

Package ‘Risk’

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Type Package

Title Computes 26 Financial Risk Measures for Any Continuous Distribution

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Depends R (>= 3.0.1)

Description Computes 26 financial risk measures for any continuous distribution. The 26 financial risk measures include value at risk, expected short-fall due to Artzner et al. (1999) <DOI:10.1007/s10957-011-9968-2>, tail conditional median due to Kou et al. (2013) <DOI:10.1287/moor.1120.0577>, expectiles due to Newey and Powell (1987) <DOI:10.2307/1911031>, beyond value at risk due to Longin (2001) <DOI:10.3905/jod.2001.319161>, expected proportional short-fall due to Belzunce et al. (2012) <DOI:10.1016/j.insmatheco.2012.05.003>, elementary risk measure due to Ahmadi-Javid (2012) <DOI:10.1007/s10957-011-9968-2>, omega due to Shadwick and Keating (2002), sortino ratio due to Rollinger and Hoffman (2013), kappa due to Kaplan and Knowles (2004), Wang (1998)'s <DOI:10.1080/10920277.1998.10595708> risk measures, Stone (1973)'s <DOI:10.2307/2978638> risk measures, Luce (1980)'s <DOI:10.1007/BF00135033> risk measures, Sarin (1987)'s <DOI:10.1007/BF00126387> risk measures, Bronshtein and Kurenkova (2009)'s risk measures.

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Contents

Risk-package	2
BKg1	4
BKg2	5

BKg3	6
BKg4	7
bvar	8
epsg	9
esg	10
expect	11
expp	12
expvar	13
kappag	14
luceg1	15
luceg2	16
luceg3	17
luceg4	18
omegag	19
saring1	20
saring2	21
saring3	22
sortinog	23
stoneg1	24
stoneg2	25
tcm	26
varg	27
wangg1	27
wangg2	28
Index	30

Risk-package	<i>Computes 26 Financial Risk Measures for Any Continuous Distribution</i>
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Description

Computes 26 financial risk measures, including value at risk, expected shortfall due to Artzner et al. (1999) <DOI:10.1007/s10957-011-9968-2>, tail conditional median due to Kou et al. (2013) <DOI:10.1287/moor.1120.0577>, expectiles due to Newey and Powell (1987) <DOI:10.2307/1911031>, beyond value at risk due to Longin (2001) <DOI:10.3905/jod.2001.319161>, expected proportional shortfall due to Belzunce et al. (2012) <DOI:10.1016/j.insmatheco.2012.05.003>, elementary risk measure due to Ahmadi-Javid (2012) <DOI:10.1007/s10957-011-9968-2>, omega due to Shadwick and Keating (2002), sortino ratio due to Rollinger and Hoffman (2013), kappa due to Kaplan and Knowles (2004), Wang (1998)'s <DOI:10.1080/10920277.1998.10595708> risk measures, Stone (1973)'s <DOI:10.2307/2978638> risk measures, Luce (1980)'s <DOI:10.1007/BF00135033> risk measures, Sarin (1987)'s <DOI:10.1007/BF00126387> risk measures, Bronshtein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s risk measures.

Details

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financial risk measures

Author(s)

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References

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- F. Belzunce, J. F. Pinar, J. M. Ruiz and M. A. Sordo, Comparison of risks based on the expected proportional shortfall, *Insurance: Mathematics and Economics*, 51, 2012, 292-302 <DOI:10.1016/j.insmatheco.2012.05.003>
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- S. Kou, X. Peng and C. C. Heyde, External risk measures and Basel accords, *Mathematics of Operations Research*, 38, 2013, 393-417 <DOI:10.1287/moor.1120.0577>
- F. M. Longin, Beyond the VaR, *Journal of Derivatives*, 8, 2001, 36-48 <DOI:10.3905/jod.2001.319161>
- R. D. Luce, Several possible measures of risk, *Theory and Decision*, 12, 1980, 217-228 <DOI:10.1007/BF00135033>
- W. K. Newey and J. L. Powell, Asymmetric least squares estimation and testing, *Econometrica*, 55, 1987, 819-847 <DOI:10.2307/1911031>
- T. Rollinger and S. Hoffman, Sortino ratio: A better measure of risk, *Risk Management*, 2013, 40-42
- R. K. Sarin, Some extensions of Luce's measures of risk, *Theory and Decision*, 22, 1987, 125-141 <DOI:10.1007/BF00126387>
- W. F. Shadwick and C. Keating, A universal performance measure, *Journal of Performance Measurement*, 2002
- B. K. Stone, A general class of three-parameter risk measures, *The Journal of Finance*, 28, 1973, 675-685 <DOI:10.2307/2978638>
- S. Wang, An actuarial index of the right-tail risk, *North American Actuarial Journal*, 2, 1988, 88-101 <DOI:10.1080/10920277.1998.10595708>

BKg1

Bronshtein And Kurelenkova (2009)'s First Risk Measure

Description

Computes the first risk measure due to Bronshtein and Kurelenkova (2009)

Usage

```
BKg1(spec, alpha, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	a real valued parameter taking values in (0, 1), see Chan and Nadarajah for details
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving Bronshtein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s first risk measure of the distribution specified by spec

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

E. Bronshtein and J. Kurelenkova, Complex risk measures in portfolio optimization, Ufa State Aviation Technical University, Russia, 2009

Examples

```
BKg1("norm", 0.9, -Inf, Inf)
```

Description

Computes the second risk measure due to Bronshtein and Kurelenkova (2009)

Usage

```
BKg2(spec, alpha, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	a real valued parameter taking values in (0, 1), see Chan and Nadarajah for details
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving Bronshtein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s second risk measure of the distribution specified by spec

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

E. Bronshtein and J. Kurelenkova, Complex risk measures in portfolio optimization, Ufa State Aviation Technical University, Russia, 2009

Examples

```
BKg2("norm", 0.9, -Inf, Inf)
```

BKg3

Bronshstein And Kurelenkova (2009)'s Third Risk Measure

Description

Computes the third risk measure due to Bronshstein and Kurelenkova (2009)

Usage

```
BKg3(spec, alpha, a, b, beta, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	a real valued parameter taking values in (0, 1), see Chan and Nadarajah for details
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
beta	a non-negative real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving Bronshstein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s third risk measure of the distribution specified by spec

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
E. Bronshstein and J. Kurelenkova, Complex risk measures in portfolio optimization, Ufa State Aviation Technical University, Russia, 2009

Examples

```
BKg3("norm", 0.9, -Inf, Inf, 1)
```

Description

Computes the fourth risk measure due to Bronshtein and Kurelenkova (2009)

Usage

```
BKg4(spec, alpha, a, b, beta, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	a real valued parameter taking values in (0, 1), see Chan and Nadarajah for details
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
beta	a non-negative real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving Bronshtein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s fourth risk measure of the distribution specified by spec

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

- S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
- E. Bronshtein and J. Kurelenkova, Complex risk measures in portfolio optimization, Ufa State Aviation Technical University, Russia, 2009

Examples

```
BKg4("norm", 0.9, -Inf, Inf, 1)
```

bvar

Beyond Value At Risk Due To Longin (2001)

Description

Computes beyond value at risk for a given ditribution

Usage

```
bvar(spec, alpha, a, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	the probabilities associated with beyon values at risk
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving beyond values ar risk computed.

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

F. M. Longin, Beyond the VaR, Journal of Derivatives, 8, 2001, 36-48 <DOI:10.3905/jod.2001.319161>

Examples

```
bvar("norm", 0.9, a=-Inf)
```

epsg

Expected Proportional Shortfall Due To Belzunce et al. (2012)

Description

Computes expected proportional shortfall for a given ditribution

Usage

```
epsg(spec, alpha, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	the probabilities associated with expected proportional shortfalls
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving expected proportional shortfalls computed.

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

F. Belzunce, J. F. Pinar, J. M. Ruiz and M. A. Sordo, Comparison of risks based on the expected proportional shortfall, Insurance: Mathematics and Economics, 51, 2012, 292-302 <DOI:10.1016/j.insmatheco.2012.05.003>

Examples

```
epsg("norm", 0.9)
```

esg *Expected Shortfall Due To Artzner et al. (1999)*

Description

Computes expected shortfall for a given ditribution

Usage

```
esg(spec, alpha, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	the probabilities associated with expected shortfall
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving expected shortfall computed.

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
P. Artzner, F. Delbaen, J. M. Eber and D. Heath, Coherent measures of risk, Mathematical Finance, 9, 1999, 203-228 <DOI:10.1111/1467-9965.00068>

Examples

```
esg("norm", 0.9)
```

expect	<i>Expectation</i>
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Description

Computes expectation for a given ditribution

Usage

```
expect(spec, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
...	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving the expected value of the distribution specified by spec

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

Examples

```
expect("norm", -Inf, Inf)
```

expp

Expectiles Due To Newey And Powell (1987)

Description

Computes expectiles for a given ditribution

Usage

```
expp(spec, alpha, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	the probabilities associated with expectiles
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving expectiles computed.

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
W. K. Newey and J. L. Powell, Asymmetric least squares estimation and testing. *Econometrica*, 55, 1987, 819-847 <DOI:10.2307/1911031>

Examples

```
expp("norm", 0.9, a=-Inf, b=Inf)
```

expvar

An Elementary Risk Measure Due To Ahmadi-Javid (2012)

Description

Computes the elementary risk measure for a given ditribution

Usage

```
expvar(spec, alpha, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving the elementary risk measure of the distribution specified by spec

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

A. Ahmadi-Javid, Entropic value-at-risk: A new coherent risk measure. *Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications*, 155, 2012, 1105-1123 <DOI:10.1007/s10957-011-9968-2>

Examples

```
expvar("norm", 0.9, -Inf, Inf)
```

`kappag`*Kappa Risk Measure Due To Kaplan And Knowles (2004)*

Description

Computes the Kappa risk measure for a given ditribution

Usage

```
kappag(spec, alpha, n, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>alpha</code>	a real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>n</code>	a positive integer valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as `alpha`, giving the Kappa risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

P. D. Kaplan and J. A. Knowles, Kappa: A generalized downside risk-adjusted performance measure, Miscellaneous Publication, Morningstar Associates and York Hedge Fund Strategies, 2004

Examples

```
kappag("norm", 2, 5, -Inf, Inf)
```

`luceg1`*Luce (1980)'s First Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the first risk measure due to Luce (1980)

Usage

```
luceg1(spec, a, b, aa, bb, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>aa</code>	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>bb</code>	a non-negative valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Luce (1980)'s first risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
R. D. Luce, Several possible measures of risk, Theory and Decision, 12, 1980, 217-228 <DOI:10.1007/BF00135033>

Examples

```
luceg1("unif", 0, 1, 1, 0)
```

`luceg2`*Luce (1980)'s Second Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the second risk measure due to Luce (1980)

Usage

```
luceg2(spec, a, b, aa, bb, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>aa</code>	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>bb</code>	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Luce (1980)'s second risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

R. D. Luce, Several possible measures of risk, Theory and Decision, 12, 1980, 217-228 <DOI:10.1007/BF00135033>

Examples

```
luceg2("unif", 0, 1, 1, 0)
```

`luceg3`*Luce (1980)'s Third Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the third risk measure due to Luce (1980)

Usage

```
luceg3(spec, a, b, aa, bb, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>aa</code>	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>bb</code>	a non-negative valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Luce (1980)'s third risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

R. D. Luce, Several possible measures of risk, Theory and Decision, 12, 1980, 217-228 <DOI:10.1007/BF00135033>

Examples

```
luceg3("unif", 0, 1, 1, 0)
```

`luceg4`*Luce (1980)'s Fourth Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the fourth risk measure due to Luce (1980)

Usage

```
luceg4(spec, a, b, aa, bb, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>aa</code>	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>bb</code>	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Luce (1980)'s fourth risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

R. D. Luce, Several possible measures of risk, Theory and Decision, 12, 1980, 217-228 <DOI:10.1007/BF00135033>

Examples

```
luceg4("norm", -Inf, Inf, 1, 0)
```

`omegag`*Omega Risk Measure Due To Shadwick And Keating (2002)*

Description

Computes the omega risk measure for a given ditribution

Usage

```
omegag(spec, alpha, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>alpha</code>	a real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as `alpha`, giving the omega risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

W. F. Shadwick and C. Keating, A universal performance measure, Journal of Performance Measurement, 2002

Examples

```
omegag("norm", 2, -Inf, Inf)
```

`saring1`*Sarin (1987)'s First Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the first risk measure due to Sarin (1987)

Usage

```
saring1(spec, a, b, k, c, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>k</code>	a non-zero real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>c</code>	a non-zero real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Sarin (1987)'s first risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
R. K. Sarin, Some extensions of Luce's measures of risk, Theory and Decision, 22, 1987, 125-141
<DOI:10.1007/BF00126387>

Examples

```
saring1("norm", -Inf, Inf, 1, 0)
```

`saring2`*Sarin (1987)'s Second Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the second risk measure due to Sarin (1987)

Usage

```
saring2(spec, a, b, aa, bb1, bb2, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>aa</code>	a positive real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>bb1</code>	a positive real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>bb2</code>	a positive real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Sarin (1987)'s second risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
R. K. Sarin, Some extensions of Luce's measures of risk, Theory and Decision, 22, 1987, 125-141
<DOI:10.1007/BF00126387>

Examples

```
saring2("norm", -Inf, Inf, 1, 1, 1)
```

`saring3`*Sarin (1987)'s Third Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the third risk measure due to Sarin (1987)

Usage

```
saring3(spec, a, b, aa, bb1, bb2, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>aa</code>	a positive real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>bb1</code>	a positive real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>bb2</code>	a positive real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Sarin (1987)'s third risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
R. K. Sarin, Some extensions of Luce's measures of risk, Theory and Decision, 22, 1987, 125-141
<DOI:10.1007/BF00126387>

Examples

```
saring3("norm", -Inf, Inf, 1, 1, 1)
```

`sortinog`*Sortino Ratio Due To Rollinger And Hoffman (2013)*

Description

Computes the Sortino ratio for a given distribution

Usage

```
sortinog(spec, alpha, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>alpha</code>	a real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as `alpha`, giving the Sortino ratio of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
T. Rollinger and S. Hoffman, Sortino ratio: A better measure of risk, Risk Management, 40-42, 2013

Examples

```
sortinog("norm", 2, -Inf, Inf)
```

`stoneg1`*Stone (1973)'s First Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the first risk measure due to Stone (1973)

Usage

```
stoneg1(spec, x0, k, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>x0</code>	a real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>k</code>	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Stone (1973)'s first risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

B. K. Stone, A general class of three-parameter risk measures, *The Journal of Finance*, 28, 1973, 675-685 <DOI:10.2307/2978638>

Examples

```
stoneg1("norm", 8, 3, -Inf, Inf)
```

`stoneg2`*Stone (1973)'s Second Risk Measure*

Description

Computes the second risk measure due to Stone (1973)

Usage

```
stoneg2(spec, x0, k, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>spec</code>	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
<code>x0</code>	a real valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>k</code>	a positive valued parameter, see Chan and Nadarajah for details
<code>a</code>	the lower end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>b</code>	the upper end point of the distribution specified by <code>spec</code>
<code>...</code>	other parameters

Value

A scalar, giving Stone (1973)'s second risk measure of the distribution specified by `spec`

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

B. K. Stone, A general class of three-parameter risk measures, *The Journal of Finance*, 28, 1973, 675-685 <DOI:10.2307/2978638>

Examples

```
stoneg2("norm", 8, 3, -Inf, Inf)
```

tcm

Tail Conditional Mean Due To Kou et al. (2013)

Description

Computes tail conditional median for a given ditribution

Usage

```
tcm(spec, alpha, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	the probabilities associated with tail conditional median
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving tail conditional medians computed.

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

S. Kou, X. Peng and C. C. Heyde, External risk measures and Basel accords, Mathematics of Operations Research, 38, 2013, 393-417 <DOI:10.1287/moor.1120.0577>

Examples

```
tcm("norm", 0.9)
```

varg	<i>Value At Risk</i>
------	----------------------

Description

Computes value at risk for a given ditribution

Usage

```
varg(spec, alpha, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	the probabilities associated with values at risk
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving values at risk computed.

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

Examples

```
varg("norm", 0.9)
```

wangg1	<i>Wang (1998)'s First Risk Measure</i>
--------	---

Description

Computes the first risk measure due to Wang (1998)

Usage

```
wangg1(spec, alpha, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	a real valued parameter taking values in (0, 1), see Chan and Nadarajah for details
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving Wang (1998)'s first risk measure of the distribution specified by spec

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted
 S. Wang, An actuarial index of the right-tail risk, North American Actuarial Journal, 2, 1998, 88-101 <DOI:10.1080/10920277.1998.10595708>

Examples

```
wangg1("lnorm", 0.9, 0, Inf)
```

wangg2	<i>Wang (1998)'s Second Risk Measure</i>
--------	--

Description

Computes the second risk measure due to Wang (1998)

Usage

```
wangg2(spec, alpha, a, b, ...)
```

Arguments

spec	a character string specifying the distribution (for example, "norm" corresponds to the standard normal)
alpha	a real valued parameter taking values in (0, 1), see Chan and Nadarajah for details
a	the lower end point of the distribution specified by spec
b	the upper end point of the distribution specified by spec
...	other parameters

Value

An object of the same length as alpha, giving Wang (1998)'s second risk measure of the distribution specified by spec

Author(s)

Stephen Chan, Saralees Nadarajah

References

S. Chan and S. Nadarajah, Risk: An R package for risk measures, submitted

S. Wang, An actuarial index of the right-tail risk, North American Actuarial Journal, 2, 1998, 88-101 <DOI:10.1080/10920277.1998.10595708>

Examples

```
wangg2("lnorm", 0.9, 0, Inf)
```

Index

- * **Beyond value at risk**
 - bvar, 8
 - * **Bronshstein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s first risk measure**
 - BKg1, 4
 - * **Bronshstein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s fourth risk measure**
 - BKg4, 7
 - * **Bronshstein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s second risk measure**
 - BKg2, 5
 - * **Bronshstein and Kurelenkova (2009)'s third risk measure**
 - BKg3, 6
 - * **Elementary risk measure**
 - expvar, 13
 - * **Expectation**
 - expect, 11
 - * **Expected proportional shortfall**
 - epsg, 9
 - * **Expected shortfall**
 - esg, 10
 - * **Expectiles**
 - expp, 12
 - * **Kappa risk measure**
 - kappag, 14
 - * **Luce (1980)'s first risk measure**
 - luceg1, 15
 - * **Luce (1980)'s fourth risk measure**
 - luceg4, 18
 - * **Luce (1980)'s second risk measure**
 - luceg2, 16
 - * **Luce (1980)'s third risk measure**
 - luceg3, 17
 - * **Omega risk measure**
 - omegag, 19
 - * **Sarin (1987)'s first risk measure**
 - saring1, 20
 - * **Sarin (1987)'s second risk measure**
 - saring2, 21
 - * **Sarin (1987)'s third risk measure**
 - saring3, 22
 - * **Sortino ratio**
 - sortinog, 23
 - * **Stone (1973)'s first risk measure**
 - stoneg1, 24
 - * **Stone (1973)'s second risk measure**
 - stoneg2, 25
 - * **Tail conditional median**
 - tcm, 26
 - * **Value at risk**
 - varg, 27
 - * **Wang (1998)'s first risk measure**
 - wangg1, 27
 - * **Wang (1998)'s second risk measure**
 - wangg2, 28
 - * **package**
 - Risk-package, 2
- BKg1, 4
BKg2, 5
BKg3, 6
BKg4, 7
bvar, 8
epsg, 9
esg, 10
expect, 11
expp, 12
expvar, 13
kappag, 14
luceg1, 15
luceg2, 16
luceg3, 17
luceg4, 18
omegag, 19
saring1, 20
saring2, 21
saring3, 22
sortinog, 23
stoneg1, 24
stoneg2, 25
tcm, 26
varg, 27
wangg1, 27
wangg2, 28

Risk (Risk-package), [2](#)

Risk-package, [2](#)

saring1, [20](#)

saring2, [21](#)

saring3, [22](#)

sortinog, [23](#)

stoneg1, [24](#)

stoneg2, [25](#)

tcm, [26](#)

varg, [27](#)

wangg1, [27](#)

wangg2, [28](#)