

Package ‘sarp.snowprofile.pyface’

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Title 'python' Modules from Snowpack and Avalanche Research

Description The development of post-processing functionality for simulated snow profiles by the snow and avalanche community is often done in 'python'. This package aims to make some of these tools accessible to 'R' users. Currently integrated modules contain functions to calculate dry snow layer instabilities in support of avalanche hazard assessments following the publications of Richter, Schweizer, Rotach, and Van Herwijnen (2019) <doi:10.5194/tc-13-3353-2019>, and Mayer, Van Herwijnen, Techel, and Schweizer (2022) <doi:10.5194/tc-2022-34>.

URL <http://www.avalancheresearch.ca>

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Language en-CA

Depends sarp.snowprofile (>= 1.3.0)

Imports utils, reticulate, data.table

Config/reticulate list(packages = list(list(package =
 ``scikit-learn"), list(package = ``joblib"), list(package =
 ``numpy"), list(package = ``pandas")))

NeedsCompilation no

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computeCritCutLength *Compute critical crack length*

Description

This function implements Bettina Richter's (2019) parametrization for the critical crack length for flat simulations based on density, grain size, and shear strength. The parametrization also needs the mean density of the slab, which can be computed automatically if a snowprofile object is provided. In case the functions gets a snowprofileLayers object it expects slab_rho being precomputed. This acts as a safety mechanism to ensure that slab_rho is computed over one profile and not over a stacked layers data.frame containing multiple profiles. Note that the critical crack length can be computed alongside the layer probabilities for instability p_unstable in [computePunstable](#).

Usage

```
computeCritCutLength(x)

## S3 method for class 'snowprofileSet'
computeCritCutLength(x)

## S3 method for class 'snowprofile'
computeCritCutLength(x)

## S3 method for class 'snowprofileLayers'
computeCritCutLength(x)
```

Arguments

x [sarp.snowprofile::snowprofileSet](#), [sarp.snowprofile::snowprofile](#), or [sarp.snowprofile::snowprofileLayers](#) object

Value

Input object is returned with \$crit_cut_length (and potentially \$slab_rho) appended to the layers object.

Methods (by class)

- computeCritCutLength(snowprofileSet): for [sarp.snowprofile::snowprofileSets](#)
- computeCritCutLength(snowprofile): for [sarp.snowprofile::snowprofiles](#)
- computeCritCutLength(snowprofileLayers): for [sarp.snowprofile::snowprofileLayers](#)

Author(s)

fherla based on the python function by smayer and brichter

References

Richter, B., Schweizer, J., Rotach, M. W., & Van Herwijnen, A. (2019). Validating modeled critical crack length for crack propagation in the snow cover model SNOWPACK. *The Cryosphere*, 13(12), 3353–3366. <https://doi.org/10.5194/tc-13-3353-2019>

See Also

[computePunstable](#)

computePunstable	<i>Compute probability of layer instability based on random forest model</i>
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Description

This function enables comfortable and fast R access to Stephanie Mayer’s python implementation of her random forest model to estimate the probability of dry snow layer instability. The routine can be run very efficiently on large [sarp.snowprofile::snowprofileSets](#). Layer properties required are sphericity, viscous deformation rate (10e-6 s-1), density (kg m-3), grain size (mm), and the critical crack length (m) (which can be computed very efficiently automatically if shear strength (kPA) is available.) Additionally, skier penetration depth in (m) is required.

Usage

```
computePunstable(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'snowprofileSet'
computePunstable(
  x,
  ski_pen = NA,
  recompute_crit_cut_length = TRUE,
  buffer = TRUE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'snowprofile'
computePunstable(x, ski_pen = NA, recompute_crit_cut_length = TRUE, ...)
```



```
                                remove_soil = TRUE, suppressWarnings = TRUE)
summary(profiles)
names(profiles[[1]]$layers)
## compute p_unstable alongside critical crack length, slab_rho, slab_rhogs:
profiles <- computePunstable(profiles)
names(profiles[[1]]$layers)

} # END dependency and cran clause
```

have_dependencies *Check whether python and dependencies are available on system*

Description

Check whether python and dependencies are available on system

Usage

```
have_dependencies()
```

Value

boolean TRUE/ FALSE

import_pyunstable *Import python module pyunstable*

Description

Convenience wrapper to make python module pyunstable accessible in R session

Usage

```
import_pyunstable()
```

Value

attach python module pyunstable to use python functions therein

See Also

[computePunstable](#)

import_RFmodel	<i>Make RFmodel available for direct python calls</i>
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Description

Convenience wrapper to make the python random forest model for snow layer instability 'p_unstable' accessible in R session

Usage

```
import_RFmodel()
```

Value

attach python RandomForestClassifier to variable RFmodel

See Also

[computePunstable](#)

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