

Package ‘term’

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Title Create, Manipulate and Query Parameter Terms

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Description Creates, manipulates, queries and repairs vectors of parameter terms. Parameter terms are the labels used to reference values in vectors, matrices and arrays. They represent the names in coefficient tables and the column names in 'mcmc' and 'mcmc.list' objects.

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Contents

as_term	3
as_term_rcrd	4
chk_term	5
complete_terms	6
consistent_term	7
dims.term	7
dims.term_rcrd	8
is_incomplete_terms	9
is_inconsistent_terms	9
is_term	10
is_term_rcrd	11
NA_term_	11
NA_term_rcrd_	12
new_term	12
new_term_rcrd	13
normalize_terms	14
npars.term	14
npdims.term	15
nterms.default	16
nterms.term	16
nterms.term_rcrd	17
pars.character	18
pars.default	18
pars.term	19
pars.term_rcrd	20
pars_terms	21
pdims.term	22
pdims.term_rcrd	22
repair_terms	23
scalar_term	24
set_pars.term	24
subset.term	25
subset.term_rcrd	26
term	27
term_rcrd	28
tindex	29
valid_term	29
vld_term	30

Index

32

as_term *Coerce to a Term Vector*

Description

Coerces an R object to a [term-vector\(\)](#).

Usage

```
as_term(x, ...)
```

```
as.term(x, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'character'
```

```
as_term(x, repair = FALSE, normalize = repair, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'numeric'
```

```
as_term(x, name = "par", ...)
```

Arguments

x	The object.
...	These dots are for future extensions and must be empty.
repair	A flag specifying whether to repair terms.
normalize	A flag specifying whether to normalize terms.
name	A string specifying the name of the parameter.

Details

as.term has been **[Deprecated]** for as_term.

Methods (by class)

- as_term(character): Coerce character vector to term vector
- as_term(numeric): Coerce numeric object to term vector

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#) and [repair_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
as_term(matrix(1:4, 2))
as_term(c("parm3[10]", "parm3[2]", "parm[2,2]", "parm[1,1]"))
```

`as_term_rcrd`*Coerce to a Term Record*

Description

Coerces an R object to a `term_rcrd`.

Usage

```
as_term_rcrd(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'character'  
as_term_rcrd(x, repair = FALSE, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'numeric'  
as_term_rcrd(x, name = "par", ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'term'  
as_term_rcrd(x, repair = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	The object.
<code>...</code>	These dots are for future extensions and must be empty.
<code>repair</code>	A flag specifying whether to repair terms.
<code>name</code>	A string specifying the name of the parameter.

Methods (by class)

- `as_term_rcrd(character)`: Coerce character vector to `term_rcrd`
- `as_term_rcrd(numeric)`: Coerce numeric vector to `term_rcrd`
- `as_term_rcrd(term)`: Coerce term vector to `term_rcrd`

See Also

[as_term\(\)](#) and [repair_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
as_term(matrix(1:4, 2))  
as_term(c("parm3[10]", "parm3[2]", "parm[2,2]", "parm[1,1]"))
```

chk_term	<i>Check Term or Term Record</i>
----------	----------------------------------

Description

Checks if term using `vld_term()` or `vld_term_rcrd()`.

Usage

```
chk_term(x, validate = "complete", x_name = NULL)
```

```
chk_term_rcrd(x, validate = "complete", x_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	The object.
validate	A string specifying the level of the validation. The possible values in order of increasing strictness are 'class', 'valid', 'consistent' and 'complete'.
x_name	A string of the name of object x or NULL.

Value

NULL, invisibly. Called for the side effect of throwing an error if the condition is not met.

Functions

- `chk_term_rcrd()`: Check Term Record

Examples

```
# chk_term
x <- term("x[2]", "x[1]")
chk_term(x)
x <- c("x[2]", "x[1]")
try(chk_term(x, validate = "sorted"))

# chk_term_rcrd
x <- term_rcrd("x[2]", "x[1]")
chk_term_rcrd(x)
x <- c("x[2]", "x[1]")
try(chk_term_rcrd(x, validate = "sorted"))
```

`complete_terms`*Complete Terms*

Description

Completes an object's terms.

Usage

```
complete_terms(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'term'  
complete_terms(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'term_rcrd'  
complete_terms(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	The object.
<code>...</code>	These dots are for future extensions and must be empty.

Details

It must not have any invalid or missing (NA) values.

Methods (by class)

- `complete_terms(term)`: Complete Terms for a term Vector
- `complete_terms(term_rcrd)`: Complete Terms for a term_rcrd vector

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#), [repair_terms\(\)](#) and [is_incomplete_terms\(\)](#).

Examples

```
complete_terms(term("b[3]", "b[1]", "b[2]"))  
complete_terms(term("z[2,2]", "z[1,1]"))  
## Not run:  
complete_terms(term_rcrd("b[3]", "b[1]", "b[2]"))  
complete_terms(term_rcrd("z[2,2]", "z[1,1]"))  
  
## End(Not run)
```

consistent_term	<i>Consistent Terms</i>
-----------------	-------------------------

Description

Test whether the number of dimensions of terms in the same parameter are consistent.

Usage

```
consistent_term(x)
```

Arguments

x The object.

Value

A logical vector indicating whether the number of dimensions is consistent.

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#) and [npdims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
consistent_term(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[3]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]"))
consistent_term(term("alpha[1]", NA_term_, "beta[1,1]", "beta[2]"))
```

dims.term	<i>Dimensions</i>
-----------	-------------------

Description

Gets the dimensions of an object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term'
dims(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object.
... Other arguments passed to methods.

Details

Unlike `base::dim()`, `dims` returns the length of an atomic vector.

Value

An integer vector of the dimensions.

See Also

[base::dim\(\)](#)

Other dimensions: [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#), [pdims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
dims(term("beta[1,1]"))
dims(term("beta[1,1]", "beta[1,2]"))
```

`dims.term_rcrd`

Dimensions

Description

Gets the dimensions of an object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term_rcrd'
dims(x, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` An object.
`...` Other arguments passed to methods.

Details

Unlike `base::dim()`, `dims` returns the length of an atomic vector.

Value

An integer vector of the dimensions.

See Also

[base::dim\(\)](#)

Other dimensions: [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#), [pdims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
dims(term_rcrd("beta[1,1]"))  
dims(term_rcrd("beta[1,1]", "beta[1,2]"))
```

is_incomplete_terms *Is Incomplete Terms*

Description

Tests whether a term vector has absent elements. The vector should not require repairing.

Usage

```
is_incomplete_terms(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x The object.
... These dots are for future extensions and must be empty.

Value

A logical scalar indicating whether the object's terms are incomplete.

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#) and [complete_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
is_incomplete_terms(term("b[2]"))  
is_incomplete_terms(term("b[2]", "b[1]"))  
is_incomplete_terms(term("b[2]", "b[1]", "b[1]"))
```

is_inconsistent_terms *Is Inconsistent Terms*

Description

Tests whether a term vector has inconsistent elements. Returns TRUE if includes missing or invalid terms.

Usage

```
is_inconsistent_terms(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x The object.
 ... These dots are for future extensions and must be empty.

Value

A logical scalar indicating whether the object's terms are inconsistent.

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#) and [consistent_term\(\)](#)

Examples

```
is_inconsistent_terms(term("b[2]"))
is_inconsistent_terms(term("b[2]", "b[1]"))
is_inconsistent_terms(term("b[2]", "b[1,1]"))
```

is_term

Is Term

Description

Tests whether an R object inherits from S3 class term.

Usage

```
is_term(x)
```

Arguments

x The object.

Details

It does not test the validity of consistency of the term elements.

Value

A flag indicating whether the test was positive.

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#), [vld_term\(\)](#), [valid_term\(\)](#) and [consistent_term\(\)](#)

Examples

```
is_term(c("parameter[2]", "parameter[10]"))
is_term(term("parameter[2]", "parameter[10]"))
```

is_term_rcrd	<i>Is Term Record</i>
--------------	-----------------------

Description

Tests whether an R object inherits from S3 class term_rcrd.

Usage

```
is_term_rcrd(x)
```

Arguments

x The object.

Details

It does not test the validity of consistency of the term elements.

Value

A flag indicating whether the test was positive.

See Also

[valid_term\(\)](#) and [consistent_term\(\)](#)

Examples

```
is_term_rcrd(new_term_rcrd())
```

NA_term_	<i>Missing Term</i>
----------	---------------------

Description

A missing term element.

Usage

```
NA_term_
```

Format

An object of class term (inherits from vctrs_vctr) of length 1.

See Also[term-vector\(\)](#)**Examples**

```
is_term(NA_term_)
is.na(NA_term_)
```

NA_term_rcrd_	<i>Missing Term</i>
---------------	---------------------

Description

A missing term element of term_rcrd type.

Usage

```
NA_term_rcrd_
```

Format

An object of class term_rcrd (inherits from vctrs_rcrd, vctrs_vctr) of length 1.

See Also[term-vector\(\)](#)**Examples**

```
is_term_rcrd(NA_term_)
is.na(NA_term_)
```

new_term	<i>Construct a New Term Object</i>
----------	------------------------------------

Description

Use this function to quickly construct a [term](#) object from a character vector, without checking the input. Use [term\(\)](#) to repair the input.

Usage

```
new_term(x = character())
```

Arguments

x A character vector.

See Also[new_term_rcrd\(\)](#)**Examples**

```
new_term()
new_term(c("a", "b[1]", "b[2]"))

# Terms are not checked for validity:
new_term("r[")
repair_terms(new_term("r["))
```

`new_term_rcrd`*Construct a New Term Record Object*

Description

Use this function to quickly construct a `term_rcrd` object.

Usage

```
new_term_rcrd(
  x = data.frame(par = character(), dim = I(list())), stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

`x` A data frame with columns `par` and `dim`.

See Also[new_term\(\)](#)**Examples**

```
new_term_rcrd()
## Not run:
new_term_rcrd(data.frame(
  par = c("x", "x", "y"), dim = I(list(1, 2, c(2, 2))),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
))

## End(Not run)
```

normalize_terms *Normalize Terms*

Description

Normalizes a term vector.

Usage

```
normalize_terms(x)
```

Arguments

x The object.

Details

If a parameter such as b is a scalar then b[1] is replaced by b but if higher indices are included such as b[2] then b is replaced by b[1].

Value

The normalized term vector.

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#) and [repair_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
normalize_terms(new_term(c("b", "b[3]")))
normalize_terms(new_term(c("b[1]", "a[3]")))
```

npars.term *Number of Parameters*

Description

Gets the number of parameters of an object.

The default methods returns the length of [pars\(\)](#) if none are NA, otherwise it returns NA.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term'
npars(x, scalar = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object.
scalar	A flag specifying whether to by default return all parameters (NULL), or only scalar parameters (TRUE) or only non-scalar parameters (FALSE).
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

An integer scalar of the number of parameters.

See Also

[pars\(\)](#)

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [niters\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

Other parameters: [pars\(\)](#), [set_pars\(\)](#)

Examples

```
npars(term("sigma", "alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]"))
```

npdims.term

Number of Dimensions of Each Parameter

Description

Gets the number of the dimensions of each parameter of an object.

The default methods returns the length of each element of [pdims\(\)](#) as an integer vector.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term'
npdims(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

A named integer vector of the number of dimensions of each parameter.

See Also

Other dimensions: [dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [pdims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
npdims(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[3]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]"))
```

nterms.default	<i>Number of Terms</i>
----------------	------------------------

Description

Gets the number of terms of an object.

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
nterms(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

A integer scalar of the number of terms.

See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [niters\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
nterms(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]"))
nterms(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[1]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[1,1]"))
```

nterms.term	<i>Number of Terms of a Term</i>
-------------	----------------------------------

Description

Gets the number of terms of an MCMC object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term'
nterms(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object.
 ... Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

A integer scalar of the number of terms.

See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [niters\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
nterms(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]"))
nterms(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[1]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[1,1]"))
```

<code>nterms.term_rcrd</code>	<i>Number of Terms of a Term Record</i>
-------------------------------	---

Description

Gets the number of terms of an MCMC object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term_rcrd'
nterms(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object.
 ... Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

A integer scalar of the number of terms.

See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [niters\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
nterms(as_term_rcrd(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]")))
nterms(as_term_rcrd(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[1]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[1,1]")))

```

pars.character *Parameter Names*

Description

Gets the parameter names.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'character'
pars(x, scalar = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object.
scalar	A flag specifying whether to by default return all parameters (NULL), or only scalar parameters (TRUE) or only non-scalar parameters (FALSE).
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

A character vector of the names of the parameters.

See Also

[universals::pars](#)

Other parameters: [pars.default\(\)](#), [pars.term\(\)](#), [pars.term_rcrd\(\)](#), [pars_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pars(c("a", "b[1]", "a[3]"))
```

pars.default *Parameter Names*

Description

Gets the parameter names.

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
pars(x, scalar = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object.
scalar	A flag specifying whether to by default return all parameters (NULL), or only scalar parameters (TRUE) or only non-scalar parameters (FALSE).
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

A character vector of the names of the parameters.

See Also

[universals::pars](#)

Other parameters: [pars.character\(\)](#), [pars.term\(\)](#), [pars.term_rcrd\(\)](#), [pars_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pars(matrix(1:4, nrow = 2))
```

pars.term

Parameter Names

Description

Gets the parameter names.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term'
pars(x, scalar = NULL, terms = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object.
scalar	A flag specifying whether to by default return all parameters (NULL), or only scalar parameters (TRUE) or only non-scalar parameters (FALSE).
terms	A flag specifying whether to return the parameter name for each term element.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

A character vector of the names of the parameters.

See Also

[universals::pars](#)

Other parameters: [pars.character\(\)](#), [pars.default\(\)](#), [pars.term_rcrd\(\)](#), [pars_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
term <- term(
  "alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]",
  "beta[1,2]", "beta[2,2]", "sigma", NA
)
pars(term)
pars(term, scalar = TRUE)
pars(term, scalar = FALSE)
```

pars.term_rcrd	<i>Parameter Names</i>
----------------	------------------------

Description

Gets the parameter names.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term_rcrd'
pars(x, scalar = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object.
scalar	A flag specifying whether to by default return all parameters (NULL), or only scalar parameters (TRUE) or only non-scalar parameters (FALSE).
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

Value

A character vector of the names of the parameters.

See Also

[universals::pars](#)

Other parameters: [pars.character\(\)](#), [pars.default\(\)](#), [pars.term\(\)](#), [pars_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
term <- term(
  "alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]",
  "beta[1,2]", "beta[2,2]", "sigma", NA
)
pars(term)
pars(term, scalar = TRUE)
pars(term, scalar = FALSE)
```

pars_terms	<i>Term Parameters</i>
------------	------------------------

Description

Gets the name of each parameter for each term.

Usage

```
pars_terms(x, scalar = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A term vector.
scalar	A flag specifying whether to by default return all parameters (NULL), or only scalar parameters (TRUE) or only non-scalar parameters (FALSE).
...	These dots are for future extensions and must be empty.

Details

The scalar argument is **[Deprecated]**.

Value

A character vector of the term parameter names.

See Also

Other parameters: [pars.character\(\)](#), [pars.default\(\)](#), [pars.term\(\)](#), [pars.term_rcrd\(\)](#)

Examples

```
term <- term(  
  "alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]",  
  "beta[1,2]", "beta[2,2]", "sigma", NA  
)  
pars_terms(term)
```

pdims.term

Parameter Dimensions

Description

Gets the dimensions of each parameter of an object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term'
pdims(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object.
 ... Other arguments passed to methods.

Details

Errors if the parameter dimensions are invalid or inconsistent.

A named list of the dimensions of each parameter can be converted into the equivalent [term-vector\(\)](#) using [term\(\)](#).

Value

A named list of integer vectors of the dimensions of each parameter.

See Also

Other dimensions: [dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pdims(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[3]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]"))
```

pdims.term_rcrd

Parameter Dimensions

Description

Gets the dimensions of each parameter of an object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term_rcrd'
pdims(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object.
... Other arguments passed to methods.

Details

Errors if the parameter dimensions are inconsistent.

Value

A named list of integer vectors of the dimensions of each parameter.

See Also

Other dimensions: [dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pdims(as_term_rcrd(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[3]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]")))
```

repair_terms

Repair Terms

Description

Repairs a terms vector.

Usage

```
repair_terms(x, normalize = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x The object.
normalize A flag specifying whether to normalize terms.

Details

Invalid elements are replaced by missing values and spaces removed.

Value

The repaired term vector.

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#), [valid_term\(\)](#) and [normalize_terms\(\)](#)

Examples

```
repair_terms(new_term(c("b[3]", "b")))
repair_terms(new_term(c("a[3]", "b[1]")))
repair_terms(new_term(c("a [3]", " b [ 1 ] ")))
repair_terms(new_term(c("a", NA)))
```

scalar_term	<i>Scalar Term</i>
-------------	--------------------

Description

Test whether each term is a scalar.

Usage

```
scalar_term(x)
```

Arguments

x The object.

Value

A logical vector indicating whether the term is a scalar.

Examples

```
scalar_term(term("alpha[1]", "alpha[3]", "beta[1]", "sigma[3]"))
scalar_term(term("alpha[1]", NA_term_, "beta[1]", "beta[3]"))
```

set_pars.term	<i>Set Parameter Names</i>
---------------	----------------------------

Description

Sets an object's parameter names.

The assignment version `pars<-()` forwards to `set_pars()`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term'
set_pars(x, value, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object.
 value A character vector of the new parameter names.
 ... Other arguments passed to methods.

Details

value must be a unique character vector of the same length as the object's parameters.

Value

The modified object.

See Also

Other parameters: [npars\(\)](#), [pars\(\)](#)

Examples

```
term <- as_term(c("b[2]", "a[1]", "b[3,3]"))
set_pars(term, c("x", "y"))
```

subset.term	<i>Subset Term Vector</i>
-------------	---------------------------

Description

Subsets a term vector.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term'
subset(x, pars = NULL, select = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x The object.
 pars A character vector of parameter names.
 select A character vector of the names of the parameters to include in the subsetted object.
 ... These dots are for future extensions and must be empty.

Details

The select argument is **[Defunct]**.

Value

The modified term vector.

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#)

Examples

```
term <- term(
  "alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]",
  "beta[1,2]", "beta[2,2]", "sigma"
)
subset(term, "beta")
subset(term, c("alpha", "sigma"))
```

subset.term_rcrd

Subset Term Record

Description

Subsets a term_rcrd.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'term_rcrd'
subset(x, pars = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	The object.
pars	A character vector of parameter names.
...	These dots are for future extensions and must be empty.

Value

The modified term vector.

See Also

[term_rcrd_object\(\)](#)

Examples

```

term_rcrd <- term_rcrd(
  "alpha[1]", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2,1]",
  "beta[1,2]", "beta[2,2]", "sigma"
)
## Not run:
subset(term_rcrd, "beta")
subset(term_rcrd, c("alpha", "sigma"))

## End(Not run)

```

term

Create Term Vector

Description

Creates a term vector from values. A term vector is an S3 vector of parameter terms of the form p , $q[\#]$ or $r[\#, \#]$ where $\#$ are positive integers. This function checks that all terms are valid but does not require stronger levels of consistency, see `chk_valid()` for details.

Usage

```
term(...)
```

Arguments

... Unnamed values are term values, named values describe the parameter in the name and the dimensionality in the value.

Value

A term vector.

See Also

[dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#) and [pdims\(\)](#)

Other term: [term_rcrd\(\)](#), [tindex\(\)](#)

Examples

```

term()
term("p", "q[1]", "q[2]", "q[3]")
term("q[1]", "q[2]", "q[3]")
combined <- term(par = 2:4, "alpha")
pdims(combined)
term(!!!pdims(combined))

# Invalid terms are rejected:
try(term("r["))

```

```
# Valid terms are repaired
term("r [ 1 ,2 ]")
```

term_rcrd

Create Term Record

Description

Creates a term_rcrd from values. This function checks that all terms are valid but does not require stronger levels of consistency, see `chk_valid()` for details.

Usage

```
term_rcrd(...)
```

Arguments

... Unnamed values are term values, named values describe the parameter in the name and the dimensionality in the value.

Value

A term_rcrd vector.

See Also

[dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#) and [pdims\(\)](#)

Other term: [term\(\)](#), [tindex\(\)](#)

Examples

```
term_rcrd()
## Not run:
term_rcrd("p", "q[1]", "q[2]", "q[3]")
term_rcrd("q[1]", "q[2]", "q[3]")

## End(Not run)
```

tindex	<i>Term Index</i>
--------	-------------------

Description

Gets the index for each term of an term or term_rcrd object.

Usage

```
tindex(x)
```

Arguments

x The object.

Details

For example the index of beta[2,1] is c(2L, 1L) while the index for sigma is 1L. It is useful for extracting the values of individual terms.

Value

A named list of integer vectors of the index for each term.

See Also

[dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#) and [pdims\(\)](#)

Other term: [term\(\)](#), [term_rcrd\(\)](#)

Examples

```
tindex(term("alpha", "alpha[2]", "beta[1,1]", "beta[2 ,1 ]"))
```

valid_term	<i>Test Valid Terms</i>
------------	-------------------------

Description

Test whether each element in a term or term_rcrd object is valid.

Usage

```
valid_term(x)
```

Arguments

x The object.

Details

Repairing a term vector replaces invalid terms with missing values.

Value

A logical vector indicating whether each term is valid.

See Also

[term-vector\(\)](#) and [repair_terms\(\)](#)

Other valid: [vld_term\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# valid term elements
valid_term(term("a", "a [3]", " b [ 1 ] ", "c[1,300,10]"))
# invalid term elements
valid_term(new_term(c("a b", "a[1]b", "a[0]", "b[1,]", "c[]", "d[1][2]")))
```

vld_term

Validate Term or Term Record

Description

Validates the elements of a term or term_rcrd vector.

Usage

```
vld_term(x, validate = "complete")
```

```
vld_term_rcrd(x, validate = "complete")
```

Arguments

x	The object.
validate	A string specifying the level of the validation. The possible values in order of increasing strictness are 'class', 'valid', 'consistent' and 'complete'.

Details

Internal validity of a term can be checked on three levels:

- "valid" checks that all terms are of the form x, x[#], x[#, #] etc. where x is an identifier and # are positive integers.
- "consistent" checks that all terms are addressed with the same dimensionality; the terms x[1] and x[2, 3] are inconsistent.

- "complete" checks that the values span all possible values across all dimensions; if x[3,4] exist, the vector must contain at least 11 more terms to be consistent (x[1,1] to x[1,4], x[2,1] to x[2,4] and x[3,1] to x[3,3]).

Missing values are ignored as are duplicates and order.

Value

A flag indicating whether the condition was met.

Functions

- `vld_term_rcrd()`: Validate Term Record

See Also

[chk_term\(\)](#)

Other valid: [valid_term\(\)](#)

Other valid: [valid_term\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# vld_term
vld_term(c("x[2]", "x[1]"))
vld_term(term("x[2]", "x[1]"))

# vld_term_rcrd
vld_term_rcrd(c("x[2]", "x[1]"))
vld_term_rcrd(term_rcrd("x[2]", "x[1]"))
```

Index

- * **datasets**
 - NA_term_, 11
 - NA_term_rcrd_, 12
- * **parameters**
 - pars.character, 18
 - pars.default, 18
 - pars.term, 19
 - pars.term_rcrd, 20
 - pars_terms, 21
- * **term**
 - term, 27
 - term_rcrd, 28
 - tindex, 29
- * **valid**
 - valid_term, 29
 - vld_term, 30
- as.term(as_term), 3
- as_term, 3
- as_term(), 4
- as_term_rcrd, 4
- base::dim(), 8
- chk_term, 5
- chk_term(), 31
- chk_term_rcrd(chk_term), 5
- complete_terms, 6
- complete_terms(), 9
- consistent_term, 7
- consistent_term(), 10, 11
- dims, 15, 22, 23
- dims(), 27–29
- dims.term, 7
- dims.term_rcrd, 8
- is_incomplete_terms, 9
- is_incomplete_terms(), 6
- is_inconsistent_terms, 9
- is_term, 10
- is_term_rcrd, 11
- NA_term_, 11
- NA_term_rcrd_, 12
- nchains, 15–17
- ndims, 8, 15, 22, 23
- ndims(), 27–29
- new_term, 12
- new_term(), 13
- new_term_rcrd, 13
- new_term_rcrd(), 13
- niters, 15–17
- normalize_terms, 14
- normalize_terms(), 23
- npars, 16, 17, 25
- npars.term, 14
- npdims, 8, 22, 23
- npdims(), 7, 27–29
- npdims.term, 15
- nsams, 15–17
- nsims, 15–17
- nterms, 15
- nterms.default, 16
- nterms.term, 16
- nterms.term_rcrd, 17
- pars, 15, 25
- pars(), 14, 15
- pars.character, 18, 19–21
- pars.default, 18, 18, 19–21
- pars.term, 18, 19, 19, 20, 21
- pars.term_rcrd, 18, 19, 20, 21
- pars_terms, 18–20, 21
- pdims, 8, 15
- pdims(), 15, 27–29
- pdims.term, 22
- pdims.term_rcrd, 22
- repair_terms, 23
- repair_terms(), 3, 4, 6, 14, 30

scalar_term, 24
set_pars, 15
set_pars.term, 24
subset.term, 25
subset.term_rcrd, 26

term, 12, 27, 28, 29
term(), 12, 22
term-object (term), 27
term-vector (term), 27
term_object (term), 27
term_rcrd, 27, 28, 29
term_rcrd-object (term_rcrd), 28
term_rcrd_object (term_rcrd), 28
term_rcrd_object(), 26
term_vector (term), 27
tindex, 27, 28, 29

universals::pars, 18–20

valid_term, 29, 31
valid_term(), 10, 11, 23
vld_term, 30, 30
vld_term(), 5, 10
vld_term_rcrd (vld_term), 30
vld_term_rcrd(), 5