
  name.block = NULL,  
  ncomp = NULL,  
  scale = TRUE,  
  scale.block = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

X	Dataset obtained by horizontally merging all the blocks of variables.
block	Vector indicating the number of variables in each block.
name.block	names of the blocks of variables (NULL by default).

ncomp	Number of dimensions to compute. By default (NULL), all the global components are extracted.
scale	Logical, if TRUE (by default) then variables are scaled to unit variance (all variables are centered anyway).
scale.block	Logical, if TRUE (by default) each block of variables is divided by the square root of its inertia (Frobenius norm).

### Value

Returns a list of the following elements:

optimalcrit	Numeric vector of the optimal value of the criterion (sum of saliences) obtained for each dimension.
saliences	Matrix of the specific weights of each block of variables on the global components, for each dimension.
T.g	Matrix of normed global components.
Scor.g	Matrix of global components (scores of individuals).
W.g	Matrix of global weights (normed) associated with deflated X.
Load.g	Matrix of global loadings (normed) = W.g in the specific context of MB-PCA.
Proj.g	Matrix of global projection (to compute scores from pretreated X) = W.g in the specific context of MB-PCA.
explained.X	Matrix of percentages of inertia explained in each block of variables.
cumexplained	Matrix giving the percentages, and cumulative percentages, of total inertia of X blocks explained by the global components.
Block	A list containing block components (T.b) and block weights (W.b)

### References

S. Wold, S. Hellberg, T. Lundstedt, M. Sjostrom, H. Wold (1987). Hierarchical multiblock PLS and PC models for easier model interpretation and as an alternative to variable selection, in: Proc. Symp. On PLS Model Building: Theory and Application, Frankfurt am Main.

E. Tchandao Mangamana, V. Cariou, E. Vigneau, R. Glèlè Kakai, E.M. Qannari (2019). Unsupervised multiblock data analysis: A unified approach and extensions, Chemometrics and Intelligent Laboratory Systems, 194, 103856.

### See Also

[summary.MBPCA](#) [plot.MBPCA](#)

**Examples**

```

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.mbpca <- MBPCA(X,block, name.block=names(block))
summary(res.mbpca)
plot(res.mbpca)

```

---

MBplotBlocks

*Customizable Plots of Blocks*


---

**Description**

Plots blocks related information of [MBPCA](#), [ComDim](#), [MBPLS](#) or [MBWCov](#) with several options of customization.

**Usage**

```

MBplotBlocks(
  res,
  which = "explained.blocks&Y",
  axes = c(1, 2),
  blocks.axes = 1:max(axes),
  title = NULL,
  size = 2.25
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>res</code>	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPCA</a> , <a href="#">ComDim</a> , <a href="#">MBPLS</a> or <a href="#">MBWCov</a> .
<code>which</code>	Either "explained.blocks&Y", "scree", "structure" or "blocks.axes". See details.
<code>axes</code>	Which global dimensions should be plotted? Only useful if <i>which=structure</i> or <i>which=blocks.axes</i>
<code>blocks.axes</code>	Which individual blocks dimensions should be correlated with global ones? Only useful if <i>which=blocks.axes</i>
<code>title</code>	An optional title to be added to the plot.
<code>size</code>	The overall size of labels, points, etc.

**Details**

- **explained.blocks&Y**: Barplot of the percentages of inertia explained in each block of variables (and Y for [MBPLS](#) or [MBWCov](#)) by each global components.
- **scree**: Barplot of the saliences of each block of variables on each global components.
- **structure**: Blocks coordinates (saliences) on the global selected *axes*
- **blocks.axes**: Correlations of the selected individual *blocks.axes* with the global selected *axes*.

**Value**

The required plot.

**See Also**

[plot.MBPCA](#) [plot.ComDim](#) [plot.MBPLS](#) [plot.MBWCov](#)

**Examples**

```
# Unsupervised example

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.mbpca <- MBPCA(X,block, name.block=names(block))
MBplotBlocks(res.mbpca,which="explained.blocks&Y")
MBplotBlocks(res.mbpca,which="scree")
MBplotBlocks(res.mbpca,which="structure")
MBplotBlocks(res.mbpca,which="blocks.axes")

# Supervised example

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block=names(block))
MBplotBlocks(res.mbpls,which="explained.blocks&Y")
MBplotBlocks(res.mbpls,which="scree")
MBplotBlocks(res.mbpls,which="structure")
MBplotBlocks(res.mbpls,which="blocks.axes")
```

---

MBplotScores

*Customizable Plots of Scores*

---

**Description**

Plots scores related information of [MBPCA](#), [ComDim](#), [MBPLS](#) or [MBWCov](#) with several options of customization.

**Usage**

```
MBplotScores(
  res,
  axes = c(1, 2),
  block = 0,
  color = NULL,
  select = 1:nrow(res$Scor.g),
```

```

    title = NULL,
    size = 2.25
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>res</code>	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPCA</a> , <a href="#">ComDim</a> , <a href="#">MBPLS</a> or <a href="#">MBWCov</a> .
<code>axes</code>	Which dimensions should be plotted?
<code>block</code>	Of which block? Block 0 corresponds to global components.
<code>color</code>	Either <code>NULL</code> (default) or a character vector of length <i>select</i> . Controls the color of each individual plotted. Useful if individuals pertain to different a priori known groups. By default individuals are colored in black for global components and in the block color (the same as in <a href="#">MBplotVars</a> ) for block components.
<code>select</code>	A numeric or integer vector to select which individuals should be plotted. By default, all individuals are plotted.
<code>title</code>	An optional title to be added to the plot.
<code>size</code>	The overall size of labels, points, etc.

### Value

The required plot.

### See Also

[plot.MBPCA](#) [plot.ComDim](#) [plot.MBPLS](#) [plot.MBWCov](#)

### Examples

```

# Unsupervised example

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.mbpca <- MBPCA(X,block, name.block=names(block))
MBplotScores(res.mbpca)

# Supervised example

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block=names(block))
MBplotScores(res.mbpls)

```

---

 MBplotVars *Customizable Plots of Variables*


---

**Description**

Plots variables related information of [MBPCA](#), [ComDim](#), [MBPLS](#) or [MBWCov](#) with several options of customization.

**Usage**

```
MBplotVars(
  res,
  axes = c(1, 2),
  which = ifelse(res$call$scale, "correlation", "loading"),
  block = 0,
  select = 0,
  title = NULL,
  size = 2.25
)
```

**Arguments**

res	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPCA</a> , <a href="#">ComDim</a> , <a href="#">MBPLS</a> or <a href="#">MBWCov</a> .
axes	Which dimensions should be plotted?
which	Either "correlation" or "loading".
block	Selection of variables by blocks. A number or integer, possibly a vector, corresponding to the index of the blocks from which the variables should be plotted. For <a href="#">MBPLS</a> and <a href="#">MBWCov</a> the Y response block corresponds to the index $length(res$call$size.block)+1$ . By default, all variables of all blocks are plotted. Only one of <i>block</i> and <i>select</i> can differ from 0 (the default) both at the same time.
select	Selection of variables by index. A number or integer, possibly a vector, corresponding to the index of the variables that should be plotted. For <a href="#">MBPLS</a> and <a href="#">MBWCov</a> the Y variables index start from $ncol(res$call$X)+1$ . By default, all variables of all blocks are plotted. Only one of <i>block</i> and <i>select</i> can differ from 0 (the default) both at the same time.
title	An optional title to be added to the plot.
size	The overall size of labels, points, etc.

**Value**

The required plot.

**See Also**

[plot.MBPCA](#) [plot.ComDim](#) [plot.MBPLS](#) [plot.MBWCov](#)

**Examples**

```

# Unsupervised example

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.mbpca <- MBPCA(X,block, name.block=names(block))
MBplotVars(res.mbpca)

# Supervised example

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block=names(block))
MBplotVars(res.mbpls)

```

---

MBPLS

*Multiblock Partial Least Squares Regression*


---

**Description**

MB-PLS regression applied to a set of quantitative blocks of variables.

**Usage**

```

MBPLS(
  X,
  Y,
  block,
  name.block = NULL,
  ncomp = NULL,
  scale = TRUE,
  scale.block = TRUE,
  scale.Y = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

X	Dataset obtained by horizontally merging all the predictor blocks of variables.
Y	Response block of variables.
block	Vector indicating the number of variables in each predictor block.
name.block	Names of the predictor blocks of variables (NULL by default).
ncomp	Number of dimensions to compute. By default (NULL), all the global components are extracted.

scale	Logical, if TRUE (by default) the variables in X are scaled to unit variance (all variables in X are centered anyway).
scale.block	Logical, if TRUE (by default) each predictor block of variables is divided by the square root of its inertia (Frobenius norm).
scale.Y	Logical, if TRUE (by default) then variables in Y are scaled to unit variance (all variables in Y are centered anyway).

### Value

Returns a list of the following elements:

optimalcrit	Numeric vector of the optimal value of the criterion (sum of saliences) obtained for each dimension.
saliences	Matrix of the specific weights of each predictor block on the global components, for each dimension.
T.g	Matrix of normed global components.
Scor.g	Matrix of global components (scores of individuals).
W.g	Matrix of global weights (normed) associated with deflated X.
Load.g	Matrix of global loadings.
Proj.g	Matrix of global projection (to compute scores from pretreated X).
explained.X	Matrix of percentages of inertia explained in each predictor block.
cumexplained	Matrix giving the percentages, and cumulative percentages, of total inertia of X and Y blocks explained by the global components.
Y	A list containing un-normed Y components (U), normed Y weights (W.Y) and Y loadings (Load.Y)
Block	A list containing block components (T.b) and block weights (W.b)

### References

S. Wold (1984). Three PLS algorithms according to SW. In: Symposium MULDAST (Multivariate Analysis in Science and Technology), Umea University, Sweden. pp. 26–30.

E. Tchandao Mangamana, R. Glèlè Kakaï, E.M. Qannari (2021). A general strategy for setting up supervised methods of multiblock data analysis. *Chemometrics and Intelligent Laboratory Systems*, 217, 104388.

### See Also

[summary.MBPLS](#) [plot.MBPLS](#)

## Examples

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))
summary(res.mbpls)
plot(res.mbpls)
```

---

 MBValidation

*Cross-Validation for MBPLS or MBWCov*


---

## Description

Computes MSEP and corresponding standard error based on Leave One Out (LOO) or Out Of Bag (OOB) Cross-Validation (CV) by number of components of a MBPLS or MBWCov model from [MBPLS](#) or [MBWCov](#).

## Usage

```
MBValidation(
  res,
  ncomp.max = min(res$call$ncomp, nrow(res$call$X) - 2, ncol(X)),
  method = "LOO",
  nboot = 1000,
  graph = TRUE,
  size.graph = 2.25
)
```

## Arguments

<code>res</code>	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPLS</a> or <a href="#">MBWCov</a> .
<code>ncomp.max</code>	The maximum number of components to be investigated in the CV procedure.
<code>method</code>	Either "LOO" or "OOB". Default is LOO.
<code>nboot</code>	Number of bootstrap samples to be generated in case of OOB CV.
<code>graph</code>	Logical. Should the results be plotted? Default is TRUE.
<code>size.graph</code>	If <code>graph=TRUE</code> , the overall size of labels, points, etc.

## Value

A matrix with two rows (MSEP and std.error) and `ncomp.max+1` columns. The +1 column corresponds to the null model (Dim.0) where Y is predicted by its empirical average on the training sample.

**See Also**

[predict.MBPLS](#) [predict.MBWCov](#)

**Examples**

```
# With MBPLS

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))
MBValidation(res.mbpls)

# With MBWCov

data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbwcov <- MBWCov(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))
MBValidation(res.mbwcov)
```

---

MBWCov

*Multiblock Weighted Covariate Analysis*

---

**Description**

MB-WCov analysis applied to a set of quantitative blocks of variables.

**Usage**

```
MBWCov(
  X,
  Y,
  block,
  name.block = NULL,
  ncomp = NULL,
  scale = TRUE,
  scale.block = TRUE,
  scale.Y = TRUE,
  threshold = 1e-08
)
```

**Arguments**

X	Dataset obtained by horizontally merging all the predictor blocks of variables.
Y	Response block of variables.
block	Vector indicating the number of variables in each predictor block.
name.block	Names of the predictor blocks of variables (NULL by default).
ncomp	Number of dimensions to compute. By default (NULL), all the global components are extracted.
scale	Logical, if TRUE (by default) the variables in X are scaled to unit variance (all variables in X are centered anyway).
scale.block	Logical, if TRUE (by default) each predictor block of variables is divided by the square root of its inertia (Frobenius norm).
scale.Y	Logical, if TRUE (by default) then variables in Y are scaled to unit variance (all variables in Y are centered anyway).
threshold	Convergence threshold

**Value**

optimalcrit	Numeric vector of the optimal value of the criterion (sum of squared saliences) obtained for each dimension.
saliences	Matrix of the specific weights of each predictor block on the global components, for each dimension.
T.g	Matrix of normed global components.
Scor.g	Matrix of global components (scores of individuals).
W.g	Matrix of global weights (normed) associated with deflated X.
Load.g	Matrix of global loadings.
Proj.g	Matrix of global projection (to compute scores from pretreated X).
explained.X	Matrix of percentages of inertia explained in each predictor block.
cumexplained	Matrix giving the percentages, and cumulative percentages, of total inertia of X and Y blocks explained by the global components.
Y	A list containing un-normed Y components (U), normed Y weights (W.Y) and Y loadings (Load.Y)
Block	A list containing block components (T.b) and block weights (W.b)

**References**

E. Tchanda Mangamana, R. Glèlè Kakaï, E.M. Qannari (2021). A general strategy for setting up supervised methods of multiblock data analysis. *Chemometrics and Intelligent Laboratory Systems*, 217, 104388.

**See Also**

[summary.MBWCov](#) [plot.MBWCov](#)

### Examples

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbwcov <- MBWCov(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))
summary(res.mbwcov)
plot(res.mbwcov)
```

---

plot.ComDim

*Default Plots for ComDim*

---

### Description

Successively performs [MBplotScores](#), [MBplotVars](#) and [MBplotBlocks](#) with the default values of parameters but axes and size.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ComDim'
plot(x, axes = c(1, 2), size = 2.25, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object resulting from <a href="#">ComDim</a> .
axes	Which dimensions should be plotted?
size	The overall size of labels, points, etc.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

### Value

The default plots.

### See Also

[MBplotScores](#) [MBplotVars](#) [MBplotBlocks](#)

### Examples

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.comdim <- ComDim(X,block,name.block=names(block))
plot(res.comdim)
```

---

plot.MBPCA

*Default Plots for MBPCA*

---

## Description

Successively performs [MBplotScores](#), [MBplotVars](#) and [MBplotBlocks](#) with the default values of parameters but axes and size.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MBPCA'  
plot(x, axes = c(1, 2), size = 2.25, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPCA</a> .
axes	Which dimensions should be plotted?
size	The overall size of labels, points, etc.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

## Value

The default plots.

## See Also

[MBplotScores](#) [MBplotVars](#) [MBplotBlocks](#)

## Examples

```
data(ham)  
X=ham$X  
block=ham$block  
res.mbpca <- MBPCA(X,block, name.block=names(block))  
plot(res.mbpca)
```

---

plot.MBPLS                      *Default Plots for* [MBPLS](#)

---

### Description

Successively performs [MBplotScores](#), [MBplotVars](#) and [MBplotBlocks](#) with the default values of parameters but axes and size.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MBPLS'  
plot(x, axes = c(1, 2), size = 2.25, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPLS</a> .
axes	Which dimensions should be plotted?
size	The overall size of labels, points, etc.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

### Value

The default plots.

### See Also

[MBplotScores](#) [MBplotVars](#) [MBplotBlocks](#)

### Examples

```
data(ham)  
X=ham$X  
block=ham$block  
Y=ham$Y  
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))  
plot(res.mbpls)
```

---

plot.MBWCov      *Default Plots for MBWCov*

---

### Description

Successively performs [MBplotScores](#), [MBplotVars](#) and [MBplotBlocks](#) with the default values of parameters but axes and size.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MBWCov'  
plot(x, axes = c(1, 2), size = 2.25, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBWCov</a> .
axes	Which dimensions should be plotted?
size	The overall size of labels, points, etc.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

### Value

The default plots.

### See Also

[MBplotScores](#) [MBplotVars](#) [MBplotBlocks](#)

### Examples

```
data(ham)  
X=ham$X  
block=ham$block  
Y=ham$Y  
res.mbwcov <- MBWCov(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))  
plot(res.mbwcov)
```

---

predict.MBPLS	<i>Prediction with MBPLS</i>
---------------	------------------------------

---

## Description

Computes predictions of Y from [MBPLS](#) using calibration X (default) or new X observations.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MBPLS'  
predict(object, newdata = object$call$X, ncomp = object$call$ncomp, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPLS</a> .
newdata	A matrix or data.frame of (new) observations having the same ncol and same colnames as the X of fitting observations.
ncomp	The number of components to be considered in the model to perform the predictions. By default, all components computed in <a href="#">MBPLS</a> are considered.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

## Value

A matrix of predicted Y values where each row corresponds to an observation and each column corresponds to a Y variable.

## See Also

[coef.MBPLS](#) [MBValidation](#)

## Examples

```
data(ham)  
X=ham$X  
block=ham$block  
Y=ham$Y  
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))  
predict(res.mbpls)
```

---

predict.MBWCov      *Prediction with MBWCov*

---

### Description

Computes predictions of Y from [MBWCov](#) using calibration X (default) or new X observations.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MBWCov'  
predict(object, newdata = object$call$X, ncomp = object$call$ncomp, ...)
```

### Arguments

object	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBWCov</a> .
newdata	A matrix or data.frame of (new) observations having the same ncol and same colnames as the X of fitting observations.
ncomp	The number of components to be considered in the model to perform the predictions. By default, all components computed in <a href="#">MBWCov</a> are considered.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

### Value

A matrix of predicted Y values where each row corresponds to an observation and each column corresponds to a Y variable.

### See Also

[coef.MBWCov](#) [MBValidation](#)

### Examples

```
data(ham)  
X=ham$X  
block=ham$block  
Y=ham$Y  
res.mbwcov <- MBWCov(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))  
predict(res.mbwcov)
```

---

print.ComDim                    *Print of ComDim Objects*

---

**Description**

Print of [ComDim](#) Objects

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'ComDim'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                                An object resulting from [ComDim](#).  
...                               further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**See Also**

[summary.ComDim](#)

**Examples**

```
data(ham)  
X=ham$X  
block=ham$block  
res.comdim <- ComDim(X,block,name.block=names(block))  
print(res.comdim)
```

---

print.MBPCA                    *Print of MBPCA Objects*

---

**Description**

Print of [MBPCA](#) Objects

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'MBPCA'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                                An object resulting from [MBPCA](#).  
...                               further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**See Also**

[summary.MBPCA](#)

**Examples**

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.mbpca <- MBPCA(X,block, name.block=names(block))
print(res.mbpca)
```

---

print.MBPLS

*Print of MBPLS Objects*

---

**Description**

Print of [MBPLS](#) Objects

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'MBPLS'
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                    An object resulting from [MBPLS](#).

...                  further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**See Also**

[summary.MBPLS](#)

**Examples**

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))
print(res.mbpls)
```

---

print.MBWCov            *Print of MBWCov Objects*

---

### Description

Print of [MBWCov](#) Objects

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MBWCov'  
print(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x                    An object resulting from [MBWCov](#).  
...                  further arguments passed to or from other methods.

### See Also

[summary.MBWCov](#)

### Examples

```
data(ham)  
X=ham$X  
block=ham$block  
Y=ham$Y  
res.mbwcov <- MBWCov(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))  
print(res.mbwcov)
```

---

summary.ComDim            *Summary of ComDim Objects*

---

### Description

Edits the Cumulative Explained Variance, Block Explained Variance per Dimension and Block Saliances per Dimension of a [ComDim](#) object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ComDim'  
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object resulting from [ComDim](#).  
 ...               further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**Value**

The summary.

**See Also**

[plot.ComDim](#)

**Examples**

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.comdim <- ComDim(X,block,name.block=names(block))
summary(res.comdim)
```

---

summary.MBPCA

*Summary of [MBPCA](#) Objects*

---

**Description**

Edits the Cumulative Explained Variance, Block Explained Variance per Dimension and Block Saliences per Dimension of a [MBPCA](#) object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'MBPCA'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object resulting from [MBPCA](#).  
 ...               further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**Value**

The summary.

**See Also**

[plot.MBPCA](#)

## Examples

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
res.mbpca <- MBPCA(X,block, name.block=names(block))
summary(res.mbpca)
```

---

summary.MBPLS

*Summary of MBPLS Objects*

---

## Description

Edits the Cumulative Explained Variance, Block Explained Variance per Dimension and Block Saliences per Dimension of a [MBPLS](#) object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MBPLS'
summary(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBPLS</a> .
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

## Value

The summary.

## See Also

[plot.MBPLS](#)

## Examples

```
data(ham)
X=ham$X
block=ham$block
Y=ham$Y
res.mbpls <- MBPLS(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))
summary(res.mbpls)
```

---

`summary.MBWCov`*Summary of [MBWCov](#) Objects*

---

**Description**

Edits the Cumulative Explained Variance, Block Explained Variance per Dimension and Block Saliences per Dimension of a [MBWCov](#) object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'MBWCov'  
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object resulting from <a href="#">MBWCov</a> .
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**Value**

The summary.

**See Also**

[plot.MBWCov](#)

**Examples**

```
data(ham)  
X=ham$X  
block=ham$block  
Y=ham$Y  
res.mbwcov <- MBWCov(X, Y, block, name.block = names(block))  
summary(res.mbwcov)
```

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