

Package ‘igcop’

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Title Computational Tools for the IG and IGL Copula Families

Version 1.0.2

Description Compute distributional quantities for an Integrated Gamma (IG) or Integrated Gamma Limit (IGL) copula, such as a cdf and density. Compute corresponding conditional quantities such as the cdf and quantiles. Generate data from an IG or IGL copula. See the vignette for formulas, or for a derivation, see Coia, V (2017) ``Forecasting of Nonlinear Extreme Quantiles Using Copula Models." PhD Dissertation, The University of British Columbia.

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.onUnload	<i>Clean up DLL</i>
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Description

As recommended in the "Compiled Code" chapter of the book "R packages" (Version 2) by Hadley Wickham and Jenny Bryan.

Usage

```
.onUnload(libpath)
```

Arguments

libpath	Argument
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.u	<i>Test data</i>
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Description

Internal data used in the test scripts. .u and .v are vectors of matching length containing values between 0 and 1 and reasonably cover the unit square. .cpar is a list of IG copula parameter pairs $c(\theta, \alpha)$, and .theta and .alpha are the corresponding (unique) individual values.

Usage

```
.u
```

```
.v
```

```
.cpar
```

```
.theta
```

```
.alpha
```

Format

Everything is a numeric vector, except `.cpar`, which is a list of bivariate numeric vectors. `.u` and `.v` are of matching length; the rest are not intended to have matching lengths.

An object of class `numeric` of length 17.

An object of class `list` of length 25.

An object of class `numeric` of length 14.

An object of class `numeric` of length 11.

check_alpha	<i>Check validity of copula parameters</i>
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Description

Ensures input values are non-negative.

Usage

```
check_alpha(alpha)
```

```
check_theta(theta)
```

Arguments

`alpha` Values of alpha to check.

`theta` Values of theta to check.

Value

An error if any theta or alpha is negative; an invisible value otherwise. NA values do not throw an error.

dig_vec	<i>Select IG copula quantities: matching inputs</i>
---------	---

Description

The density function, 1|2 conditional cdf, and 1|2 conditional quantile function of the IG copula family. Inputs need to be vectors of the same length. These functions are called by the R functions of the same name, without the `_vec` suffix.

Usage

```
dig_vec(u, v, theta, alpha)
```

```
pcondig12_vec(u, v, theta, alpha)
```

```
qcondig12_vec(p, v, theta, alpha)
```

Arguments

u, v	Copula arguments. Vector of values between 0 and 1.
theta, alpha	IG copula parameters. Vector of positive values.
p	Function inverse argument. Vector of values between 0 and 1.

Details

The `qcondig12()` function needs its own Newton Raphson algorithm. It also needs access to some version of `pcondig12()` and `dig()`. So, these three functions are coded up in C++, each with a scalar and vector pair of functions.

Note

If calling these functions manually, make sure each input are vectors of a common length.

See Also

`dig()`, `pcondig12()`, and `qcondig12()`; and `igl_gen_vec()` and family.

formals_to

Send arguments to a function after vectorizing

Description

When used within a (encapsulating) function, `formals_to` recycles the inputs of the encapsulating function so that they are vectors of the same length, and then sends these updated arguments to some specified function.

Usage

```
formals_to(.fn)
```

Arguments

.fn	The function you want to send the recycled arguments to.
-----	--

Value

The function `.fn` evaluated with the arguments given in the encapsulating function.

Description

Compute distributional quantities for an Integrated Gamma (IG) or IG Limit (IGL) copula, such as a cdf and density, along with conditional quantities such as the cdf, quantiles, and densities. Generate data from a copula.

Usage

Access copula quantities by starting with the p, d, q, or r prefixes, followed by the copula name – either ig or igl, or their conditional versions, condig or condigl.

Author(s)

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Authors:

- Harry Joe

Description

These are the psi, H, and kappa functions of the IG and IGL copula families, but with inputs needing to be vectors of the same length. These functions are called by the R functions of the same name, without the _vec suffix.

Usage

igl_gen_vec(x, alpha)

igl_gen_D_vec(x, alpha)

igl_gen_inv_vec(p, alpha)

igl_kappa_vec(x, alpha)

igl_kappa_D_vec(x, alpha)

igl_kappa_inv_vec(p, alpha)

interp_gen_vec(x, eta, alpha)

interp_gen_inv_vec(p, eta, alpha)

interp_kappa_vec(x, eta, alpha)

interp_kappa_inv_vec(p, eta, alpha)

Arguments

x	Function argument. Vector of non-negative values.
p	Function inverse argument. Vector of values between 0 and 1.
eta, alpha	Function parameters. Vector of positive values.

Note

If calling this function manually, make sure each input are vectors of a common length.

See Also

igl_gen() and family; dig_vec(), pcondig12_vec(), and qcondig12_vec().

interp_gen_inv *IG/IGL Generators and Related Functions*

Description

These are the psi, H, and kappa functions of the IG and IGL copula families.

Usage

interp_gen_inv(p, eta, alpha)

interp_kappa(x, eta, alpha)

interp_kappa_inv(p, eta, alpha)

interp_gen(x, eta, alpha)

igl_kappa(x, alpha)

igl_kappa_D(x, alpha)

igl_kappa_inv(p, alpha)

igl_gen(x, alpha)

igl_gen_D(x, alpha)

igl_gen_inv(p, alpha)

Arguments

p	Function inverse argument. Vector of values between 0 and 1.
eta, alpha	Function parameters. Vector of positive values.
x	Function argument. Vector of non-negative values.

Details

Kappa function and its relatives have prefix `igl_kappa`; Psi function and its relatives have prefix `igl_gen`; Interpolating function H with either kappa or psi has `igl` prefix replaced with `interp`. Relatives of these functions: suffix `inv` indicates inverse; suffix `D` represents function derivative, and `D1` derivative with respect to the first argument. `.` Suffix `_vec` indicates that the entries must be vectors of the same length; `_single` means entries must be scalars.

Value

The function values, as a vector.

Note

Inputs must be recyclable via `vctrs::vec_recycle_common()`.

pcondig21

IG Copula Family Functions

Description

Functions related to the IG copula family, denoted by 'ig'.

Usage

```
pcondig21(v, u, theta, alpha)
qcondig21(p, u, theta, alpha)
qcondig(p, u, theta, alpha)
pcondig(v, u, theta, alpha)
pcondig12(u, v, theta, alpha)
qcondig12(p, v, theta, alpha)
dig(u, v, theta, alpha)
logdig(u, v, theta, alpha)
```

```
pig(u, v, theta, alpha)
```

```
rig(n, theta, alpha)
```

Arguments

u, v	Vectors of values between 0 and 1 representing values of the first and second copula variables.
theta	Parameter of the IG copula family. Vectorized; >0.
alpha	Parameter of the IG copula family. Vectorized; >0.
p	Vector of quantile levels between 0 and 1 to evaluate a quantile function at.
n	Positive integer. Number of observations to randomly draw.

Value

Numeric vector of length equal to the length of the input vector(s).

Note

Inputting two vectors greater than length 1 is allowed, if they're the same length. Also, qcondig21 and pcondig21 are the same as qcondig and pcondig – they're the distributions of variable 2 given 1.

Examples

```
u <- runif(10)
v <- runif(10)
pig(u, v, theta = 5, alpha = 1)
dig(u, v, theta = 2, alpha = 2)
logdig(u, v, theta = 2, alpha = 2)
pcondig21(v, u, theta = 3, alpha = 6)
qcondig21(v, u, theta = 3, alpha = 6)
pcondig12(u, v, theta = 3, alpha = 6)
qcondig12(u, v, theta = 3, alpha = 6)
rig(10, theta = 3, alpha = 3)

# log density available for extra precision
log(dig(0.1, 0.1, 2.5, 12.3)) == logdig(0.1, 0.1, 2.5, 12.3)
```

qcondigl

IGL Copula Family Functions

Description

Functions related to the IGL copula family, denoted by 'igl'.

Usage

```
qcondigl(p, u, alpha)
pcondigl(v, u, alpha)
qcondigl21(p, u, alpha)
pcondigl21(v, u, alpha)
pcondigl12(u, v, alpha)
qcondigl12(p, v, alpha)
digl(u, v, alpha)
pigl(u, v, alpha)
rigl(n, alpha)
logdigl(u, v, alpha)
```

Arguments

p	Vector of quantile levels between 0 and 1 to evaluate a quantile function at.
u, v	Vectors of values between 0 and 1 representing values of the first and second copula variables.
alpha	Single numeric >0; corresponds to parameter alpha in the IGL copula family.
n	Positive integer. Number of observations to randomly draw.

Value

Numeric vector of length equal to the length of the input vector(s).

Note

Inputting two vectors greater than length 1 is allowed, if they're the same length. Also, qcondigl21 and pcondigl21 are the same as qcondigl and pcondigl – they are the distributions of variable 2 given 1.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
u <- runif(10)
v <- runif(10)
pigl(u, v, alpha = 1)
digl(u, v, alpha = 2)
logdigl(u, v, alpha = 0.4)
pcondigl21(v, u, alpha = 6)
qcondigl21(v, u, alpha = 6)
```

```
pcondigl12(u, v, alpha = 6)
qcondigl12(u, v, alpha = 6)
rigl(10, alpha = 3)
```

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