

# Package ‘MatrixEQTL’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Matrix eQTL: Ultra Fast eQTL Analysis via Large Matrix Operations

**Version** 2.3

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**Description** Matrix eQTL is designed for fast eQTL analysis on large datasets. Matrix eQTL can test for association between genotype and gene expression using linear regression with either additive or ANOVA genotype effects. The models can include covariates to account for factors as population stratification, gender, and clinical variables. It also supports models with heteroscedastic and/or correlated errors, false discovery rate estimation and separate treatment of local (cis) and distant (trans) eQTLs. For more details see Shabalin (2012) <[doi:10.1093/bioinformatics/bts163](https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/bts163)>.

**License** LGPL-3

**LazyLoad** yes

**BugReports** <https://github.com/andreymshabalin/MatrixEQTL/issues>

**URL** [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

**Depends** R (>= 2.12.0), methods, utils, graphics, stats

**NeedsCompilation** no

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MatrixEQTL-package	<i>Matrix eQTL: Ultra Fast eQTL Analysis via Large Matrix Operations</i>
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## Description

Matrix eQTL is designed for fast eQTL analysis of large datasets. Matrix eQTL can test for association between genotype and gene expression using linear regression with either additive or ANOVA (additive and dominant) genotype effects. The models can include covariates to account for such factors as population stratification, gender, clinical variables, and surrogate variables. Matrix eQTL also supports models with heteroscedastic and/or correlated errors, false discovery rate estimation and separate treatment of local (cis) and distant (trans) eQTLs.

## Details

Package:	MatrixEQTL
Type:	Package
License:	LGPL-3
LazyLoad:	yes
Depends:	methods

## Author(s)

Andrey A Shabalin <andrey.shabalin@gmail.com>

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## References

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

**See Also**

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

---

Covariates

*Artificial data for Matrix eQTL sample code: Covariates.*

---

**Description**

Artificial data set with 2 covariates across 15 samples. Columns of the file must match to those of the expression and genotype data sets.

**Format**

id	Sam_01	Sam_02	...
gender	0	0	...
age	40	46	...

**Author(s)**

Andrey A Shabalin <[andrey.shabalin@gmail.com](mailto:andrey.shabalin@gmail.com)>

**References**

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

**See Also**

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

---

GE

*Artificial data for Matrix eQTL sample code: Gene expression.*

---

**Description**

Artificial data set with expression of 10 genes across 15 samples. Columns of the file must match to those of the genotype and covariates data sets.

**Format**

geneid	Sam_01	Sam_02	...
Gene_01	4.91	4.63	...
Gene_02	13.78	13.14	...
...	...	...	...

**Author(s)**

Andrey A Shabalin <andrey.shabalin@gmail.com>

**References**

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

**See Also**

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

---

geneloc

*Artificial data for Matrix eQTL sample code: Gene location file.*

---

**Description**

Artificial Gene location file for 10 genes.

geneid	chr	left	right
Gene_01	chr1	721289	731289
Gene_02	chr1	752565	762565
...	...	...	...

**Format**

A data frame with 4 columns.

geneid A column with gene names. The order does not have to match the gene expression data set.

chr Chromosome number, i.e. chr1.

left Lower (smaller) coordinate of the gene beginning/end.

right Upper (larger) coordinate of the gene beginning/end.

**Author(s)**

Andrey A Shabalin <andrey.shabalin@gmail.com>

## References

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

## See Also

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

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MatrixEQTL\_cis\_code     *Sample code for cis/trans-eQTL analysis with Matrix eQTL*

---

## Description

The following code is the best starting point for those who want to perform cis-/trans-eQTL analysis with Matrix eQTL.

## Author(s)

Andrey A Shabalin <[andrey.shabalin@gmail.com](mailto:andrey.shabalin@gmail.com)>

## References

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

## See Also

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and other sample code.

## Examples

```
# Matrix eQTL by Andrey A. Shabalin
# http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/
#
# Be sure to use an up to date version of R and Matrix eQTL.

# source("Matrix_eQTL_R/Matrix_eQTL_engine.r");
library(MatrixEQTL)

## Location of the package with the data files.
base.dir = find.package('MatrixEQTL');

## Settings

# Linear model to use, modelANOVA, modelLINEAR, or modelLINEAR_CROSS
useModel = modelLINEAR; # modelANOVA, modelLINEAR, or modelLINEAR_CROSS

# Genotype file name
SNP_file_name = paste0(base.dir, "/data/SNP.txt");
snps_location_file_name = paste0(base.dir, "/data/snpsloc.txt");
```

```

# Gene expression file name
expression_file_name = paste0(base.dir, "/data/GE.txt");
gene_location_file_name = paste0(base.dir, "/data/geneloc.txt");

# Covariates file name
# Set to character() for no covariates
covariates_file_name = paste0(base.dir, "/data/Covariates.txt");

# Output file name
output_file_name_cis = tempfile();
output_file_name_tra = tempfile();

# Only associations significant at this level will be saved
pvOutputThreshold_cis = 2e-2;
pvOutputThreshold_tra = 1e-2;

# Error covariance matrix
# Set to numeric() for identity.
errorCovariance = numeric();
# errorCovariance = read.table("Sample_Data/errorCovariance.txt");

# Distance for local gene-SNP pairs
cisDist = 1e6;

## Load genotype data

snps = SlicedData$new();
snps$fileDelimiter = "\t";      # the TAB character
snps$fileOmitCharacters = "NA"; # denote missing values;
snps$fileSkipRows = 1;         # one row of column labels
snps$fileSkipColumns = 1;      # one column of row labels
snps$fileSliceSize = 2000;     # read file in slices of 2,000 rows
snps$LoadFile(SNP_file_name);

## Load gene expression data

gene = SlicedData$new();
gene$fileDelimiter = "\t";      # the TAB character
gene$fileOmitCharacters = "NA"; # denote missing values;
gene$fileSkipRows = 1;         # one row of column labels
gene$fileSkipColumns = 1;      # one column of row labels
gene$fileSliceSize = 2000;     # read file in slices of 2,000 rows
gene$LoadFile(expression_file_name);

## Load covariates

cvrt = SlicedData$new();
cvrt$fileDelimiter = "\t";      # the TAB character
cvrt$fileOmitCharacters = "NA"; # denote missing values;
cvrt$fileSkipRows = 1;         # one row of column labels
cvrt$fileSkipColumns = 1;      # one column of row labels
if(length(covariates_file_name)>0) {
  cvrt$LoadFile(covariates_file_name);
}

```

```

}

## Run the analysis
snpspos = read.table(snps_location_file_name, header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE);
genepos = read.table(gene_location_file_name, header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE);

me = Matrix_eQTL_main(
  snps = snps,
  gene = gene,
  cvrt = cvrt,
  output_file_name      = output_file_name_tra,
  pvOutputThreshold     = pvOutputThreshold_tra,
  useModel = useModel,
  errorCovariance = errorCovariance,
  verbose = TRUE,
  output_file_name.cis = output_file_name_cis,
  pvOutputThreshold.cis = pvOutputThreshold_cis,
  snpspos = snpspos,
  genepos = genepos,
  cisDist = cisDist,
  pvalue.hist = TRUE,
  min.pv.by.genesnp = FALSE,
  noFDRsaveMemory = FALSE);

unlink(output_file_name_tra);
unlink(output_file_name_cis);

## Results:

cat('Analysis done in: ', me$time.in.sec, ' seconds', '\n');
cat('Detected local eQTLs:', '\n');
show(me$cis$eqtls)
cat('Detected distant eQTLs:', '\n');
show(me$trans$eqtls)

## Make the histogram of local and distant p-values

plot(me)

```

---

Matrix\_eQTL\_main

*Main function for fast eQTL analysis in MatrixEQTL package*


---

## Description

Matrix\_eQTL\_engine function tests association of every row of the snps dataset with every row of the gene dataset using a linear regression model defined by the useModel parameter (see below).

The testing procedure accounts for extra covariates specified by the cvrt parameter.

The errorCovariance parameter can be set to the error variance-covariance matrix to account for heteroskedastic and/or correlated errors.

Associations significant at `pvOutputThreshold` (`pvOutputThreshold.cis`) levels are saved to `output_file_name` (`output_file_name.cis`), with corresponding estimates of effect size (slope coefficient), test statistics, p-values, and q-values (false discovery rate).

Matrix eQTL can perform separate analysis for local (*cis*) and distant (*trans*) eQTLs. For such analysis one has to set the *cis*-analysis specific parameters `pvOutputThreshold.cis > 0`, `cisDist`, `snpspos` and `genepos` in the call of `Matrix_eQTL_main` function. A gene-SNP pair is considered local if the distance between them is less or equal to `cisDist`. The genomic location of genes and SNPs is defined by the data frames `snpspos` and `genepos`. Depending on p-value thresholds `pvOutputThreshold` and `pvOutputThreshold.cis` Matrix eQTL runs in one of three different modes:

- Set `pvOutputThreshold > 0` and `pvOutputThreshold.cis = 0` (or use `Matrix_eQTL_engine`) to perform eQTL analysis without using gene/SNP locations. Associations significant at the `pvOutputThreshold` level are recorded in `output_file_name` and in the returned object.
- Set `pvOutputThreshold = 0` and `pvOutputThreshold.cis > 0` to perform eQTL analysis for local gene-SNP pairs only. Local associations significant at `pvOutputThreshold.cis` level will be recorded in `output_file_name.cis` and in the returned object.
- Set `pvOutputThreshold > 0` and `pvOutputThreshold.cis > 0` to perform eQTL analysis with separate p-value thresholds for local and distant eQTLs. Distant and local associations significant at corresponding thresholds are recorded in `output_file_name` and `output_file_name.cis` respectively and in the returned object. In this case the false discovery rate is calculated separately for these two sets of eQTLs.

`Matrix_eQTL_engine` is a wrapper for `Matrix_eQTL_main` for eQTL analysis without regard to gene/SNP location and provided for compatibility with the previous versions of the package.

The parameter `pvalue.hist` allows to record information sufficient to create a histogram or QQ-plot of all the p-values (see [plot](#)).

## Usage

```
Matrix_eQTL_main(
  snps,
  gene,
  cvrt = SlicedData$new(),
  output_file_name = "",
  pvOutputThreshold = 1e-5,
  useModel = modelLINEAR,
  errorCovariance = numeric(),
  verbose = TRUE,
  output_file_name.cis = "",
  pvOutputThreshold.cis = 0,
  snpspos = NULL,
  genepos = NULL,
  cisDist = 1e6,
  pvalue.hist = FALSE,
  min.pv.by.genesnp = FALSE,
  noFDRsaveMemory = FALSE)
```

```
Matrix_eQTL_engine(
  snps,
  gene,
  cvrt = SlicedData$new(),
  output_file_name,
  pvOutputThreshold = 1e-5,
  useModel = modelLINEAR,
  errorCovariance = numeric(),
  verbose = TRUE,
  pvalue.hist = FALSE,
  min.pv.by.genesnp = FALSE,
  noFDRsaveMemory = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

snps	<a href="#">SlicedData</a> object with genotype information. Can be real-valued for linear models and must take at most 3 distinct values for ANOVA unless the number of ANOVA categories is set to a higher number (see useModel parameter).
gene	<a href="#">SlicedData</a> object with gene expression information. Must have columns matching those of snps.
cvrt	<a href="#">SlicedData</a> object with additional covariates. Can be an empty SlicedData object in case of no covariates. The constant is always included in the model and would cause an error if included in cvrt. The order of columns must match those in snps and gene.
output_file_name	character, connection, or NULL. If not NULL, significant associations are saved to this file (all significant associations if pvOutputThreshold=0 or only distant if pvOutputThreshold>0). If the file with this name exists, it is overwritten.
output_file_name.cis	character, connection, or NULL. If not NULL, significant local associations are saved to this file. If the file with this name exists, it is overwritten.
pvOutputThreshold	numeric. Significance threshold for all/distant tests.
pvOutputThreshold.cis	numeric. Same as pvOutputThreshold, but for local eQTLs.
useModel	integer. Either modelLINEAR, modelANOVA, or modelLINEAR_CROSS. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Set useModel = <a href="#">modelLINEAR</a> to model the effect of the genotype as additive linear and test for its significance using t-statistic.</li> <li>2. Set useModel = <a href="#">modelANOVA</a> to treat genotype as a categorical variables and use ANOVA model and test for its significance using F-test. The default number of ANOVA categories is 3. Set otherwise like this: options(MatrixEQTL.ANOVA.categories)</li> <li>3. Set useModel = <a href="#">modelLINEAR_CROSS</a> to add a new term to the model equal to the product of genotype and the last covariate; the significance of this term is then tested using t-statistic.</li> </ol>
errorCovariance	numeric. The error covariance matrix. Use numeric() for homoskedastic independent errors.

`verbose` logical. Set to TRUE to display more detailed report about the progress.

`snpspos` data.frame object with information about SNP locations, must have 3 columns - SNP name, chromosome, and position, like this:

```

      snpid  chr  pos
Snp_01    1 721289
Snp_02    1 752565
...      ...   ...

```

`genespos` data.frame with information about transcript locations, must have 4 columns - the name, chromosome, and positions of the left and right ends, like this:

```

      geneid  chr  left  right
Gene_01    1 721289 731289
Gene_02    1 752565 762565
...      ...   ...   ...

```

`cisDist` numeric. SNP-gene pairs within this distance are considered local. The distance is measured from the nearest end of the gene. SNPs within a gene are always considered local.

`pvalue.hist` logical, numerical, or "qqplot". Defines whether and how the distribution of p-values is recorded in the returned object. If `pvalue.hist = FALSE`, the information is not recorded and the analysis is performed faster. Alternatively, set `pvalue.hist = "qqplot"` to record information sufficient to create a QQ-plot of the p-values (use `plot` on the returned object to create the plot). To record information for a histogram set `pvalue.hist` to the desired number of bins of equal size. Finally, `pvalue.hist` can also be set to a custom set of bin edges.

`min.pv.by.genesnp` logical. Set `min.pv.by.genesnp = TRUE` to record the minimum p-value for each SNP and each gene in the returned object. The minimum p-values are recorded even if they are above the corresponding thresholds of `pvalueOutputThreshold` and `pvalueOutputThreshold.cis`. The analysis runs faster when the parameter is set to FALSE.

`noFDRsaveMemory` logical. Set `noFDRsaveMemory = TRUE` to save significant gene-SNP pairs directly to the output files, reduce memory footprint and skip FDR calculation. The eQTLs are not recorded in the returned object if `noFDRsaveMemory = TRUE`.

## Details

Note that the columns of `gene`, `snps`, and `cvrt` must match. If they do not match in the input files, use `ColumnSubsample` method to subset and/or reorder them.

**Value**

The detected eQTLs are saved in `output_file_name` and/or `output_file_name.cis` if they are not NULL. The method also returns a list with a summary of the performed analysis.

<code>param</code>	Keeps all input parameters and also records the number of degrees of freedom for the full model.
<code>time.in.sec</code>	Time difference between the start and the end of the analysis (in seconds).
<code>all</code>	Information about all detected eQTLs.
<code>cis</code>	Information about detected local eQTLs.
<code>trans</code>	Information about detected distant eQTLs.

The elements `all`, `cis`, and `trans` may contain the following components

<code>ntests</code>	Total number of tests performed. This is used for FDR calculation.
<code>eqtls</code>	Data frame with recorded significant associations. Not available if <code>noFDRsaveMemory=FALSE</code>
<code>neqtls</code>	Number of significant associations recorded.
<code>hist.bins</code>	Histogram bins used for recording p-value distribution. See <code>pvalue.hist</code> parameter.
<code>hist.counts</code>	Number of p-value that fell in each histogram bin. See <code>pvalue.hist</code> parameter.
<code>min.pv.snps</code>	Vector with the best p-value for each SNP. See <code>min.pv.by.genesnp</code> parameter.
<code>min.pv.gene</code>	Vector with the best p-value for each gene. See <code>min.pv.by.genesnp</code> parameter.

**Author(s)**

Andrey A Shabalin <[andrey.shabalin@gmail.com](mailto:andrey.shabalin@gmail.com)>

**References**

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

**See Also**

The code below is the sample code for eQTL analysis NOT using gene/SNP locations.

See [MatrixEQTL\\_cis\\_code](#) for sample code for eQTL analysis that separates local and distant tests.

**Examples**

```
# Matrix eQTL by Andrey A. Shabalin
# http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/
#
# Be sure to use an up to date version of R and Matrix eQTL.

# source("Matrix_eQTL_R/Matrix_eQTL_engine.r");
library(MatrixEQTL)

## Location of the package with the data files.
base.dir = find.package('MatrixEQTL');
```

```

## Settings

# Linear model to use, modelANOVA, modelLINEAR, or modelLINEAR_CROSS
useModel = modelLINEAR; # modelANOVA, modelLINEAR, or modelLINEAR_CROSS

# Genotype file name
SNP_file_name = paste0(base.dir, "/data/SNP.txt");

# Gene expression file name
expression_file_name = paste0(base.dir, "/data/GE.txt");

# Covariates file name
# Set to character() for no covariates
covariates_file_name = paste0(base.dir, "/data/Covariates.txt");

# Output file name
output_file_name = tempfile();

# Only associations significant at this level will be saved
pvOutputThreshold = 1e-2;

# Error covariance matrix
# Set to numeric() for identity.
errorCovariance = numeric();
# errorCovariance = read.table("Sample_Data/errorCovariance.txt");

## Load genotype data

snps = SlicedData$new();
snps$fileDelimiter = "\t";      # the TAB character
snps$fileOmitCharacters = "NA"; # denote missing values;
snps$fileSkipRows = 1;         # one row of column labels
snps$fileSkipColumns = 1;      # one column of row labels
snps$fileSliceSize = 2000;     # read file in slices of 2,000 rows
snps$LoadFile(SNP_file_name);

## Load gene expression data

gene = SlicedData$new();
gene$fileDelimiter = "\t";      # the TAB character
gene$fileOmitCharacters = "NA"; # denote missing values;
gene$fileSkipRows = 1;         # one row of column labels
gene$fileSkipColumns = 1;      # one column of row labels
gene$fileSliceSize = 2000;     # read file in slices of 2,000 rows
gene$LoadFile(expression_file_name);

## Load covariates

cvrt = SlicedData$new();
cvrt$fileDelimiter = "\t";      # the TAB character
cvrt$fileOmitCharacters = "NA"; # denote missing values;
cvrt$fileSkipRows = 1;         # one row of column labels

```

```

cvrt$fileSkipColumns = 1;      # one column of row labels
if(length(covariates_file_name)>0){
  cvrt$LoadFile(covariates_file_name);
}

## Run the analysis

me = Matrix_eQTL_engine(
  snps = snps,
  gene = gene,
  cvrt = cvrt,
  output_file_name = output_file_name,
  pvOutputThreshold = pvOutputThreshold,
  useModel = useModel,
  errorCovariance = errorCovariance,
  verbose = TRUE,
  pvalue.hist = TRUE,
  min.pv.by.genesnp = FALSE,
  noFDRsaveMemory = FALSE);

unlink(output_file_name);

## Results:

cat('Analysis done in: ', me$time.in.sec, ' seconds', '\n');
cat('Detected eQTLs:', '\n');
show(me$all$eqtls)

## Plot the histogram of all p-values

plot(me)

```

---

modelANOVA

*Constant for [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#).*


---

### Description

Set parameter `useModel = modelANOVA` in the call of `Matrix_eQTL_main` to indicate that the genotype should be treated as a categorical variable.

### Note

By default, the number of ANOVA categories is fixed to be 3.

To set it to a different number (say, 4) use the following command:

```
options(MatrixEQTL.ANOVA.categories=4)
```

To check the current settings run:

```
getOption("MatrixEQTL.ANOVA.categories", 3);
```

## References

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

## See Also

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

## Examples

```
library("MatrixEQTL")

# Number of columns (samples)
n = 100;

# Number of covariates
nc = 10;

# Generate the standard deviation of the noise
noise.std = 0.1 + rnorm(n)^2;

# Generate the covariates
cvrt.mat = 2 + matrix(rnorm(n*nc), ncol = nc);

# Generate the vectors with single genotype and expression variables
snps.mat = floor(runif(n, min = 0, max = 3));
gene.mat = 1 + (snps.mat==1) + cvrt.mat %*% rnorm(nc) + rnorm(n) * noise.std;

# Create 3 SlicedData objects for the analysis
snps1 = SlicedData$new( matrix( snps.mat, nrow = 1 ) );
gene1 = SlicedData$new( matrix( gene.mat, nrow = 1 ) );
cvrt1 = SlicedData$new( t(cvrt.mat) );

# name of temporary output file
filename = tempfile();

snps1
gene1

# Call the main analysis function
me = Matrix_eQTL_main(
  snps = snps1,
  gene = gene1,
  cvrt = cvrt1,
  output_file_name = filename,
  pvOutputThreshold = 1,
  useModel = modelANOVA,
  errorCovariance = diag(noise.std^2),
  verbose = TRUE,
  pvalue.hist = FALSE );
# remove the output file
unlink( filename );
```

```

# Pull Matrix eQTL results - t-statistic and p-value

fstat = me$all$eqtls$statistic;
pvalue = me$all$eqtls$pvalue;
rez = c( Fstat = fstat, pvalue = pvalue)
# And compare to those from ANOVA in R
{
  cat("\n\n Matrix eQTL: \n");
  print(rez);
  cat("\n R anova(lm()) output: \n")
  lmodel = lm( gene.mat ~ cvrt.mat + factor(snps.mat), weights = 1/noise.std^2);
  lmout = anova(lmodel)[2, c("F value", "Pr(>F)");
  print( lmout )
}

# Results from Matrix eQTL and "lm" must agree
stopifnot(all.equal(lmout, rez, check.attributes = FALSE));

```

---

modelLINEAR

*Constant for [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#).*


---

### Description

Set parameter `useModel = modelLINEAR` in the call of `Matrix_eQTL_main` to indicate that the effect of genotype on expression should be assumed to be additive linear.

### References

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

### See Also

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

### Examples

```

library('MatrixEQTL')

# Number of columns (samples)
n = 100;

# Number of covariates
nc = 10;

# Generate the standard deviation of the noise
noise.std = 0.1 + rnorm(n)^2;

# Generate the covariates
cvrt.mat = 2 + matrix(rnorm(n*nc), ncol = nc);

```

```

# Generate the vectors with genotype and expression variables
snps.mat = cvrt.mat %% rnorm(nc) + rnorm(n);
gene.mat = cvrt.mat %% rnorm(nc) + rnorm(n) * noise.std + 0.5 * snps.mat + 1;

# Create 3 SlicedData objects for the analysis
snps1 = SlicedData$new( matrix( snps.mat, nrow = 1 ) );
gene1 = SlicedData$new( matrix( gene.mat, nrow = 1 ) );
cvrt1 = SlicedData$new( t(cvrt.mat) );

# name of temporary output file
filename = tempfile();

# Call the main analysis function
me = Matrix_eQTL_main(
  snps = snps1,
  gene = gene1,
  cvrt = cvrt1,
  output_file_name = filename,
  pvOutputThreshold = 1,
  useModel = modelLINEAR,
  errorCovariance = diag(noise.std^2),
  verbose = TRUE,
  pvalue.hist = FALSE );
# remove the output file
unlink( filename );

# Pull Matrix eQTL results - t-statistic and p-value
beta = me$all$eqtls$beta;
tstat = me$all$eqtls$tstatistic;
pvalue = me$all$eqtls$pvalue;
rez = c(beta = beta, tstat = tstat, pvalue = pvalue)
# And compare to those from the linear regression in R
{
  cat('\n\n Matrix eQTL: \n');
  print(rez);
  cat('\n R summary(lm()) output: \n');
  lmodel = lm( gene.mat ~ snps.mat + cvrt.mat, weights = 1/noise.std^2 );
  lmout = summary(lmodel)$coefficients[2, c("Estimate", "t value", "Pr(>|t|)");
  print( lmout )
}

# Results from Matrix eQTL and 'lm' must agree
stopifnot(all.equal(lmout, rez, check.attributes = FALSE));

```

---

modelLINEAR\_CROSS

*Constant for [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#).*

---

## Description

Set parameter `useModel = modelLINEAR_CROSS` in the call of `Matrix_eQTL_main` to indicate that Matrix eQTL should include the interaction of SNP and the last covariate in the model and test for

its significance.

## References

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

## See Also

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

## Examples

```
library('MatrixEQTL')

# Number of columns (samples)
n = 25;

# Number of covariates
nc = 10;

# Generate the standard deviation of the noise
noise.std = 0.1 + rnorm(n)^2;

# Generate the covariates
cvrt.mat = 2 + matrix(rnorm(n*nc), ncol = nc);

# Generate the vectors with single genotype and expression variables
snps.mat = cvrt.mat %% rnorm(nc) + rnorm(n);
gene.mat = cvrt.mat %% rnorm(nc) + rnorm(n) * noise.std +
  1 + 0.5 * snps.mat + snps.mat * cvrt.mat[,nc];

# Create 3 SlicedData objects for the analysis
snps1 = SlicedData$new( matrix( snps.mat, nrow = 1 ) );
gene1 = SlicedData$new( matrix( gene.mat, nrow = 1 ) );
cvrt1 = SlicedData$new( t(cvrt.mat) );

# name of temporary output file
filename = tempfile();

# Call the main analysis function
me = Matrix_eQTL_main(
  snps = snps1,
  gene = gene1,
  cvrt = cvrt1,
  output_file_name = filename,
  pvOutputThreshold = 1,
  useModel = modelLINEAR_CROSS,
  errorCovariance = diag(noise.std^2),
  verbose = TRUE,
  pvalue.hist = FALSE );
# remove the output file
unlink( filename );
```

```

# Pull Matrix eQTL results - t-statistic and p-value
beta = me$all$eqtls$beta;
tstat = me$all$eqtls$tstatistic;
pvalue = me$all$eqtls$pvalue;
rez = c(beta = beta, tstat = tstat, pvalue = pvalue)
# And compare to those from the linear regression in R
{
  cat('\n\n Matrix eQTL: \n');
  print(rez);
  cat('\n R summary(lm()) output: \n')
  lmodel = lm( gene.mat ~ snps.mat + cvrt.mat + snps.mat*cvrt.mat[,nc],
              weights = 1/noise.std^2);
  lmout = tail(summary(lmodel)$coefficients,1)[, c("Estimate", "t value", "Pr(>|t|)");
  print( tail(lmout) );
}

# Results from Matrix eQTL and 'lm' must agree
stopifnot(all.equal(lmout, rez, check.attributes = FALSE));

```

---

plot.MatrixEQTL

*Plot histogram or QQ-plot of all p-values*


---

## Description

This method plots a histogram or QQ-plot of p-values for all tests performed by [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#).

## Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'MatrixEQTL'
plot(
  x,
  cex = 0.5,
  pch = 19,
  xlim = NULL,
  ylim = NULL,
  main = NULL,
  ...)

```

## Arguments

x	An object returned by <a href="#">Matrix_eQTL_engine</a> .
cex	A numerical value giving the amount by which plotting text and symbols should be magnified relative to the default.
pch	Plotting "character", i.e., symbol to use. See <a href="#">points</a> .
xlim	Set the range of the horizontal axis.
ylim	Set the range of the vertical axis.
main	Plot title.
...	Further graphical parameters passed to <a href="#">lines</a> and <a href="#">points</a> .

### Details

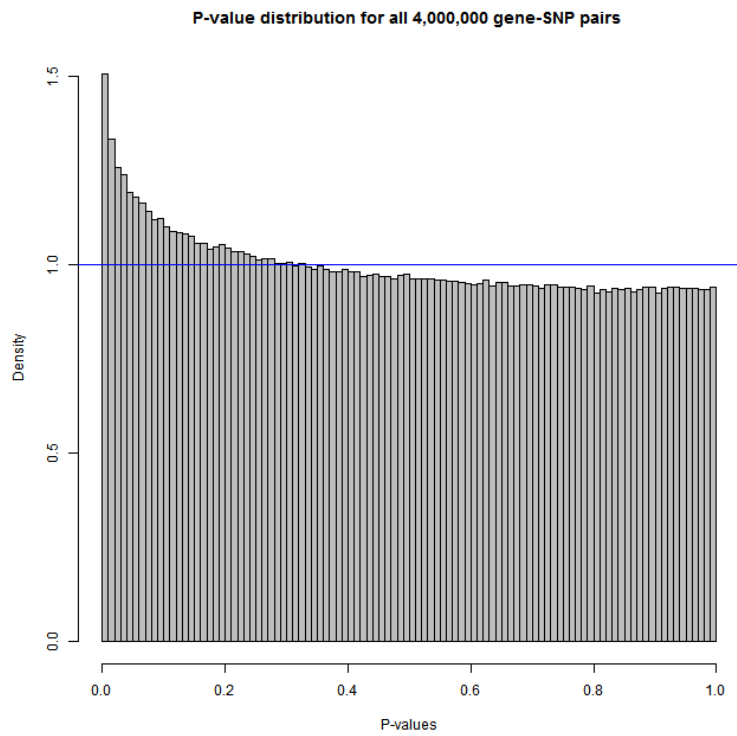
The plot type (histogram vs. QQ-plot) is determined by the `pvalue.hist` parameter in the call of [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) function.

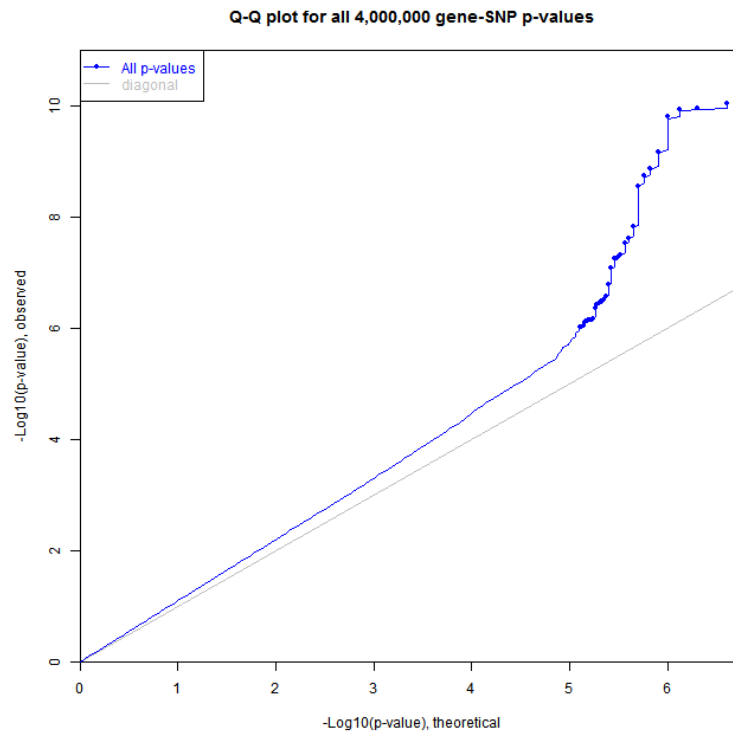
### Value

The method does not return any value.

### Note

The sample code below produces figures like these:





QQ-plot:

### Author(s)

Andrey A Shabalin <andrey.shabalin@gmail.com>

### References

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

### See Also

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

### Examples

```
library(MatrixEQTL)

# Number of samples
n = 100

# Number of variables
ngs = 2000

# Common signal in all variables
pop = 0.2*rnorm(n)
```

```
# data matrices
snps.mat = matrix(rnorm(n*ngs), ncol = ngs) + pop
gene.mat = matrix(rnorm(n*ngs), ncol = ngs) + pop + snps.mat*((1:ngs)/ngs)^9/2

# data objects for Matrix eQTL engine
snps1 = SlicedData$new( t( snps.mat ) )
gene1 = SlicedData$new( t( gene.mat ) )
cvrt1 = SlicedData$new( )
rm(snps.mat, gene.mat)

# Slice data in blocks of 500 variables
snps1$ResliceCombined(500)
gene1$ResliceCombined(500)

# Produce no output files
filename = NULL # tempfile()

# Perform analysis recording information for a histogram
meh = Matrix_eQTL_engine(
  snps = snps1,
  gene = gene1,
  cvrt = cvrt1,
  output_file_name = filename,
  pvOutputThreshold = 1e-100,
  useModel = modellINEAR,
  errorCovariance = numeric(),
  verbose = TRUE,
  pvalue.hist = 100)

plot(meh, col="grey")

# Perform analysis recording information for a QQ-plot
meq = Matrix_eQTL_engine(
  snps = snps1,
  gene = gene1,
  cvrt = cvrt1,
  output_file_name = filename,
  pvOutputThreshold = 1e-6,
  useModel = modellINEAR,
  errorCovariance = numeric(),
  verbose = TRUE,
  pvalue.hist = "qqplot")

plot(meq)
```

## Description

This class is created for fast and memory efficient manipulations with large datasets presented in matrix form. It is used to load, store, and manipulate large datasets, e.g. genotype and gene expression matrices. When a dataset is loaded, it is sliced in blocks of 1,000 rows (default size). This allows imputing, standardizing, and performing other operations with the data with minimal memory overhead.

## Usage

```
# x[[i]] indexing allows easy access to individual slices.
# It is equivalent to x$GetSlice(i) and x$SetSlice(i,value)
## S4 method for signature 'SlicedData'
x[[i]]
## S4 replacement method for signature 'SlicedData'
x[[i]] <- value

# The following commands work as if x was a simple matrix object
## S4 method for signature 'SlicedData'
nrow(x)
## S4 method for signature 'SlicedData'
ncol(x)
## S4 method for signature 'SlicedData'
dim(x)
## S4 method for signature 'SlicedData'
rownames(x)
## S4 method for signature 'SlicedData'
colnames(x)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'SlicedData'
rownames(x) <- value
## S4 replacement method for signature 'SlicedData'
colnames(x) <- value

# SlicedData object can be easily transformed into a matrix
# preserving row and column names
## S4 method for signature 'SlicedData'
as.matrix(x)

# length(x) can be used in place of x$nSlices()
# to get the number of slices in the object
## S4 method for signature 'SlicedData'
length(x)
```

## Arguments

x	<a href="#">SlicedData</a> object.
i	Number of a slice.
value	New content for the slice / new row or column names.

**Extends**

SlicedData is a reference classes ([envRefClass](#)). Its methods can change the values of the fields of the class.

**Fields**

**dataEnv:** environment. Stores the slices of the data matrix. The slices should be accessed via `getSlice()` and `setSlice()` methods.

**nSlices1:** numeric. Number of slices. For internal use. The value should be access via `nSlices()` method.

**rowNameSlices:** list. Slices of row names.

**columnNames:** character. Column names.

**fileDelimiter:** character. Delimiter separating values in the input file.

**fileSkipColumns:** numeric. Number of columns with row labels in the input file.

**fileSkipRows:** numeric. Number of rows with column labels in the input file.

**fileSliceSize:** numeric. Maximum number of rows in a slice.

**fileOmitCharacters:** character. Missing value (NaN) representation in the input file.

**Methods**

**initialize(mat):** Create the object from a matrix.

**nSlices():** Returns the number of slices.

**nCols():** Returns the number of columns in the matrix.

**nRows():** Returns the number of rows in the matrix.

**Clear():** Clears the object. Removes the data slices and row and column names.

**Clone():** Makes a copy of the object. Changes to the copy do not affect the source object.

**CreateFromMatrix(mat):** Creates SlicedData object from a [matrix](#).

**LoadFile(filename, skipRows = NULL, skipColumns = NULL, sliceSize = NULL, omitCharacters = NULL, delimiter):** Loads data matrix from a file. `filename` should be a character string. The remaining parameters specify the file format and have the same meaning as `file*` fields. Additional `rowNamesColumn` parameter specifies which of the columns of row labels to use as row names.

**SaveFile(filename):** Saves the data to a file. `filename` should be a character string.

**getSlice(s1):** Retrieves `s1`-th slice of the matrix.

**setSlice(s1, value):** Set `s1`-th slice of the matrix.

**ColumnSubsample(subset):** Reorders/subsets the columns according to `subset`.  
Acts as  $M = M[ , subset]$  for a matrix  $M$ .

**RowReorder(ordr):** Reorders rows according to `ordr`.  
Acts as  $M = M[ordr, ]$  for a matrix  $M$ .

**RowMatrixMultiply(multiplier):** Multiply each row by the multiplier.  
Acts as  $M = M \%*\% multiplier$  for a matrix  $M$ .

**CombineInOneSlice():** Combines all slices into one. The whole matrix can then be obtained via `$getSlice(1)`.

**IsCombined():** Returns TRUE if the number of slices is 1 or 0.  
**ResliceCombined(sliceSize = -1):** Cuts the data into slices of sliceSize rows. If sliceSize is not defined, the value of fileSliceSize field is used.  
**GetAllRowNames():** Returns all row names in one vector.  
**RowStandardizeCentered():** Set the mean of each row to zero and the sum of squares to one.  
**SetNanRowMean():** Impute rows with row mean. Rows full of NaN values are imputed with zeros.  
**RowRemoveZeroEps():** Removes rows of zeros and those that are nearly zero.  
**FindRow(rowname):** Finds row by name. Returns a pair of slice number and row number within the slice. If no row is found, the function returns NULL.  
**rowMeans(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1L):** Returns a vector of row means. Works as [rowMeans](#) but requires dims to be equal to 1L.  
**rowSums(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1L):** Returns a vector of row sums. Works as [rowSums](#) but requires dims to be equal to 1L.  
**colMeans(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1L):** Returns a vector of column means. Works as [colMeans](#) but requires dims to be equal to 1L.  
**colSums(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1L):** Returns a vector of column sums. Works as [colSums](#) but requires dims to be equal to 1L.

### Author(s)

Andrey A Shabalin <[andrey.shabalin@gmail.com](mailto:andrey.shabalin@gmail.com)>

### References

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

### See Also

This class is used to load data for eQTL analysis by [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#).

### Examples

```

# Create a SlicedData variable
sd = SlicedData$new()

# Show the details of the empty object
show(sd)

# Create a matrix of values and assign to sd
mat = matrix(1:12, 3, 4)
rownames(mat) = c("row1", "row2", "row3")
colnames(mat) = c("col1", "col2", "col3", "col4")
sd$CreateFromMatrix( mat )

# Show the detail of the object (one slice)
show(sd)

# Slice it in pieces of 2 rows

```

```
sd$ResliceCombined(sliceSize = 2L)

# Show the number of slices (equivalent function calls)
sd$nSlices()
length(sd)

# Is it all in one slice? (No)
sd$IsCombined()

# Show the column names (equivalent function calls)
sd$columnNames
colnames(sd)

# Show row name slices
sd$rowNameSlices

# Show all row names (equivalent function calls)
sd$GetAllRowNames()
rownames(sd)

# Print the second slice
print(sd[[2]])

# Reorder and subset columns
sd$ColumnSubsample( c(1,3,4) )

# Reorder and subset rows
sd$RowReorder( c(3,1) )

# Show the detail of the object (one slice again)
show(sd)

# Is it all in one slice? (Yes)
sd$IsCombined()

# Find the row with name "row1" (it is second in the first slice)
sd$FindRow("row1")
```

---

SNP

*Artificial data for Matrix eQTL sample code: Genotype.*

---

### **Description**

Artificial data set with genotype information for 15 markers across 15 samples. Columns of the file must match to those of the gene expression and covariates data sets.

### **Format**

snpid	Sam_01	Sam_02	...
Snp_01	2	0	...
Snp_02	0	1	...
...	...	...	...

**Author(s)**

Andrey A Shabalin <andrey.shabalin@gmail.com>

**References**

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

**See Also**

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

---

snpsloc

*Artificial data for Matrix eQTL sample code: SNP location file.*

---

**Description**

Artificial SNP location file for 15 markers.

snpid	chr	pos
Snp_01	chr1	721289
Snp_02	chr1	752565
...	...	...

**Format**

A data frame with 3 columns.

snpid A column with SNP names. The order does not have to match the genotype data set.

chr Chromosome number, i.e. chr1.

pos Coordinate of the SNP.

**Author(s)**

Andrey A Shabalin <andrey.shabalin@gmail.com>

**References**

The package website: [http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic\\_software/Matrix\\_eQTL/](http://www.bios.unc.edu/research/genomic_software/Matrix_eQTL/)

**See Also**

See [Matrix\\_eQTL\\_engine](#) for reference and sample code.

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