

Package ‘socratadata’

May 9, 2026

Title Explore Socrata Data with Ease

Version 0.1.1

Description Provides an interface to search, read, query, and retrieve metadata for datasets hosted on 'Socrata' open data portals. Supports all 'Socrata' data types, including spatial data returned as 'sf' objects.

License GPL (>= 3)

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.3

Config/rextendr/version 0.4.2

SystemRequirements Cargo (Rust's package manager), rustc >= 1.65.0, xz

Depends R (>= 4.2)

Imports cli, httr2, rlang (>= 1.1.0), sf, tibble

Suggests glue, httptest2, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

Config/testthat/edition 3

URL <https://ryanzomorodi.github.io/socratadata/>,
<https://github.com/ryanzomorodi/socratadata>

BugReports <https://github.com/ryanzomorodi/socratadata/issues>

NeedsCompilation yes

Author Ryan Zomorodi [aut, cre]

Maintainer Ryan Zomorodi <rzomor2@uic.edu>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-10-06 16:50:02 UTC

Contents

soc_discover	2
soc_metadata	4
soc_query	5
soc_read	6

Index	9
--------------	----------

soc_discover	<i>Discover datasets and public data assets using the Socrata Discovery API</i>
--------------	---

Description

Provides access to the Socrata Discovery API, allowing you to search tens of thousands of government datasets and assets published on the Socrata platform. Governments at all levels publish data on topics including crime, permits, finance, healthcare, research, and performance.

Usage

```
soc_discover(
  attribution = NULL,
  categories = NULL,
  domain_category = NULL,
  domains = NULL,
  ids = NULL,
  names = NULL,
  only = "dataset",
  provenance = NULL,
  query = NULL,
  tags = NULL,
  domain_tags = NULL,
  location = "us",
  limit = 10000
)
```

Arguments

attribution	string; Filter by the attribution or publisher
categories	character vector; Filter by categories.
domain_category	string; Filter by domain category (requires a specified domain).
domains	character vector; Filter to domains.
ids	character vector; Filter by an asset IDs.
names	character vector; Filter by asset names.
only	character vector; Filter to specific asset types. Must be one or more of: "chart", "dataset", "filter", "link", "map", "measure", "story", "system_dataset", "visualization". Default is "dataset".
provenance	string; Filter by provenance: "official" or "community".
query	character string; Filter using a a token matching one from an asset's name, description, category, tags, column names, column fieldnames, column descriptions or attribution.

tags	character vector; Filter by tags associated with the assets.
domain_tags	string; Filter by domain tags associated with the assets (requires a specified domain).
location	string; Regional API domain: "us" (default) or "eu".
limit	whole number; Maximum number of results (cannot exceed 10,000).

Value

A tibble containing metadata for each discovered asset. Columns include:

id Asset identifier (four-by-four ID).

name Asset name.

attribution Attribution or publisher of the asset.

owner_name Display name of the asset owner.

provenance Provenance of asset (official or community).

description Textual description of the asset.

created Date asset was created.

data_last_updated Date asset data was last updated

metadata_last_updated Date asset metadata was last updated

categories Category labels assigned to the asset.

tags Tags associated with the asset.

domain_category Category label assigned by the domain.

domain_tags Tags applied by the domain.

domain_metadata Metadata associated with the asset assigned by the domain.

column_names Names of asset columns.

column_labels Labels of asset columns.

column_datatypes Datatypes of asset columns.

column_descriptions Description of asset columns.

permalink Permanent URL where the asset can be accessed.

link Direct asset link.

license License associated with the asset.

See Also

<https://dev.socrata.com/docs/other/discovery>

Examples

```
# Search for crime-related datasets in the Public Safety category
results <- soc_discover(
  query = "crime",
  categories = "Public Safety",
  only = "dataset"
)
```

 soc_metadata

Extract Socrata Dataset Metadata

Description

Retrieves metadata attributes from a tibble returned by `soc_read()` or using the dataset url, including dataset-level information and column-level descriptions.

Usage

```
soc_metadata(dataset)
```

Arguments

`dataset` A tibble returned by `soc_read()` or a url.

Details

This function pulls out descriptive metadata such as the dataset's ID, title, attribution, category, creation and update timestamps, description, any domain-specific fields, and field descriptions defined by the data provider.

Value

An object of class `soc_meta`, which includes:

id Asset identifier (four-by-four ID).

name Asset name.

attribution Attribution or publisher of the asset.

owner_name Display name of the asset owner.

provenance Provenance of asset (official or community).

description Textual description of the asset.

created Date asset was created.

data_last_updated Date asset data was last updated

metadata_last_updated Date asset metadata was last updated

domain_category Category label assigned by the domain.

domain_tags Tags applied by the domain.

domain_metadata Metadata associated with the asset assigned by the domain.

columns A dataframe with the following columns:

column_name Names of asset columns.

column_label Labels of asset columns.

column_datatype Datatypes of asset columns.

column_description Description of asset columns.

permalink Permanent URL where the asset can be accessed.

link Direct asset link.

license License associated with the asset.

Examples

```
url <- "https://soda.demo.socrata.com/dataset/USGS-Earthquakes-2012-11-08/3wfw-mdbc/"
data <- soc_read(url, soc_query(limit = 1000L))
metadata <- soc_metadata(data)
print(metadata)

metadata <- soc_metadata(url)
print(metadata)
```

soc_query

Build a Socrata Query Object

Description

Constructs a structured representation of a Socrata Query Language (SOQL) query that can be used with Socrata API endpoints. This function does not execute the query; it creates an object that can be passed to request functions or printed for inspection.

Usage

```
soc_query(
  select = "*",
  where = NULL,
  group_by = NULL,
  having = NULL,
  order_by = NULL,
  limit = NULL
)
```

Arguments

select	string; Columns to retrieve.
where	string; Filter conditions.
group_by	string; Fields to group by.
having	string; Conditions to apply to grouped records.
order_by	string; Sort order.
limit	whole number; The maximum number of records to return.

Value

An object of class `soc_query`, which prints in a readable format and can be used to build query URLs.

See Also

Use this with a function that executes Socrata requests, e.g., `soc_read(url, query = soc_query(...))`

Examples

```

query <- soc_query(
  select = "region, avg(magnitude) as avg_magnitude, count(*) as count",
  group_by = "region",
  having = "count >= 5",
  order_by = "avg_magnitude DESC"
)
print(query)

earthquakes_by_region <- soc_read(
  "https://soda.demo.socrata.com/dataset/USGS-Earthquakes-2012-11-08/3wfw-mdbc/",
  query = query
)

```

`soc_read`*Read a Socrata Dataset into R*

Description

Downloads and parses a dataset from a Socrata open data portal URL, returning it as a tibble or sf object. Metadata is also returned as attributes on the returned object.

Usage

```

soc_read(
  url,
  query = soc_query(),
  alias = "label",
  page_size = 10000,
  include_synthetic_cols = TRUE,
  api_key_id = NULL,
  api_key_secret = NULL
)

```

Arguments

<code>url</code>	string; URL of the Socrata dataset.
<code>query</code>	string or <code>soc_query()</code> ; Query parameters specification
<code>alias</code>	string; Use of field alias values. There are three options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "label": field alias values are assigned as a label attribute for each field. • "replace": field alias values replace existing column names. • "drop": field alias values replace existing column names.
<code>page_size</code>	whole number; Maximum number of rows returned per request.

include_synthetic_cols	logical; Should synthetic columns be included?
api_key_id	string; API key ID to authenticate requests. (Can also be stored as "soc_api_key_id" environment variable)
api_key_secret	string; API key secret to authenticate requests. (Can also be stored as "soc_api_key_secret" environment variable)

Value

A tibble with additional attributes containing dataset metadata. If the dataset contains a single non-nested geospatial field, it will be returned as an sf object.

The returned object has the following attributes:

id Asset identifier (four-by-four ID).

name Asset name.

attribution Attribution or publisher of the asset.

owner_name Display name of the asset owner.

provenance Provenance of asset (official or community).

description Textual description of the asset.

created Date asset was created.

data_last_updated Date asset data was last updated

metadata_last_updated Date asset metadata was last updated

domain_category Category label assigned by the domain.

domain_tags Tags applied by the domain.

domain_metadata Metadata associated with the asset assigned by the domain.

columns A dataframe with the following columns:

column_name Names of asset columns.

column_label Labels of asset columns.

column_datatype Datatypes of asset columns.

column_description Description of asset columns.

permalink Permanent URL where the asset can be accessed.

link Direct asset link.

license License associated with the asset.

Examples

```
soc_read(
  "https://soda.demo.socrata.com/dataset/USGS-Earthquakes-2012-11-08/3wfw-mdbc/"
)
```

```
soc_read(
  "https://soda.demo.socrata.com/dataset/USGS-Earthquakes-2012-11-08/3wfw-mdbc/",
  soc_query(
    select = "region, avg(magnitude) as avg_magnitude, count(*) as count",
```

```
    group_by = "region",  
    having = "count >= 5",  
    order_by = "avg_magnitude DESC"  
  )  
)
```

Index

`soc_discover`, [2](#)
`soc_metadata`, [4](#)
`soc_query`, [5](#)
`soc_read`, [6](#)