

Package ‘cord’

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Title Community Estimation in G-Models via CORD

Version 0.2.0

Maintainer Xi (Rossi) LUO <xi.rossi.luo@gmail.com>

Author Xi (Rossi) LUO [aut, cre],
Florentina Bunea [aut],
Christophe Giraud [aut]

Description Partitions data points (variables) into communities/clusters, similar to clustering algorithms such as k-means and hierarchical clustering. This package implements a clustering algorithm based on a new metric CORD, defined for high-dimensional parametric or semiparametric distributions. For more details see Bunea et al. (2020), Annals of Statistics <doi:10.1214/18-AOS1794>.

License GPL-3

URL <https://doi.org/10.1214/18-AOS1794>

Encoding UTF-8

Suggests pcaPP

Imports Rcpp

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

NeedsCompilation yes

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Repository CRAN

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Description

Partition data points (variables) into clusters/communities. Reference: Bunea et al (2020). Model assisted variable clustering: Minimax-optimal recovery and algorithms, *Annals of Statistics*, [doi:10.1214/18AOS1794](https://doi.org/10.1214/18AOS1794).

Usage

```
cord(  
  X,  
  tau = 2 * sqrt(log(ncol(X))/nrow(X)),  
  kendall = T,  
  input = c("data", "cor", "dist")  
)
```

Arguments

X	Input data matrix. It should be an n (samples) by p (variables) matrix when input is set to the value "data" by default. It can also be a p by p symmetric matrix when X is a correlation matrix or a distance matrix if input is set accordingly.
tau	Threshold to use at each iteration. A theoretical choice is about $2n^{-1/2} \log^{1/2} p$.
kendall	Whether to compute Kendall's tau correlation matrix from X, when input is set to "data". If FALSE, Pearson's correlation will be computed, usually faster for large p.
input	Type of input X. It should be set to "data" when X is an n (samples) by p (variables) matrix. If X is a correlation matrix or a distance matrix, it should be set to "cor" or "dist" respectively.

Value

list with one element: a vector of integers showing which cluster/community each point is assigned to.

Examples

```
set.seed(100)  
X <- 2*matrix(rnorm(200*2), 200, 10)+matrix(rnorm(200*10), 200, 10)  
cord(X)
```

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