

Package ‘codaredistlm’

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Type Package

Title Compositional Data Linear Models with Composition Redistribution

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Description Provided data containing an outcome variable, compositional variables and additional covariates (optional); linearly regress the outcome variable on an isometric log ratio (ilr) transformation of the linearly dependent compositional variables. The package provides predictions (with confidence intervals) in the change (delta) in the outcome/response variable based on the multiple linear regression model and evenly spaced reallocations of the compositional values. The compositional data analysis approach implemented is outlined in Dumuid et al. (2017a) <[doi:10.1177/0962280217710835](https://doi.org/10.1177/0962280217710835)> and Dumuid et al. (2017b) <[doi:10.1177/0962280217737805](https://doi.org/10.1177/0962280217737805)>.

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URL <https://github.com/tystan/codaredistlm>

BugReports <https://github.com/tystan/codaredistlm/issues>

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Imports compositions, ggplot2, broom, knitr

Suggests testthat

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

NeedsCompilation no

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Contents

append_ilr_coords	2
check_input_args	3
check_strictly_positive_vals	3
cols_exist	4
compare_two_lm	4
create_comparison_matrix	5
create_v_mat	5
extract_lm_quantities	6
fairclough	6
fat_data	8
fit_lm	8
is_deltacomp_obj	9
is_lm_mod	9
is_null_or_na	10
plot_delta_comp	10
predict_delta_comps	11
print_ilr_trans	14

Index	15
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append_ilr_coords	<i>Add ILR coordinates to a data.frame containing composition variables</i>
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Description

Add ILR coordinates to a data.frame containing composition variables

Usage

```
append_ilr_coords(dataf, comps, psi)
```

Arguments

dataf	data.frame containing composition variables
comps	character vector of composition variable names in dataf
psi	ilrBase passed to compositions::ilr()

check_input_args	<i>Sanity checks for arguments passed to predict_delta_comps()</i>
------------------	--

Description

Sanity checks for arguments passed to predict_delta_comps()

Usage

```
check_input_args(dataf, y, comps, covars, deltas)
```

Arguments

dataf	A data.frame containing data
y	Name (as string/character vector of length 1) of outcome variable in dataf
comps	Character vector of names of compositions in dataf. See details for more information.
covars	Character vector of covariates names (non-comp variables) in dataf or NULL for none (default).
deltas	A vector of time-component changes (as proportions of compositions , i.e., values between -1 and 1). Optional.

Details

Throws errors for any problematic input. Returns TRUE invisibly if no issues found.

check_strictly_positive_vals	<i>Check if compositional variable are strictly greater than 0</i>
------------------------------	--

Description

Check if compositional variable are strictly greater than 0

Usage

```
check_strictly_positive_vals(dataf, comps, tol = 1e-06)
```

Arguments

dataf	data.frame containing composition variables
comps	character vector of composition variable names in dataf
tol	a numeric value that compositional values are expected to be greater or equal than. 1e-6 is default

Value

If any compositional values are found to be strictly less than tol and erro is thrown. Returns TRUE invisibly otherwise.

cols_exist	<i>Check whether columns exist in a data.frame</i>
------------	--

Description

Check whether columns exist in a data.frame

Usage

```
cols_exist(dataf, cols)
```

Arguments

dataf	a data.frame
cols	character vector of columns to be checked in dataf

Value

An error if all cols not present in dataf. Returns TRUE invisibly otherwise.

compare_two_lm	<i>Statistical test of the collective significance of the ilr variables</i>
----------------	---

Description

Statistical test of the collective significance of the ilr variables

Usage

```
compare_two_lm(y_str, X1, X2)
```

Arguments

y_str	a string representation of the column in X1 (and X2) that is the outcome
X1	a data.frame or matrix that contains a subset of the predictor variables in X2 and outcome variable
X2	a data.frame or matrix that contains the predictor variables and outcome variable

Value

Returns NULL invisibly. The ANOVA analysis is printed to the console, that is, the statistical test of whether the additional predictors in X2 improve the model significantly from the model with only the subset of predictors in X1.

```
create_comparison_matrix
```

Creates row-wise perturbations of compositions from the mean composition

Description

Creates row-wise perturbations of compositions from the mean composition

Usage

```
create_comparison_matrix(comparisons, comps, mean_comps)
```

Arguments

comparisons	currently two choices: "one-v-one" or "prop-realloc" (default).
comps	the names (character vector) of the compositional variables
mean_comps	the mean composition of comps

Details

comparisons = "one-v-one" creates a matrix with `length(comps)` columns and `length(comps) * (length(comps) - 1)` rows. The rows contain all pairs of variables with 1 and -1 values.

comparisons = "prop-realloc" creates a matrix with `length(comps)` columns and `length(comps)` rows. Each row contains a 1 value for a compositional variable and the remaining values sum to -1 proportional to the `mean_comps` value for those variables.

Note that for both comparisons options the net change is 0 (each row sums to 0).

```
create_v_mat
```

Create ilr basis matrix (V)

Description

Create ilr basis matrix (V)

Usage

```
create_v_mat(n_comp)
```

Arguments

n_comp	the number of compositional variables
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Value

A n_{comp} by $n_{\text{comp}} - 1$ matrix where each column relates to one ilr variable

The ilr basis made so that the numerator (+ values) for the i th column is in the i th row. All values below the + value in the column are set to -1 (the denominator).

The ilr basis for 3 compositional vars is $(2, -1, -1)/\sqrt{6}$, $(0, 1, -1)/\sqrt{2}$.

The ilr basis for 4 comp vars is $(3, -1, -1, -1)/\sqrt{12}$, $(0, 2, -1, -1)/\sqrt{6}$, $(0, 0, 1, -1)/\sqrt{2}$.

etc

`extract_lm_quantities` *Extract critical quantities from a lm object (for confidence interval calculations)*

Description

Extract critical quantities from a lm object (for confidence interval calculations)

Usage

```
extract_lm_quantities(lm_X, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

`lm_X` a lm object
`alpha` level of significance. Defaults to 0.05.

Value

A list containing the lm model matrix (`dmX`), the inverse of $t(dmX) \times dmX$ (`XtX_inv`), the standard error (`s_e`), the estimated single column beta matrix (`beta_hat`), and the critical value of the relevant degrees of freedom t-dist (`crit_val`).

`fairclough` *Data from Fairclough (2017). Fitness, fatness and the reallocation of time between children's daily movement behaviours: an analysis of compositional data*

Description

A dataset containing `z_bmi` (outcome), time-use compositions (`sl,sb,lpa,mvpa`), and covariates from the Fairclough (2017) paper. The data can be found in supp file 7 of the paper at <https://link.springer.com/article/10.1186/s129017-0521-z>.

Usage

```
data(fairclough)
```

Format

A data frame with 169 rows and 21 variables

Details

The variables in the data are as follows:

- child_id
- school
- sex
- decimal_age
- imd_decile
- height mass
- bmi
- z_bmi
- itof_grade
- waist_circ
- whtr
- shuttles_20m
- wear_time
- sed
- lpa
- mpa
- vpa
- mvpa
- sleep
- min_in_day

References

Fairclough, Stuart J. and Dumuid, Dorothea and Taylor, Sarah and Curry, Whitney and McGrane, Bronagh and Stratton, Gareth and Maher, Carol and Olds, Timothy. Fitness, fatness and the reallocation of time between children's daily movement behaviours: an analysis of compositional data. *International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity*, 2017. 14(1): 64.

fat_data	<i>Randomly generated data to simulate child fat percentage regressed on time-use compositional data</i>
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Description

A dataset containing fat percentage (outcome), time-use compositions (sl,sb,lpa,mvpa), and covariates (sibs,parents,ed). Note sl+sb+lpa+mvpa=1440 minutes for each subject. The variables are as follows:

Usage

```
data(fat_data)
```

Format

A data frame with 100 rows and 8 variables

Details

- fat. child fat percentage (11.29–29.99)
- sl. daily sleep in minutes (283–765)
- sb. sedentary behaviour in minutes (354–789)
- lpa. low-intensity physical activity in minutes (157–507)
- mvpa. moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity in minutes (35–155)
- sibs. number of siblings (0,1,2,3,4)
- parents. number of parents/caregivers at home (1,2)
- ed. education level of parent(s) (0=high school, 1=diploma, 2=degree)

fit_lm	<i>fit linear model based on input data.frame</i>
--------	---

Description

fit linear model based on input data.frame

Usage

```
fit_lm(y_str, X, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

y_str	a string representation of the column in X that is the outcome
X	a data.frame or matrix that contains the predictor and outcome variables
verbose	if TRUE (default), a model summary will be printed to the console

Value

A `lm` object where the `y_str` column has been regressed against the remaining columns of `X` (with an intercept term as well).

`is_deltacomp_obj` *Is object that is returned from `pred_delta_comps()`?*

Description

Is object that is returned from `pred_delta_comps()`?

Usage

```
is_deltacomp_obj(x)
```

Arguments

`x` object to be tested

Value

Boolean TRUE or FALSE

`is_lm_mod` *Is object that is returned from `lm()`?*

Description

Is object that is returned from `lm()`?

Usage

```
is_lm_mod(x)
```

Arguments

`x` object to be tested

Value

Boolean TRUE or FALSE

is_null_or_na	<i>Catch NULL, empty and objects containing NAs</i>
---------------	---

Description

Catch NULL, empty and objects containing NAs

Usage

```
is_null_or_na(x)
```

Arguments

x	object to be tested
---	---------------------

Value

Boolean. If object is NULL, empty or contains NA then TRUE returned. FALSE otherwise.

plot_delta_comp	<i>Plot redistributed time-use predictions from compositional ilr multiple linear regression model fit</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Plot redistributed time-use predictions from compositional ilr multiple linear regression model fit by predict_delta_comps()

Usage

```
plot_delta_comp(dc_obj, comp_total = NULL, units_lab = NULL)
```

Arguments

dc_obj	A deltacomp_obj object returned from the function predict_delta_comps
comp_total	A numeric scalar that is the original units of the composition to make the x-axis the original scale instead of in the range $[\min(\text{delta}), \max(\text{delta})]$ in $(-1, 1)$.
units_lab	Character string of the units of the compositions relating to comp_total to add to the x-axis label

Value

Returns a plot object from the ggplot2 package (that is, class of gg and ggplot).

Author(s)

Ty Stanford <tystan@gmail.com>

Examples

```
data(fairclough)

deltacomp_df <-
  predict_delta_comps(
    dataf = fairclough,
    y = "z_bmi",
    comps = c("sleep", "sed", "lpa", "mvpa"),
    covars = c("decimal_age", "sex"),
    deltas = seq(-20, 20, by = 5) / (24 * 60),
    comparisons = "prop-realloc",
    alpha = 0.05
  )
class(deltacomp_df)

plot_delta_comp(
  dc_obj = deltacomp_df,
  comp_total = 24 * 60,
  units_lab = "min"
)

deltacomp_df <-
  predict_delta_comps(
    dataf = fairclough,
    y = "z_bmi",
    comps = c("sleep", "sed", "lpa", "mvpa"),
    covars = c("decimal_age", "sex"),
    deltas = seq(-20, 20, by = 5) / (24 * 60),
    comparisons = "one-v-one",
    alpha = 0.05
  )

plot_delta_comp(
  dc_obj = deltacomp_df,
  comp_total = 24 * 60,
  units_lab = "min"
)
```

predict_delta_comps *Get predictions from compositional ilr multiple linear regression model*

Description

Provided the data (containing outcome, compositional components and covariates), fit a ilr multiple linear regression model and provide predictions from reallocating compositional values pairwise amongst the components model.

Usage

```

predict_delta_comps(
  dataf,
  y,
  comps,
  covars = NULL,
  deltas = c(0, 10, 20)/(24 * 60),
  comparisons = c("prop-realloc", "one-v-one")[1],
  alpha = 0.05
)

```

Arguments

dataf	A data.frame containing data
y	Name (as string/character vector of length 1) of outcome variable in dataf
comps	Character vector of names of compositions in dataf. See details for more information.
covars	Optional. Character vector of covariates names (non-comp variables) in dataf. Defaults to NULL.
deltas	A vector of time-component changes (as proportions of compositions, i.e., values between -1 and 1). Optional. Changes in compositions to be computed pairwise. Defaults to 0, 10 and 20 minutes as a proportion of the 1440 minutes in a day (i.e., approximately 0.000, 0.007 and 0.014).
comparisons	Currently two choices: "one-v-one" or "prop-realloc" (default). Please see details for explanation of these methods.
alpha	Optional. Level of significance. Defaults to 0.05.

Details

Values in the comps columns must be strictly greater than zero. These compositional values are NOT assumed to be constrained to (0, 1) values as the function normalises the compositions row-wise to sum to 1 in part of its processing of the dataset before analysis.

Please see the `delcomp` package README.md file for examples and explanation of the comparisons = "prop-realloc" and comparisons = "one-v-one" options.

Value

Messages are printed to the console as the function tests the inputs, produces the isometric log ratios (ilrs), fits the linear model and produces the redistributed time-use predictions (with confidence intervals).

Returns a data.frame of the time-use redistribution predictions (and 95% confidence intervals) with the following columns:

- comp+: the compositional variable with the addition of the delta value
- comp-: the compositional variable with the subtraction of the delta value
- delta: the time-use redistribution value

- alpha: significance level for the 100(1-alpha)% confidence interval
- delta_pred: the predicted mean change in the outcome variable
- ci_lo: the lower limit of 100(1-alpha)% confidence interval corresponding to delta_pred
- ci_up: the upper limit of 100(1-alpha)% confidence interval corresponding to delta_pred
- sig: "*" if the delta_pred is significantly different from 0 at the alpha level (empty string otherwise)

The data.frame has a class of `deltacomp_obj` which denotes there are additional attributes of the returned object accessible using `attr(*, "attribute_name")`.

The possible values for "attribute_name" are:

- `dataf`: a data.frame of the predictors (covariates and `ilrs`)
- `y`: a vector of the outcome variable
- `comps`: a character vector of the time-use composition names
- `lm`: the `lm` object of the multiple linear regression fit (using `y` and `dataf` from above)
- `deltas`: the redistributed time-use values used in the predictions
- `comparisons`: "one-v-one" or "prop-realloc" provided as the comparisons argument
- alpha: significance level for the 100(1-alpha)% confidence intervals
- `ilr_basis`: the `ilr` change of basis matrix V
- `mean_pred`: a single row data.frame with the predicted mean outcome (`fit` column) value from the "average" set of predictors

Author(s)

Ty Stanford <tystan@gmail.com>

Examples

```
predict_delta_comps(
  dataf = fat_data,
  y = "fat",
  comps = c("sl", "sb", "lpa", "mvpa"),
  covars = c("sibs", "parents", "ed"),
  deltas = seq(-60, 60, by = 5) / (24 * 60),
  comparisons = "one-v-one",
  alpha = 0.05
)
```

```
delta_comp_out <- predict_delta_comps(
  dataf = fat_data,
  y = "fat",
  comps = c("sl", "sb", "lpa", "mvpa"),
  covars = NULL,
  deltas = seq(-60, 60, by = 5) / (24 * 60),
  comparisons = "prop-realloc",
  alpha = 0.05
)
```

```
# get the mean prediction from the returned object  
attr(delta_comp_out, "mean_pred")
```

`print_ilr_trans` *Print the ilr transformation of provided composition parts to console*

Description

Print the ilr transformation of provided composition parts to console

Usage

```
print_ilr_trans(comps)
```

Arguments

`comps` a character vector of compositional parts

Value

a character vector of representing the ilr transformation of the `comps` is returned invisibly as the function's purpose is simply to print to the R console

Index

* datasets

fairclough, 6

fat_data, 8

append_ilr_coords, 2

check_input_args, 3

check_strictly_positive_vals, 3

cols_exist, 4

compare_two_lm, 4

create_comparison_matrix, 5

create_v_mat, 5

extract_lm_quantities, 6

fairclough, 6

fat_data, 8

fit_lm, 8

is_deltacomp_obj, 9

is_lm_mod, 9

is_null_or_na, 10

plot_delta_comp, 10

predict_delta_comps, 11

print_ilr_trans, 14