

Package ‘bmggum’

May 7, 2026

Title Bayesian Multidimensional Generalized Graded Unfolding Model

Version 0.1.0

Date 2021-4-8

Description

Full Bayesian estimation of Multidimensional Generalized Graded Unfolding Model (MG-GUM) using 'rstan' (See Stan Development Team (2020) <<https://mc-stan.org/>>).

Functions are provided for estimation, result extraction, model fit statistics, and plottings.

License GPL (>= 3)

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.1.1.9000

Biarch true

Depends R (>= 3.4.0)

Imports methods, Rcpp (>= 0.12.0), RcppParallel (>= 5.0.1), rstan (>= 2.18.1), rstantools (>= 2.1.1), edstan, ggplot2, GGUM, loo, stats

LinkingTo BH (>= 1.66.0), Rcpp (>= 0.12.0), RcppEigen (>= 0.3.3.3.0), RcppParallel (>= 5.0.1), rstan (>= 2.18.1), StanHeaders (>= 2.18.0)

SystemRequirements GNU make

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <https://github.com/Naidantu/bmggum>

BugReports <https://github.com/Naidantu/bmggum/issues>

NeedsCompilation yes

Author Naidan Tu [aut, cre],
Bo Zhang [aut]

Maintainer Naidan Tu <naidantu@usf.edu>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2021-04-09 08:50:06 UTC

Contents

bmggum-package	2
bayesplot	2
bmggum	3
extract	5
itemplot	6
modfit	7
Index	8

bmggum-package	<i>The 'bmggum' package.</i>
----------------	------------------------------

Description

Full Bayesian estimation of Multidimensional Generalized Graded Unfolding Model (MGGUM)

References

Stan Development Team (2020). RStan: the R interface to Stan. R package version 2.21.2.
<https://mc-stan.org>

bayesplot	<i>bayesian convergence diagnosis plotting function</i>
-----------	---

Description

This function provides plots including density plots, trace plots, and auto-correlation plots to aid model convergence diagnosis.

Usage

```
bayesplot(x, pars, plot, inc_warmup = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	returned object
pars	Names of plotted parameters. They can be "theta", "alpha", "delta", "tau", "cor", "lambda", or a subset of parameters. See vignette for bmggum for more details.
plot	Types of plots. They can be "density", "trace", or "autocorrelation".
inc_warmup	Whether to include warmup iterations or not when plotting. The default is FALSE.

Value

Selected plots for selected parameters

Examples

```

Data <- c(1,4,2,3)
Data <- matrix(Data,nrow = 2)
deli <- c(1,-1,2,1)
deli <- matrix(deli,nrow = 2)
ind <- c(1,2)
ind <- t(ind)
cova <- c(0.70, -1.25)
mod <- bmggum(GGUM.Data=Data,delindex=deli,trait=2,ind=ind,option=4,covariate=cova,iter=5,chains=1)
bayesplot(mod, 'alpha', 'density', inc_warmup=FALSE)

```

bmggum	<i>Bayesian Multidimensional Generalized Graded Unfolding Model (bmggum)</i>
--------	--

Description

This function implements full Bayesian estimation of Multidimensional Generalized Graded Unfolding Model (MGGUM) using rstan

Usage

```

bmggum(
  GGUM.Data,
  delindex,
  trait,
  ind,
  option,
  model = "UM8",
  covariate = NULL,
  iter = 1000,
  chains = 3,
  warmup = floor(iter/2),
  adapt_delta = 0.9,
  max_treedepth = 15,
  init = "random",
  thin = 1,
  cores = 2,
  ma = 0,
  va = 0.5,
  mdne = -1,
  mdnu = 0,
  mdpo = 1,
  vd = 1,
  mt = seq(-3, 0, 3/(option - 1)),
  vt = 2
)

```

Arguments

GGUM.Data	Response data in wide format
delindex	A two-row data matrix: the first row is the item number (1, 2, 3, 4...); the second row indicates the signs of delta for each item (-1,0,1,...). For items that have negative deltas for sure, "-1" should be assigned; for items that have positive deltas, "1" should be assigned; for items whose deltas may be either positive or negative (e.g., intermediate items), "0" should be assigned. We recommend at least two positive and two negative items per trait for better estimation.
trait	The number of latent traits.
ind	A row vector mapping each item to each trait. For example, c(1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2) means that the first 3 items belong to trait 1 and the last 3 items belong to trait 2.
option	The number of response options.
model	Models fitted. They can be "UM8", "UM7", and "UM4". The default is UM8, which is the GGUM model. UM4 is UM8 with $\alpha = 1$, called partial credit unfolding model. UM7 is UM8 with equal taus across items, called generalized rating scale unfolding model.
covariate	An $p \times c$ person covariate matrix where p equals sample size and c equals the number of covariates. The default is NULL, meaning no person covariate.
iter	The number of iterations. The default value is 1000. See documentation for rstan for more details.
chains	The number of chains. The default value is 3. See documentation for rstan for more details.
warmup	The number of warmups to discard. The default value is $0.5 \times \text{iterations}$. See documentation for rstan for more details.
adapt_delta	Target average proposal acceptance probability during Stan's adaptation period. The default value is 0.90. See documentation for rstan for more details.
max_treedepth	Cap on the depth of the trees evaluated during each iteration. The default value is 15. See documentation for rstan for more details.
init	Initial values for estimated parameters. The default is random initial values. See documentation for rstan for more details.
thin	Thinning. The default value is 1. See documentation for rstan for more details.
cores	The number of computer cores used for parallel computing. The default value is 2.
ma	Mean of the prior distribution for alpha, which follows a lognormal distribution. The default value is 0.
va	Standard deviation of the prior distribution for alpha. The default value is 0.5.
mdne	Mean of the prior distribution for negative deltas, which follows a normal distribution. The default value is -1.
mdnu	Mean of the prior distribution for neutral deltas, which follows a normal distribution. The default value is 0.
mdpo	Mean of the prior distribution for positive deltas, which follows a normal distribution. The default value is 1.

vd	Standard deviation of the prior distribution for deltas. The default value is 1.
mt	Means of the prior distributions for taus, which follows a normal distribution. The default values are seq(-3, 0, 3/(options-1)). The last one has to be 0. For items with only 2 options, we recommend to use (-2, 0) as means of priors.
vt	Standard deviation of the prior distribution for taus. The default value is 2.

Value

Result object that stores information including the (1) stanfit object, (2) estimated item parameters, (3) estimated person parameters, (4) correlations among traits, (5) regression coefficients linking person covariates to each trait, (6) response data (excluding respondents who endorse a single option across all items), and (7) the input row vector mapping each item to each trait. Note that when covariates are included, output (4) represents residual correlations among the traits after controlling for the covariates.

Examples

```
Data <- c(1,4,2,3)
Data <- matrix(Data,nrow = 2)
deli <- c(1,-1,2,1)
deli <- matrix(deli,nrow = 2)
ind <- c(1,2)
ind <- t(ind)
cova <- c(0.70, -1.25)
mod <- bmggum(GGUM.Data=Data,delindex=deli,trait=2,ind=ind,option=4,covariate=cova,iter=5,chains=1)
```

extract

results extraction

Description

This function extracts estimation results.

Usage

```
extract(x, pars)
```

Arguments

x	returned object
pars	Names of extracted parameters. They can be "theta" (person trait estimates), "alpha" (item discrimination parameters), "delta" (item location parameters), "tau" (item threshold parameters), "cor" (correlations among latent traits), "lambda" (regression coefficients linking person covariates to latent traits), "data" (GGUM.Data after deleting respondents who endorse the same response options across all items), "fit" (the stanfit object), and "dimension" (the input row vector mapping each item to each trait). Note that when the model is UM4 in which alpha is fixed to 1, the extracted alpha is a n*1 matrix where n equals to the number of items.

Value

Selected results output

Examples

```
Data <- c(1,4,2,3)
Data <- matrix(Data,nrow = 2)
deli <- c(1,-1,2,1)
deli <- matrix(deli,nrow = 2)
ind <- c(1,2)
ind <- t(ind)
cova <- c(0.70, -1.25)
mod <- bmggum(GGUM.Data=Data,delindex=deli,trait=2,ind=ind,option=4,covariate=cova,iter=5,chains=1)
alpha <- extract(mod, 'alpha')
```

itemplot	<i>item plotting function including observable response categories (ORCs)</i>
----------	---

Description

This function provides item plots including observable response categories plots.

Usage

```
itemplot(x, items = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	returned object
items	The items to be plotted. The default is all the items.

Value

Selected ORC plots for selected items

Examples

```
Data <- c(1,4,2,3)
Data <- matrix(Data,nrow = 2)
deli <- c(1,-1,2,1)
deli <- matrix(deli,nrow = 2)
ind <- c(1,2)
ind <- t(ind)
cova <- c(0.70, -1.25)
mod <- bmggum(GGUM.Data=Data,delindex=deli,trait=2,ind=ind,option=4,covariate=cova,iter=5,chains=1)
itemplot(mod, items=1)
```

modfit	<i>Model fit</i>
--------	------------------

Description

This function provides model fit statistics.

Usage

```
modfit(x, index = "loo")
```

Arguments

x	returned object
index	Model fit indices. They can be "waic", which is the widely applicable information criterion, "loo", which is the leave-one-out cross-validation, or "chisq.df", which is the adjusted chi-square degrees of freedom ratios for each trait separately that were introduced by Drasgow et al. (1995). The default is loo. Note that chisq.df can only be computed when the sample size is large. See documentation for loo and GGUM for more details.

Value

Selected model fit statistics

Examples

```
Data <- c(1,4,2,3)
Data <- matrix(Data,nrow = 2)
deli <- c(1,-1,2,1)
deli <- matrix(deli,nrow = 2)
ind <- c(1,2)
ind <- t(ind)
cova <- c(0.70, -1.25)
mod <- bmgum(GGUM.Data=Data,delindex=deli,trait=2,ind=ind,option=4,covariate=cova,iter=5,chains=1)
waic <- modfit(mod, 'waic')
```

Index

bayesplot, [2](#)
bmggum, [3](#)
bmggum-package, [2](#)

extract, [5](#)

itemplot, [6](#)

modfit, [7](#)