

Package ‘cofad’

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Type Package

Title Contrast Analyses for Factorial Designs

Version 0.3.3

Description Contrast analysis for factorial designs provides an alternative to the traditional ANOVA approach, offering the distinct advantage of testing targeted hypotheses. The foundation of this package is primarily rooted in the works of Rosenthal, Rosnow, and Rubin (2000, ISBN: 978-0521659802) as well as Sedlmeier and Renkewitz (2018, ISBN: 978-3868943214).

License LGPL (>= 3)

URL <https://github.com/johannes-titz/cofad>

Depends R (>= 3.5)

Imports dplyr, Hmisc, magrittr, readr, rhandsontable, rlang, shiny, shinydashboard, shinyjs, stringr, tibble, utils

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Author Johannes Titz [aut, cre],
Markus Burkhardt [aut],
Mirka Henninger [ctb],
Simone Malejka [ctb]

Maintainer Johannes Titz <johannes.titz@gmail.com>

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akan

Data from Akan et al. (2018), experiment 2B

Description

Data contains information from a within-subjects experiment with N = 90 participants. The goal of the experiment was to investigate the benefits of retrieval practice on memory performance. For the entire dataset and analysis scripts see: <https://osf.io/bqr5f/>. The data was licensed under CC-BY 4.0 Melisa Akan, Aaron Benjamin.

Usage

data(akan)

Format

a data frame with 270 rows and 3 variables:

subject subject id

condition experimental condition (test, restudy, control)

contexts dependent variable

Source

Akan, M., Stanley, S. E., & Benjamin, A. S. (2018). Testing enhances memory for context. *Journal of Memory and Language*, 103, 19–27. doi:10.1016/j.jml.2018.07.003

calc_contrast

Calculate contrast analysis for factorial designs

Description

Calculate contrast analysis for factorial designs

Usage

```
calc_contrast(
  dv,
  between = NULL,
  lambda_between = NULL,
  within = NULL,
  lambda_within = NULL,
  ID = NULL,
  id = NULL,
  data = NULL
)
```

Arguments

dv	dependent variable. Values must be numeric.
between	independent variable that divides the data into independent groups. Vector must be a factor.
lambda_between	contrast weights must be a named numeric. Names must match the levels of between. If lambda_between does not sum up to zero, this will be done automatically.
within	independent variable which divides the data into dependent groups. This must be a factor.
lambda_within	contrast must be a named numeric. Names must match the levels of between. If lambda_within does not sum up to zero, this will be done automatically.
ID	deprecated, use id instead
id	identifier for cases or subjects is needed for within- and mixed contrast analysis.
data	optional argument for the data.frame containing dv and groups.

Details

For multi-factorial designs, the lambda weights of the factors must be connected.

Note that cofad returns one-sided p-values for t-tests.

Value

an object of type cofad_bw or cofad_wi or cofad_mx, including p-value, F-value, contrast weights, different effect sizes. Call summary on this object to get a nice overview of all relevant statistics. Call print to get a short text that can be used for a report.

References

Rosenthal, R., Rosnow, R.L., & Rubin, D.B. (2000). *Contrasts and effect sizes in behavioral research: A correlational approach*. New York: Cambridge University Press.

Examples

```
# Example for between-subjects design Table 3.1 from
# Rosenthal, Rosnow and Rubin (2001)

data(rosenthal_tbl31)
contr_bw <- calc_contrast(
  dv = dv,
  between = between,
  lambda_between = c("A" = -3, "B" = -1, "C" = 1, "D" = 3),
  data = rosenthal_tbl31)
contr_bw
summary(contr_bw)

# Example for within-subjects design Calculation 16.6 from
# Sedlmeier and Renkewitz (2018, p. 537)

data(sedlmeier_p537)
contr_wi <- calc_contrast(
  dv = reading_test,
  within = music,
  id = participant,
  lambda_within = c(
    "without music" = 1.25,
    "white noise" = 0.25,
    "classic" = -0.75,
    "jazz" = -0.75
  ),
  data = sedlmeier_p537
)
contr_wi
summary(contr_wi, ci = .90)

# Example for mixed-design Table 5.3 from
# Rosenthal, Rosnow and Rubin (2001)
```

```

data(rosenthal_tbl53)

contr_mx <- calc_contrast(dv = dv, between = between,
  lambda_between = c("age8" = -1, "age10" = 0, "age12" = 1),
  within = within,
  lambda_within = c("1" = -3, "2" = -1, "3" = 1, "4" = 3),
  id = id, data = rosenthal_tbl53
)

contr_mx
summary(contr_mx)

```

calc_contrast_aggregated

Calculate between contrast analysis from aggregated data (means, sds and ns)

Description

Calculate between contrast analysis from aggregated data (means, sds and ns)

Usage

```
calc_contrast_aggregated(means, sds, ns, between, lambda_between, data)
```

Arguments

means	numeric vector of mean values for every condition
sds	numeric vector of standard deviation values for every condition
ns	numeric vector of sample size values for every condition
between	factor for the independent variable that divides the data into independent groups
lambda_between	numeric vector for contrast weights. Names must match the levels of between. If lambda_between does not sum up to zero, this will be done automatically (centering).
data	optional argument for the data . frame containing all variables except for lambda_between

Value

an object of type cofad_bw, including p-value, F-value, contrast weights, different effect sizes

References

Rosenthal, R., Rosnow, R.L., & Rubin, D.B. (2000). Contrasts and effect sizes in behavioral research: A correlational approach. New York: Cambridge University Press.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
furr_agg <- furr_p4 %>%
  group_by(major) %>%
  summarize(mean = mean(empathy), sd = sd(empathy), n = n())
lambdas = c("psychology" = 1, "education" = -1, "business" = 0,
            "chemistry" = 0)
calc_contrast_aggregated(mean, sd, n, major, lambdas, furr_agg)
```

calc_r_alerting	<i>Calculate r_alerting from r_contrast and r_effectsize</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Convenience function to transform effect sizes in contrast analyses.

Usage

```
calc_r_alerting(r_contrast, r_effectsize)
```

Arguments

r_contrast	what it says
r_effectsize	what it says

calc_r_alerting_from_f	<i>Calculate r_alerting from F-values</i>
------------------------	---

Description

Convenience function to calculate effect sizes in contrast analyses.

Usage

```
calc_r_alerting_from_f(f_contrast, f_between, df_between)
```

Arguments

f_contrast	F value from contrast analysis
f_between	F value from ANOVA (one between variable!)
df_between	degrees of freedom of ANOVA

calc_r_contrast	<i>Calculate r_contrast from r_alerting and r_effectsize</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Convenience function to transform effect sizes in contrast analyses.

Usage

```
calc_r_contrast(r_alerting, r_effectsize)
```

Arguments

r_alerting	what it says
r_effectsize	what it says

calc_r_effectsize	<i>Calculate r_effectsize from r_contrast and r_alerting</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Convenience function to transform effect sizes in contrast analyses.

Usage

```
calc_r_effectsize(r_alerting, r_contrast)
```

Arguments

r_alerting	what it says
r_contrast	what it says

furr_p4

Empathy data set by Furr (2004)

Description

fictitious data set on empathy ratings of students from different majors

Usage

```
data(furr_p4)
```

Format

a data frame with 20 rows and 2 columns

empathy Empathy rating

major major of student

Source

Furr, R. M. (2004). Interpreting effect sizes in contrast analysis. *Understanding Statistics*, 3, 1–25.
https://doi.org/10.1207/s15328031us0301_1

haans_within1by4

Haans within data example

Description

Fictitious data set from Haans, A. (2018). Contrast Analysis: A Tutorial. <https://doi.org/10.7275/7DEY-ZD62>

Usage

```
data(haans_within1by4)
```

Format

a data frame with 20 rows and 3 variables:

person person id

name group name (sitting row 1 to 4)

value dv, final exam grade

 maraver

Data from Maraver et al. (2021)

Description

The dataset originates from a between-subjects experiment with $N = 120$ participants. The experiment aimed to examine whether instructions to imagine the study material could reduce false memories. Full dataset and analysis scripts are available at: https://osf.io/v8apj/?view_only=9969d17536f54053a72be19c050c4767.

Usage

```
data(maraver)
```

Format

a data frame with 120 rows and 3 variables:

id subject id

condition experimental condition (imagine, memorize, pay_attention)

prop_recalled dependent variable

Source

Maraver, M. J., Lapa, A., Garcia-Marques, L., Carneiro, P., & Raposo, A. (2021). Imagination Reduces False Memories for Everyday Action Sentences: Evidence From Pragmatic Inferences. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 12. doi:10.3389/fpsyg.2021.668899

 print.cofad_bw

Output of between-subject design contrast analysis

Description

Output of between-subject design contrast analysis

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cofad_bw'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x output of calc_contrast
 ... further arguments

Value

Displays the significance of the contrast analysis. The contrast weights, the corresponding group and an effectsizes are given.

print.cofad_mx	<i>Output of a mixed design contrast analysis</i>
----------------	---

Description

Output of a mixed design contrast analysis

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cofad_mx'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	output of calc_contrast
...	further arguments

Value

Displays the significance of the contrast analysis. The contrastweights, the corresponding group and an effectsizes are given.

print.cofad_wi	<i>Output of a within subject design contrast analysis</i>
----------------	--

Description

Output of a within subject design contrast analysis

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cofad_wi'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	output of calc_contrast
...	further arguments

Value

Displays the significance of the contrast analysis. The contrastweights, the corresponding group and an effectsizes are given.

rosenthal_chap5_q2 *Complexity data set by Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)*

Description

Exercise 2 from Chapter 5 (table on p. 147) in Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)

Usage

```
data(rosenthal_chap5_q2)
```

Format

a data frame with 12 rows and 4 columns

dv dependent variable: rating of degree of complexity of social interaction from a series of clips

id unique identifier of participant

within within variable: complexity of interaction (low, medium high)

between between variable: cognitive complexity of participant (high or low)

Source

Rosenthal, R., Rosnow, R. L., & Rubin, D. B. (2000). *Contrasts and Effect Sizes in Behavioral Research: A Correlational Approach*. Cambridge University Press.

rosenthal_p141 *Data set by Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)*

Description

Fictitious example corresponding to aggregated data set on p. 141 in Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)

Usage

```
data(rosenthal_p141)
```

Format

a data frame with 12 rows and 4 columns

id unique identifier of participant

dv dependent variable

within within variable

between between variable

Source

Rosenthal, R., Rosnow, R. L., & Rubin, D. B. (2000). *Contrasts and Effect Sizes in Behavioral Research: A Correlational Approach*. Cambridge University Press.

rosenthal_tb131 *Data set by Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)*

Description

Table 3.1 in Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000) on p. 38.

Usage

```
data(rosenthal_tb131)
```

Format

a data frame with 20 rows and 2 columns

dv dependent variable

between group (A, B, C, D))

Source

Rosenthal, R., Rosnow, R. L., & Rubin, D. B. (2000). *Contrasts and Effect Sizes in Behavioral Research: A Correlational Approach*. Cambridge University Press.

rosenthal_tb153 *Children data set by Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)*

Description

Table 5.3 in Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000) on p. 129.

Usage

```
data(rosenthal_tb153)
```

Format

a data frame with 36 rows and 4 columns

dv dependent variable

between age group (8, 10, 12 years)

id unique identifier for child

within measurement (1, 2, 3, 4)

Source

Rosenthal, R., Rosnow, R. L., & Rubin, D. B. (2000). *Contrasts and Effect Sizes in Behavioral Research: A Correlational Approach*. Cambridge University Press.

rosenthal_tbl59	<i>Therapy data set by Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Table 5.9 in Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)

Usage

```
data(rosenthal_tbl59)
```

Format

a data frame with 12 rows and 4 columns

id unique identifier

dv dependent variable

med within variable: medication (treatment or placebo)

pt between variable: psychotherapy (treatment or placebo)

Source

Rosenthal, R., Rosnow, R. L., & Rubin, D. B. (2000). *Contrasts and Effect Sizes in Behavioral Research: A Correlational Approach*. Cambridge University Press.

rosenthal_tbl68	<i>Data set by Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Fictitious example of children ability, Table 6.8 in Rosenthal and Rosnow (2000)

Usage

```
data(rosenthal_tbl68)
```

Format

a data frame with 8 rows and 4 columns

id unique identifier of participant

dv dependent variable

within within variable

between between variable

Source

Rosenthal, R., Rosnow, R. L., & Rubin, D. B. (2000). *Contrasts and Effect Sizes in Behavioral Research: A Correlational Approach*. Cambridge University Press.

run_app	<i>Starts the mimosa shiny app</i>
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Description

Starts the mimosa shiny app

Usage

run_app()

schwoebel	<i>Data from Schwoebel et al. (2018)</i>
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Description

For the entire dataset and analysis scripts see:

Usage

data(schwoebel)

Format

a data frame with 64 rows and 2 variables:

condition experimental condition (massed-same, massed-different, spaced-same, spaced-different)

percent_recalled dependent variable

Source

Schwoebel, J., Depperman, A. K., & Scott, J. L. (2018). Distinct episodic contexts enhance retrieval-based learning. *Memory*, 26(9), 1291–1296. doi:10.1080/09658211.2018.1464190

sedlmeier_p525

Problem solving data set by Sedlmeier & Renkewitz (2018)

Description

Example 16.2, table 16.1 in Sedlmeier & Renkewitz (2018). Fictitious data set with 15 boys divided into three groups (no training, boys-specific material, girls-specific training material). The DV is the number of solved problem (similar to the training).

Usage

```
data(sedlmeier_p525)
```

Format

a data frame with 15 rows and 3 columns

lsg dv, number of solved exercises

between group, KT=no training, JT=boys-specific, MT=girls-specific

lambda lambdas used for this example

Source

Sedlmeier, P., & Renkewitz, F. (2018). *Forschungsmethoden und Statistik für Psychologen und Sozialwissenschaftler* (3rd ed.). Pearson Studium.

sedlmeier_p537

Music data set by Sedlmeier & Renkewitz (2018)

Description

Example 16.6, table 16.5 in Sedlmeier & Renkewitz (2018). Fictitious data set with 8 participants that listened to no music, white noise, classical music, and jazz music (within). The DV is a reading test.

Usage

```
data(sedlmeier_p537)
```

Format

a data frame with 32 rows and 3 columns

reading_test dependent variable

participant unique id

music within variable

Source

Sedlmeier, P., & Renkewitz, F. (2018). *Forschungsmethoden und Statistik für Psychologen und Sozialwissenschaftler* (3rd ed.). Pearson Studium.

summary.cofad_bw *Summary of between subject design contrast analysis*

Description

Summary of between subject design contrast analysis

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cofad_bw'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	output of calc_contrast
...	further arguments

Value

Displays type of contrast analysis, lambdas, t-table, ANOVA table and typical effect sizes. If you assign this to a variable, it will be a list with the elements Lambdas, tTable, FTable, Effects.

summary.cofad_mx *Summary of a mixed design contrast analysis*

Description

Summary of a mixed design contrast analysis

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cofad_mx'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	output of calc_contrast
...	further arguments

Value

Displays type of contrast analysis, lambdas, t-table, ANOVA table and typical effect sizes. If you assign this to a variable, it will be a list with the elements Lambdas, tTable, FTable, Effects.

summary.cofad_wi	<i>Summary of within subject design contrast analysis</i>
------------------	---

Description

Summary of within subject design contrast analysis

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cofad_wi'
summary(object, ci = 0.95, ...)
```

Arguments

object	output of calc_contrast
ci	confidence intervall for composite Score (L-Values)
...	further arguments

Value

Displays type of contrast analysis, lambdas, t-table and typical effect sizes. If you assign this to a variable, it will be a list with the elements Lambdas, tTable, Effects.

testing_effect	<i>Testing Effect data</i>
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Description

This dataset originates from a study conducted as part of a research seminar in the Psychology B.Sc. program of the University of Cologne. The study participants learned a list of 20 non-associated word pairs. Each half of the word pair was associated with one of two sources (imaginating the word pair in the sky or underwater). The final memory test (cued recall) was conducted two days later. Cued recall means that one word of the word pair was presented, and the participant had to recall the other word. The participants were randomly assigned into one of three between-participant conditions: restudy, source test, item test.

Usage

```
data(testing_effect)
```

Format

a data frame with 60 rows and 3 variables:

subject the participant's id

condition the between-participant condition

recalled the number of words recalled in the cued-recall test

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