

# Package ‘SMR’

May 7, 2026

**Title** Externally Studentized Midrange Distribution

**Version** 2.1.0

**Description** Computes the studentized midrange distribution (pdf, cdf and quantile) and generates random numbers.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**URL** <https://bendeivide.github.io/SMR/>,  
<https://github.com/bendeivide/SMR>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/bendeivide/SMR/issues>

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.0

**LinkingTo** Rcpp

**Imports** Rcpp

**NeedsCompilation** yes

**Author** Ben Deivide de Oliveira Batista [aut] (ORCID:  
<<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7019-8794>>),  
Daniel Furtado Ferreira [aut, cre] (ORCID:  
<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4371-5239>>),  
Diego Arthur Bispo Justino de Oliveira [ctb],  
Matheus Fernando Rodrigues Santos [ctb]

**Maintainer** Daniel Furtado Ferreira <danielff@uf1a.br>

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2023-10-07 22:40:10 UTC

## Contents

SMR . . . . .	2
<b>Index</b>	<b>4</b>

SMR

*The externally studentized normal midrange distribution***Description**

Computes the probability density, the cumulative distribution function and the quantile function and generates random samples for the externally studentized normal midrange distribution with the numbers means equal to size, the degrees of freedom equal to df and the number of points of the Gauss-Legendre quadrature equal to np.

**Usage**

```
dSMR(x, size, df, np=32, log = FALSE)
pSMR(q, size, df, np=32, lower.tail = TRUE, log.p = FALSE)
qSMR(p, size, df, np=32, eps = 1e-13, maxit = 5000, lower.tail = TRUE, log.p = FALSE)
rSMR(n, size, df = Inf)
```

**Arguments**

x, q	vector of quantiles $x \in R$ and $q \in R$ .
p	vector of probabilities (0, 1).
size	sample size. Only for $size > 1$ .
n	vector size to be simulated $n > 1$ .
df	degrees of freedom $df > 0$ .
np	number of points of the gaussian quadrature $np > 2$ .
log, log.p	logical argument; if TRUE, the probabilities $p$ are given as $\log(p)$ .
lower.tail	logical argument; if TRUE, the probabilities are $P[X \leq x]$ otherside, $P[X \geq x]$ .
eps	stopping criterion for Newton-Raphson's iteration method.
maxit	maximum number of interaction in the Newton-Raphson method.

**Details**

Assumes  $np = 32$  as default value for dSMR, pSMR and qSMR. If df is not specified, it assumes the default value Inf in rSMR. When  $df=1$ , the convergence of the routines requires  $np > 250$  to obtain the desired result accurately. The Midrange distribution has density

$$f(\bar{q}; n, \nu) = \int_0^\infty \int_{-\infty}^{x\bar{q}} 2n(n-1)x\phi(y)\phi(2x\bar{q}-y)[\Phi(2x\bar{q}-y) - \Phi(y)]^{n-2} f(x; \nu) dy dx,$$

where,  $q$  is the quantile of externally studentized midrange distribution,  $n$  (size) is the sample size and  $\nu$  is the degrees of freedom.

The externally studentized midrange distribution function is given by

$$F(\bar{q}; n, \nu) = \int_{-\infty}^{\bar{q}} \int_0^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{x\bar{q}} 2n(n-1)x\phi(y)\phi(2xz-y)[\Phi(2xz-y) - \Phi(y)]^{n-2} f(x; \nu) dy dx dz.$$

where,  $q$  is the quantile of externally studentized midrange distribution,  $n$  (size) is the sample size and  $\nu$  is the degrees of freedom.

### Value

dSMR gives the density, pSMR gives the cumulative distribution function, qSMR gives the quantile function, and rSMR generates random deviates.

### References

BATISTA, B. D. de O.; FERREIRA, D. F. SMR: An R package for computing the externally studentized normal midrange distribution. The R Journal, v. 6, n. 2, p. 123-136, dez. 2014.

### Examples

```
library(SMR)

#example 1:
x <- 2
q <- 1
p <- 0.9
n <- 30
size <- 5
df <- 3
np <- 32
dSMR(x, size, df, np)
pSMR(q, size, df, np)
qSMR(p, size, df, np)
rSMR(n, size, df)

#example 2:
x <- c(-1, 2, 1.1)
q <- c(1, 0, -1.5)
p <- c(0.9, 1, 0.8)
n <- 10
size <- 5
df <- 3
np <- 32
dSMR(x, size, df, np)
pSMR(q, size, df, np)
qSMR(p, size, df, np)
rSMR(n, size, df)
```

# Index

\* **midrange**

SMR, [2](#)

dSMR (SMR), [2](#)

pSMR (SMR), [2](#)

qSMR (SMR), [2](#)

rSMR (SMR), [2](#)

SMR, [2](#)

SMR-package (SMR), [2](#)